CAMDEN COUNTY COLLEGE WOLVERTON LIBRARY ENERGY ASSESSMENT

for

NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

CHA PROJECT NO. 24364

November 2012

Prepared by:



6 Campus Drive Parsippany, NJ 07054

(973) 538-2120

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 EX	ECUTIVE SUMMARY 1
2.0 IN	TRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND
3.0 EX	ISTING CONDITIONS
3.1	Building - General3
3.2	Utility Usage
3.3	HVAC Systems
3.4	Control Systems
3.5	Lighting/Electrical Systems6
3.6	Plumbing Systems6
4.0 EN	ERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES
4.1	ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boiler Addition8
4.2	ECM-2 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement8
4.3	ECM-3 Install Variable Frequency Drives, High Efficiency Motors9
4.4	ECM-4, HVAC Demand Control Ventilation10
4.5	ECM-5 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade/Re-commissioning11
4.6	ECM-6 Lighting Replacement Upgrades12
4.7	ECM-7 Lighting Controls Installation13
4.8	ECM-8 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls13
4.9	System Improvement Opportunities14
5.0 PR	OJECT INCENTIVES
5.1	Incentives Overview15
5.1	.1 New Jersey Pay For Performance Program15
5.1	.2 New Jersey Smart Start Program16
5.1	.3 Direct Install Program
5.1	.4 Energy Savings Improvement Plans (ESIP)16
6.0 AL	TERNATIVE ENERGY SCREENING EVALUATION
6.1	Solar
6.1	.1 Photovoltaic Rooftop Solar Power Generation17

6	.1.2	Solar Thermal Hot Water Plant	18
6.2	Dem	nand Response Curtailment	19
7.0 E	EPA PO	RTFOLIO MANAGER	20
8.0 C	CONCL	USIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS	22

APPENDICES

- A Utility Usage Analysis, Energy Suppliers List
- B Equipment Inventory
- C ECM Calculations
- D New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program
- E Energy Savings Improvement Plan Information (ESIP)
- F Solar Photovoltaic Analysis
- G EPA Portfolio Manager

REPORT DISCLAIMER

This audit was conducted in accordance with the standards developed by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) for a Level II audit. Cost and savings calculations for a given measure were estimated to within $\pm 20\%$, and are based on data obtained from the owner, data obtained during site observations, professional experience, historical data, and standard engineering practice. Cost data does not include soft costs such as engineering fees, legal fees, project management fees, financing, etc.

A thorough walkthrough of the facility was performed, which included gathering nameplate information and operating parameters for all accessible equipment and lighting systems. Unless otherwise stated, model, efficiency, and capacity information included in this report were collected directly from equipment nameplates and /or from documentation provided by the owner during the site visit. Typical operation and scheduling information was obtained from interviewing facility staff and spot measurements taken in the field.

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Camden County College recently engaged CHA to perform an energy audit in connection with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities' Local Government Energy Audit Program. This report details the results of the energy audit conducted for:

Building Name	Address	Square Feet	Construction Date
Camden County College Wolverton Library	200 College Drive Building 3 Blackwood, New Jersey	50,000	Original: 1973 Renovation: 2002

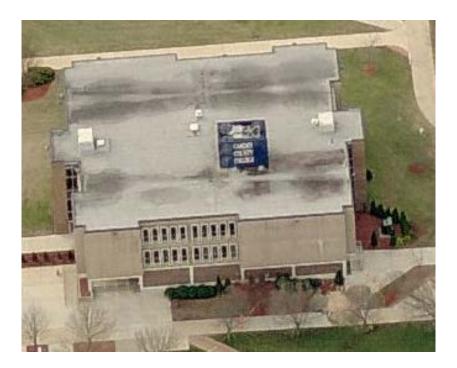
The Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) identified in this report will allow for a more efficient use of energy and if pursued have the opportunity to qualify for the New Jersey SmartStart Buildings Program. Potential annual savings of \$11,900 for the recommended ECMs may be realized with a payback of 8.8 years. A summary of the costs, savings, and paybacks for the recommended ECMs follows:

		Summary of I	Energy Conse	rvation Mea	sures		
Energy	y Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommended For Implementation
ECM- 1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	125,900	1,000	>20	3,000	>20	
2	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	138,100	8,400	16.4	0	16.4	
3	HVAC Install Variable Speed Drives, High Efficiency Motor	13,600	2,500	5.4	3,800	3.9	Х
4	HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation	12,100	2,800	4.3	0	4.3	Х
4	HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re- commissioning	25,000	2,100	11.9	0	11.9	Х
5	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	49,300	1,500	>20	6,500	>20	
6	Install Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	4,500	4,000	1.1	3,600	0.2	Х
7	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	53,900	4,500	12.0	7,300	10.4	Х

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

New Jersey's Clean Energy Program, funded by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, supports energy efficiency and sustainability for Municipal and Local Government Energy Audits. Through the support of a utility trust fund, New Jersey is able to assist state and local authorities in reducing energy consumption while increasing comfort.

Wolverton Library located on the Camden County College campus in Blackwood, NJ, is a 50,000 square foot three story building with a basement, and contains various student service offices, classrooms, typical library floors, reference stacks, internet access stations, student lounge, study areas/carrels/rooms, computer labs, administrative and faculty offices and support spaces. A HVAC make up air handling unit is located in a basement mechanical room; boilers and chiller are in a lower level mechanical room with a rooftop cooling tower. The original building was constructed in 1973, with a later renovation in 2002. The Connector building was constructed to the south of Madison Hall 2007; construction shown in photo below. Occupancy includes approximately XXX students and XXX faculty members. The building operates Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to approximately 8:00 pm. There is also some reduced occupancy on weekends, and occupancy levels are reduced in summer months between semesters for each school year.





3.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

3.1 Building - General

Originally built in 1973, Wolverton Library is a 50,000 square foot, three-story building with a basement which contains various student service offices, classrooms, typical library floors, reference stacks, internet access stations, student lounge, study areas/carrels/rooms, computer labs, administrative and faculty offices and support spaces. The 2002 renovation provided refurbished interiors and certain new HVAC equipment. A main entrance on the east side of the building, first floor opens into the first floor library circulation desk; an additional entrance is on the north side of the building.

Wolverton Library has approximately XXX students and XXX faculty and staff, and appears to be fully utilized during our field inspection. The building can be assumed to be fully occupied until 8:00 pm during the week, and by approximately one quarter of the occupants during the weekend. The hours of operation are:

- Monday thru Friday 8:00 am to 8:00 pm.
- Saturday, Sunday 8:00 pm to 8:00 pm.

The original building is constructed of structural steel framing with masonry walls and brick veneer on the first floor, and a pebble stone veneer exterior finish on the upper two stories. Insulation is incorporated into the wall assembly for an improved envelope, particularly during the 2002 renovation. The basement floor contains various student service offices (Audio/Visual Aids Office, Identification Card Office and Deaf and Hearing Impaired Students Program Offices), classrooms, a mechanical room and support spaces; the first floor contain library staff offices, main circulation/check-out desk area, reference stacks, internet access stations, a student lounge, study areas and support spaces. The second floor contains book shelving areas, study carrels, small group/study rooms and support spaces. The third floor has computer labs/instruction, a math lab, classrooms, offices and support spaces. The flat roof system is comprised of a structural steel framing with a metal deck having rigid foam board insulation. The rooftop has a light-colored asphalt rolled roofing system. Windows occur on all exposed sides of the building (~35% average on walls where used). Windows are original single pane windows with tint. The main entrance doors are glass with metal frames; the majority of the first floor has an overhang from the larger floor plate above. The building has exposed walls facing the north, south and west directions with a uniform height (refer to photo above). The three story building is approximately 30' in height. The basement floor has concrete slab-on-grade floor, and the remaining floors have a reinforced concrete decks between floors.

3.2 Utility Usage

Utilities include electricity, natural gas, and potable water. Electricity is delivered by Atlantic City Electric, and supplied by Hess. Natural gas is delivered by South Jersey Gas and supplied by Woodruff Energy. Potable water is provided by the municipally owned water department at a charge. See Appendix A for a detailed utility analysis.

The facility receives electricity from the main electric meter, which does not currently utilize any submetering. Electricity usage was determined as a percentage of total square footage of all the buildings contained on the meter. From June 2011 through April 2012, the electric usage for the building was approximately 480,353 kWh at a cost of about \$64,141. Review of electricity bills during this period showed that the electricity was charged at the following rates: supply unit consumption cost of \$0.119 per kWh; demand unit cost of \$5.94 per kW; and blended unit cost of \$0.131 per kWh. From June 2011 through April 2012, the facility had an estimated electricity demand of 170 kW

The facility receives natural gas from the main natural gas meter. Usage was determined as a percentage of the total square footage of all the buildings included on the meter. From July 2011 through May 2012, gas-fired equipment consumed about 9,300 therms of natural gas. Based on the annual cost of \$6,750, the blended price for natural gas was \$0.80 per therm. Natural gas consumption was highest in winter months for heating.

The delivery component of the electric and natural gas bills will always be the responsibility of the utility that connects the facility to the power grid or gas line; however, the supply can be purchased from a third party; as is currently the case with electricity and natural gas. The electricity or natural gas commodity supply entity will require submission of one to three years of past energy bills. Contract terms can vary among suppliers. According to the U.S. Energy Information Administration, the average commercial unit costs of electricity and natural gas in New Jersey during the same periods as those noted above was \$0.141 per kWh and \$0.959 per therm. The electrical supply rate charged by Hess for the 12 month period from June 2011 through April 2012 resulted in less cost to the library than having Atlantic City Electric for both supply and delivery (see table below). When compared to the average state values, it is recommended that the present natural gas be maintained and the present electricity supply rate charge be monitored and checked monthly.

	ACE Supply	Hess Supply
Month	Costs	Costs
	(For Comparison)	(Actual)
June-11	\$56,524	\$0.00
July-11	\$59,840	\$65,404.53
August-11	\$56,583	\$61,844.82
September-11	\$71,502	\$64,413.68
October-11	\$54,932	\$49,486.97
November-11	\$57,110	\$51,448.28
December-11	\$52,264	\$47,082.95
January-12	\$50,542	\$45,800.14
February-12	\$58,915	\$53,387.07
March-12	\$51,755	\$46,899.02
April-12	\$53,147	\$48,160.52
Total	\$623,112.69	\$533,927.98
Extra Savings of using Hess for Electric Supply	\$89,18	4.71

Main Meter Electric Supply Costs – Hess vs Atlantic City Electric

A list of approved electrical and natural gas energy commodity suppliers can be found in Appendix A.

3.3 HVAC Systems

The systems and equipment described below serve Wolverton Library. Specifics on the mechanical equipment can be found within the equipment inventory located in Appendix B.

3.3.1 Cooling Chilled Water System

One, Multistack water cooled packaged chiller with digital scroll compressors and factory control panel was installed in 2002, and is located in the ground floor mechanical room. The chilled water system operates from May until September, and the chiller is shut down during the fall and winter.

The chiller is piped to a primary loop pumping system with two 15.0 HP pumps that operate in lead-lag located in the ground floor mechanical room. The primary pumps are variable speed with high efficiency motors. Chilled water is provided to the makeup air handling unit and the fan coil units located throughout the building. Chilled water system piping and valves appear to be insulated.

3.3.2 Forced Draft Cooling Tower

A Baltimore Air Coil forced draft cooling tower is located on the building rooftop. The cooling tower was installed in 2002, and provides condenser water cooling for the building chiller. The cooling tower operates whenever the chiller is running to provide cooling for the building. Two 10.0 HP pumps operate in lead-lag and circulate water between the cooling tower and the chiller inside the mechanical room. The pumps are variable speed with high efficiency motors, and a three-way control valve mixing assembly. The cooling tower condition is good. It is recommended the cooling tower fill be cleaned on a regular maintenance schedule.

3.3.3 Heating Hot Water System

The building is heated with hot water supplied by two Weil McLain cast iron sectional, gas-fired boilers with factory gas burner and controls. The boilers were installed in 2005 and are located in the ground floor mechanical room. The hot water system operates from October until April, and the boiler is shut down during the summer. The boiler is piped to a primary loop pumping system with two 7.5 HP pumps that operate in lead-lag. The pumps are variable speed with high efficiency motors. Hot water is provided to the makeup air unit and fan coil units throughout the building. Hot water system piping and valves appear to be insulated.

3.3.4 Package Cooling and Heating Makeup Air Handling Unit

One 1973 chilled water cooling, hot water heating makeup air handling unit (AHU-2) is located in the ground floor mechanical room. The MAU contains chilled water cooling coil, a hot water heating coil, return, relief/exhaust, and outside air; the unit is ducted to provide makeup air to fan coil units located in the attic and above the spaces they serve on other floors.

3.3.5 Fan Coil Units with Chilled Water Cooling Coils and Hot Water Heating

All spaces and areas throughout the building are cooled and heated by approximately 72 horizontal ceiling mounted fan coil units (FCUs). Outside air is provided by the dedicated makeup air unit; chilled water coils provide cooling, and hot water coils provide heating. Fan coil units are controlled by individual wall mounted thermostats in each space.

3.3.6 Hot Water Unit Heaters

Two wall mounted cabinet hot water unit heaters provide heating to the ground floor mechanical room. Each unit heater is controlled by a dedicated space thermostat.

3.3.7 Exhaust Systems

Exhaust fans are used for restrooms and custodial closets throughout the building.

Exhaust system fans are integrated into the building automation system (BAS) and generally operate during building occupancy.

3.4 Control Systems

The building is controlled by a CM3 BAS. The system consists of DDC field devices and components. All and controls and field devices are integrated into a computerized front end operating the CM3 BAS software for equipment sequencing, scheduling, monitoring, and alarming. This includes the hot water system boilers/pumps, chilled water system chiller/pumps, RTUs, fan coil units and exhaust system fans. Smaller split systems operate stand alone and are not tied into the BAS.

Each fan coil unit has a wall mounted thermostat; setpoints in the building are 68°F heating and 74°F cooling during occupied times, and 55°F heating and 85°F cooling during unoccupied times. However, thermostats can be adjusted by occupants to override the central control system.

Buildings having the CM3 Digital Controls have programmed temperature set points; however, the occupants (staff) have the ability to adjust the space temperatures to suit their comfort which results in many areas being over cooled (and most likely over heated). The inconsistent occupancy schedules of the building does not allow for a normal unoccupied temperature set back of the buildings which results in increased energy usage.

3.5 Lighting/Electrical Systems

Since building construction, the facility has re-ballasted and re-lamped all fixtures. The facility primarily utilizes fixtures with T-8 32 watt bulbs, 42 watt compact fluorescent fixtures, and older style 60 watt incandescent bulbs are also used in select areas. The primary means of controlling the lights is by manual switches operated by the staff.

The exterior lighting consists of 400 watt metal halide fixtures and 250 watt metal halide fixtures. These light fixtures are mounted on the exterior walls of the building facility.

3.6 Plumbing Systems

3.6.1 Domestic Hot Water System

The boiler room contains one 150 gallon Lochinvar higher efficiency natural gas hot water condensing heater installed in 2005; this serves the entire library building. Hot water is provided to lavatories, janitor's closets, etc., and the majority of hot water piping appears to be insulated. Hot water demand is very low, and is mainly for the toilets. Domestic hot water temperature is maintained at 130°F, and chemical disinfection soap is provided at the toilet rooms.

3.6.2 Plumbing Fixtures

The majority of the school's original lavatories, water closets, and urinals have been replaced with low flow plumbing fixtures during renovations and do not require upgrades. Lavatories are 2.5 GPM with push type faucets, water closets are 1.6 GPF, and urinals are 1.0 GPF.

4.0 ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES

4.1 ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boiler Addition

Wolverton Library is heated with hot water supplied by two Weil McLain cast iron sectional gas-fired boilers from 2005. The boilers are non-condensing and have an estimated efficiency of 83%.

Due to the relatively low efficiency of the two existing boilers, an evaluation was performed for adding one high efficiency condensing boiler to operate as the primary boiler during the shoulder months (October-November and March-April) with the existing two boilers operating as secondary. The majority of the savings will be achieved during these months when the lower return water temperature enables the condensing boiler to achieve the highest efficiencies.

The boiler fuel consumption was calculated from the natural gas used annually for the shoulder months per utility bills and boiler efficiency. This was then compared to the efficiency of a new condensing boiler at the improved operating efficiency. The difference in fuel usage was the savings.

Natural gas-fired boilers have an expected life of 25 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 30,000 therms and \$24,000.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

LCM-1	in the e	onachoing	Doncisine	annon						
Budgetary		Annual Utilit	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
125,900	0	0	1,200	1,000	0	1,000	(0.8)	3,000	>20	>20

ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended.

4.2 ECM-2 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

One packaged chilled water cooling, hot water heating and ventilation AHU from 1973 provides dedicated makeup air for the library building. Replacing the makeup air unit with an energy recovery unit with supply fan and return fan variable speed drives, and a desiccant media energy recovery wheel was evaluated.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours, number of units, and capacities stay the same. The energy savings are a result of the reducing the energy (chilled water and hot water BTU/hr) required to precondition outside air by recovering energy from the building exhaust air via the desiccant wheel. For maximum effectiveness, the exhaust air stream will have to total 80% of the total ERU supply air CFM. The ECM also involves rerouting exhaust air ductwork from toilets, janitor's closets, etc. down to the lower level mechanical room. The exact extent of the exhaust duct risers is unknown, and therefore a lump sum was added to cover connecting duct risers in the core of the building.

Air handling units have an expected life of 20 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 1,126,000 kWh, 24,000 therms and \$167,200.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
138,100	56,300	0	1,200	8,400	0	8,400	0.2	0	16.4	16.4

ECM-2 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended. However, the existing unit should be replaced with and energy recovery unit such as that assessed in this ECM thru attrition when it fails.

4.3 ECM-3 Install Variable Frequency Drives, High Efficiency Motors

The cooling tower condensing water system is served by two 10.0 HP pump (CDP-1, CDP-2). The pumps are a constant volume pumps with a standard efficiency motors.

The cooling tower (CT-1) is a forced draft type with (1)7.5 HP and (1) 3.0 HP constant volume supply fan motors that provide air over the tower fill to accomplish the heat exchange. The 7.5 HP motor is already a premium efficiency motor and therefore does not need replacement; only the 3 HP motor will be assessed.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours and capacities of the 2002 cooling tower stays the same. The energy savings result from operating a higher efficiency cooling tower fan motors with speed control, and condenser water pump motors with flow control. The existing fan motors operate at a constant speed even though the building load does not require all of the cooling tower's capacity to maintain building loop water temperatures. By replacing the cooling tower fan motors, adding VFDs and inverter duty high efficiency motors, and reducing the flow (by slowing the motors down), significant electrical energy can be saved. Cooling tower condenser water temperature can be used to control cooling tower fan speed and condenser water pump flow for additional energy savings.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours, motor horsepower, and capacity stay the same. The energy savings are realized from operating higher efficiency motors and reducing power draw with the variable speed drives.

Motors and variable speed drives have an expected life of 20 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 374,000 kWh and \$49,200.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

-	ECM-3	Motors									
	Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
	Cost	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Maintenance Savings	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with incentive)
	\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
	13,600	18,700	0	0	2,500	0	2,500	2.6	3,800	5.4	3.9

HVAC Install Speed Frequency Drives, High Efficiency

This measure is recommended.

4.4 ECM-4, HVAC Demand Control Ventilation

One Packaged air handling unit (AHU-2) and many fan coil units serve cooling to the library. It is assumed the air handling unit provides the originally specified ventilation air flow. Reducing outside air during occupied time periods will reduce heating and cooling energy used during the occupied period. This can be accomplished using carbon dioxide sensors to monitor air quality. The quantity of ventilation will be based on maintaining an acceptable carbon dioxide (CO_2) level in the space as an indicator of indoor air quality. A limit of 1000 PPM of CO_2 is recommended in ASHRAE Standard 62-2010, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality. Sensors will be installed to measure the building air CO_2 concentration, and the control sequence of operation programmed into the BAS. During unoccupied periods the outside air dampers should be closed.

Equipment supply and outside airflows were obtained from existing design drawings where possible, or from vendors per serial/model numbers found in the field. For the analysis, estimated savings for demand control ventilation are based on reducing the outdoor air volume from 30% to 10%. The energy savings results from the difference in thermal energy and reduced fan horsepower electricity usage.

Temperature controls have an expected life of 18 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 121,700 kWh, 49,000 therms and \$55,200.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

	motun De	mana co	introl (ennution					
	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
				Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
6,090	0	2,450	2,800	0	2,800	3.1	0	4.3	4.3
	Electric	Annual Utilit Electric Electric kWh kW	Annual Utility Savings Electric Electric kWh kW	Annual Utility Savings Electric Electric kWh KW Therms	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total Savings kWh kW Therms \$ \$	Annual Utility Savings Estimated Total Maintenance Savings Electric Electric Nat Gas kWh kW Therms \$ \$	Annual Utility Savings Estimated Total Electric Electric Nat Gas Total kWh kW Therms \$	Annual Utility Savings Estimated Total Electric Electric Nat Gas Total kWh kW Therms \$	Annual Utility Savings Estimated Total Payback Electric Electric Nat Gas Total Savings ROI Incentive (without incentive) kWh kW Therms \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

ECM-4 HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

4.5 ECM-5 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade/Re-commissioning

The current BAS consists of an older CM3 BAS for monitoring and sequencing all HVAC systems and equipment. Due to the condition of the system and software, HVAC system sequencing, monitoring, and scheduling are limited. To reduce the energy used by HVAC systems, the BAS software should be upgrades and the system re-commissioned with current software and functionality, and complete re-commissioning, testing and balancing of all HVAC systems. This should be coordinated with a complete systems testing and balancing effort that must occur prior to system re-commissioning efforts.

The new BAS should be capable of enabling the facility operator to:

- Re-commission all existing CM3 controls and verify that the input/ output data is actually controlling the valves, dampers, sensors, etc. within the HVAC systems and spaces. This should be done in concert with air and water flow testing and balancing.
- Institute a set building occupancy schedule and set occupied/ unoccupied temperatures. After hours use of the buildings that require heating/cooling should be restricted to certain areas only. Limit ventilation to these same schedules (No outdoor air and no exhaust, except for special chemical/fume applications)
- Institute set occupied space temperatures of $68^{\circ}F 72^{\circ}F$ for heating and $74^{\circ}F 76^{\circ}F$ for cooling and prohibit staff adjustment of the thermostats. This will require some education of the staff members on the actual cost of the building energy consumption.
- Institute a set time of the year when heating is turned on and when cooling is turned on through the control system. Economizer cooling should be used for shoulder weather whenever possible.
- · Limit re-heat as much as possible. Institute discharge air reset, energy heat recovery and other strategies to reduce re-heat.

Additional benefits of this system are that it can provide useful trending information such as daily, monthly, and seasonal energy usage, and also provide alarm messages via the internet indicating that a piece of equipment needs repair or maintenance. The BAS should also allow the facility to monitor the energy consuming equipment in the building remotely in real-time, track the facility energy performance, and remotely adjust setpoints and schedules to optimize facility operation. Full color graphics and logical programming functions should also be provided.

The annual electrical and natural gas consumption is taken from the utility bills. Per the U.S. Energy Information Administration, the percent of a building's cooling and heating is 26% and 82%, respectively. Utilizing these numbers, the annual electrical and natural gas usage was found; based on project experience, retro-commissioning produces a 10% energy savings.

Commissioning can have an expected life of 10 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 114,000 kWh, 7,000 therms, and \$20,600. To continue to gain this annual saving, proper maintenance of equipment is required.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
25,000	11,400	0	700	2,100	0	2,100	(0.2)	0	11.9	11.9

ECM-5 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re-placement

This measure is recommended.

4.6 ECM-6 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

The building uses 2 foot 17 W T-8 fluorescent bulbs with electronic ballasts. A comprehensive fixture survey was conducted of the entire building. Each switch and circuit was identified, and the number of fixtures, locations, and existing wattage established (Appendix C).

The existing exterior lighting system for this building consists of two 250 watt and seven 400 watt metal halide wall pack fixtures. The exterior fixtures are utilized for building lighting during nighttime hours and are in operation from sun down until sun up. Alternative LED lighting solutions are available to replace these fixtures that will reduce the total wattage to 78 watts per fixture. It is suggested to replace the existing metal halide wall pack fixtures on a one for one basis with LED. The reduction in per fixture wattage will result in a reduced total exterior lighting connected wattage, therefore resulting in electrical energy savings. In addition to electrical energy savings, LED lights have a longer useful lifetime than the existing lighting fixtures, and will provide significant maintenance savings. However, maintenance savings were not calculated or included in the payback analysis below due to unknown labor rates and knowledge of existing required maintenance time.

Energy savings for this measure were calculated by applying the existing and proposed fixture wattages to estimated times of operation. The difference between energy requirements resulted in a total annual savings of 10,000 kWh with an annual electrical demand reduction of about 58 kW. Supporting calculations, including assumptions for lighting hours and annual energy usage for each fixture, are provided in Appendix C.

Lighting has an expected life of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 150,000 kWh and \$22,600.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized as follows:

Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
49,300	10,000	5	0	1,500	0	1,500	-0.5	6,500	>20	>20

ECM-6 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

This measure is not recommended.

4.7 ECM-7 Lighting Controls Installation

The current Wolverton Library lighting is controlled by manual switches. Lights are generally turned on in the morning and shut off at night by the staff. During occupied times, there are rooms that are not occupied, however the lights remain on. Adding occupancy controls to the individual rooms will automatically control the lights based on occupancy. The occupancy sensor can be wall mounted near the switch or placed at the ceiling for larger room coverage. All occupancy sensors are equipped with a manual override feature. These sensors are generally not recommended in public toilet rooms.

Lighting controls have an expected life of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 453,000 kWh and \$59,500.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

	Lighting	5 Control	is motuna		ccupancy bens	JI 5)				
Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost		I			Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
4,500	30,200	0	0	4,000	0	4,000	12.1	3,600	1.1	0.2

ECM-7 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended in lieu of ECM-8.

4.8 ECM-8 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls

Due to interactive effects, the energy and cost savings for occupancy sensors and lighting upgrades are not cumulative. This measure is a combination of ECM-5 and ECM-6 to reflect actual expected energy and demand reduction.

The lighting retrofits and controls have an expected lifetime of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 531,000 kWh and \$67,800.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized as follows:

-	8	Signing Replacements with Eighting Controls (Occupancy Schools)									
Budgetary Cost	Annual Utility Savings				Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with	
	Electric	Electric Nat Gas		Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)	
\$	kWh	kW Therms \$		\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years	
53,900	35,400	0	0	4,500	0	4,500	0.3	7,300	12.0	10.4	

ECM-8 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

This measure is recommended.

4.9 System Improvement Opportunities

The following items can be implemented by the owner to provide additional energy savings:

• It is recommended that vending misers be added to all college owned vending machines. It is also recommended the school requests vendor owned machines be upgraded or removed if they are not high efficiency equipment.

5.0 **PROJECT INCENTIVES**

5.1 Incentives Overview

5.1.1 New Jersey Pay For Performance Program

The facility will be eligible for incentives from the New Jersey Office of Clean Energy. The most significant incentives are available from the New Jersey Pay for Performance (P4P) Program. The P4P program is designed for qualified energy conservation projects applied to facilities whose demand in any of the preceding 12 months exceeds 100 kW. This average minimum has been waived for buildings owned by local governments or municipalities and non-profit organizations, however. Facilities that meet this criterion must also achieve a minimum performance target of 15% energy reduction by using the EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool before and after implementation of the measure(s). If the participant is a municipal electric company customer, and a customer of a regulated gas New Jersey Utility, only gas measures will be eligible under the Program. Available incentives are as follows:

Incentive #1: Energy Reduction Plan – This incentive is designed to offset the cost of services associated with the development of the Energy Reduction Plan (ERP).

- Incentive Amount: \$0.10/SF
- Minimum incentive: \$5,000
- Maximum Incentive: \$50,000 or 50% of Facility annual energy cost

The standard incentive pays \$0.10 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$50,000, not to exceed 50% of facility annual energy cost, paid after approval of application. For building audits funded by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, which receive an initial 75% incentive toward performance of the energy audit, facilities are only eligible for an additional \$0.05 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$25,000, rather than the standard incentive noted above.

Incentive #2: Installation of Recommended Measures – This incentive is based on projected energy savings as determined in Incentive #1 (Minimum 15% savings must be achieved), and is paid upon successful installation of recommended measures.

<u>Electric</u>

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved
- Gas
 - Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
 - For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
 - Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved

Incentive cap: 25% of total project cost

Incentive #3: Post-Construction Benchmarking Report – This incentive is paid after acceptance of a report proving energy savings over one year utilizing the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool.

<u>Electric</u>

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved

Gas

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved

If eligible, incentives #2 and #3 can be combined to yield additive savings.

Without existing sub meters in place, exact utility consumption for this building was unknown. Therefore, further analysis will need to take place before P4P incentives can be justified.

See Appendix D for calculations.

5.1.2 New Jersey Smart Start Program

For this program, specific incentives for energy conservation measures are calculated on an individual basis utilizing the 2011 New Jersey Smart Start incentive program. This program provides incentives dependent upon mechanical and electrical equipment. If applicable, incentives from this program are reflected in the ECM summaries and attached appendices.

If the complex qualifies and enters into the New Jersey Pay for Performance Program, all energy savings will be included in the total site energy reduction, and savings will be applied towards the Pay for Performance incentive. A project is not applicable for both New Jersey incentive programs.

5.1.3 Direct Install Program

The Direct Install Program targets small and medium sized facilities where the peak electrical demand does not exceed 150 kW in any of the previous 12 months. Buildings must be located in New Jersey and served by one of the state's public, regulated electric or natural gas utility companies. On a case-by-case basis, the program manager may accept a project for a customer that is within 10% of the 150 kW peak demand threshold.

Direct Install is funded through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program and is designed to provide capital for building energy upgrade projects to fast track implementation. The program will pay up to 70% of the costs for lighting, HVAC, motors, natural gas, refrigeration, and other equipment upgrades with higher efficiency alternatives. If a building is eligible for this funding, the Direct Install Program can significantly reduce the implementation cost of energy conservation projects.

The program pays 70% of each project cost up to \$75,000 per electrical utility account; total funding for each year is capped at \$250,000 per customer. Installations must be completed by a Direct Install participating contractor, a list of which can be found on the New Jersey Clean Energy Website at http://www.njcleanenergy.com. Contractors will coordinate with the applicant to arrange installation of recommended measures identified in a previous energy assessment, such as this document.

The facility is not eligible to receive funding from the Direct Install Program due to the monthly demand exceeding 150 kW.

5.1.4 Energy Savings Improvement Plans (ESIP)

The Energy Savings Improvement Program (ESIP) allows government agencies to make energy related improvements to their facilities and pay for the costs using the value of energy savings that result from the improvements. Under the recently enacted Chapter 4 of the Laws of 2009 (the law), the ESIP provides all

government agencies in New Jersey with a flexible tool to improve and reduce energy usage with minimal expenditure of new financial resources.

ESIP allows local units to use "energy savings obligations" to pay for the capital costs of energy improvements to their facilities. This can be done over a maximum term of 15 years. Energy savings obligations are not considered "new general obligation debt" of a local unit and do not count against debt limits or require voter approval. They may be issued as refunding bonds or leases. Savings generated from the installation of energy conservation measures pay the principal of and interest on the bonds; for that reason, the debt service created by the ESOs is not paid from the debt service fund, but is paid from the general fund.

For local governments interested in pursuing an ESIP, the first step is to perform an energy audit. Pursuing a Local Government Energy Audit through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program is a valuable first step to the ESIP approach. The "Local Finance Notice" outlines how local governments can develop and implement an ESIP for their facilities (see Appendix E). The ESIP can be prepared internally if the entity has qualified staff. If not, the ESIP must be implemented by an independent contractor and not by the energy savings company producing the Energy Reduction Plan.

The ESIP approach may not be appropriate for all energy conservation and energy efficiency improvements. Local units should carefully consider all alternatives to develop an approach that best meets their needs.

6.0 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SCREENING EVALUATION

6.1 Solar

6.1.1 Photovoltaic Rooftop Solar Power Generation

The facility was evaluated for the potential to install rooftop photovoltaic (PV) solar panels for power generation. Present technology incorporates the use of solar cell arrays that produce direct current (DC) electricity. This DC current is converted to alternating current (AC) with the use of an electrical device known as an inverter. The building's roof has sufficient room to install a large solar cell array. All rooftop areas have been replaced, and are in good condition. It is recommended to install a permanent PV array at this time.

The PVWATTS solar power generation model was utilized to calculate PV power generation. The closest city available in the model is Newark, New Jersey and a fixed tilt array type was utilized to calculate energy production. The PVWATT solar power generation model is provided in Appendix F.

Federal tax credits are also available for renewable energy projects up to 30% of installation cost. Since the facility is a non-profit organization, federal taxes are paid and this project is eligible for this incentive.

Installation of (PV) arrays in the state New Jersey will allow the owner to participate in the New Jersey solar renewable energy certificates program (SREC). This is a program that has been set up to allow entities with large amounts of environmentally unfriendly emissions to purchase credits from zero

emission (PV) solar-producers. One SREC credit is equivalent to 1000 kilowatt hours of PV electrical production; these credits can be traded for period of 15 years from the date of installation. The average SREC value per credit is estimated to be about \$120/ SREC per year based on current market data, and this number was utilized in the cash flow for this report.

The available roof area justifies the use of 80 kW PV solar array. The system costs for PV installations were derived from contractor budgetary pricing in the state of New Jersey for estimates of total cost of system installation. It should be noted that the cost of installation is currently about \$4.00 per watt or \$4,000 per kW of installed system. Other cost considerations will also need to be considered. PV panels have an approximate 20 year life span; however, the inverter device that converts DC electricity to AC has a life span of 10 to 12 years and will need to be replaced multiple times during the useful life of the PV system.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix F and summarized as follows:

Budgetary Cost	Annual Utility Savings				Total Savings	Federal Tax Credit *	New Jersey Renewable SREC**	Payback (without incentive)	Payback (with incentives)
	Electr	Electricity Natural Gas Tot		Total					
\$	kW	kWh	kWh Therms		\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$320,000	0.0	96,053	0	12,600	12,600	0	9,125	>25	14.7

Photovoltaic (PV) Rooftop Solar Power Generation – 80 kW System

* 30% federal tax credit

** Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) for 2012 is \$120/1000kwh

This measure is not recommended due to long payback time period.

6.1.2 Solar Thermal Hot Water Plant

Active solar thermal systems use solar collectors to gather the sun's energy to heat water, another fluid, or air. An absorber in the collector converts the sun's energy into heat. The heat is then transferred by circulating water, antifreeze, or sometimes air to another location for immediate use or storage for later utilization. Applications for active solar thermal energy include providing hot water, heating swimming pools, space heating, and preheating air in residential and commercial buildings.

A standard solar hot water system is typically composed of solar collectors, heat storage vessel, piping, circulators, and controls. Systems are typically integrated to work alongside a conventional heating system that provides heat when solar resources are not sufficient. The solar collectors are usually placed on the roof of the building, oriented south, and tilted around the site's latitude, to maximize the amount of radiation collected on a yearly basis.

Several options exist for using active solar thermal systems for space heating. The most common method involves using glazed collectors to heat a liquid held in a storage tank (similar to an active solar hot water system). The most practical system would transfer the heat from the panels to thermal storage tanks and transfer solar produced thermal energy to use for domestic hot water production. DHW is presently produced by gas-fired water heaters and, therefore, this measure would offer natural gas utility savings.

Currently, an incentive is not available for installation of thermal solar systems; a Federal tax credit of 30% of installation cost for the thermal applications is available.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix F and summarized as follows:

Budgetary Cost	Annu	al Utility S	Savings		Total Savings	Federal Tax Credit *	Payback (without incentive)	Payback (with incentives)
	Elect	icity Gas		Total				
\$	kW	kWh	Therms	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$15,000	0.0	4,400	0	\$580	\$580	4,500	>25	18.1

Solar Thermal Hot	Water Plant
-------------------	-------------

* 30% federal tax credit

This is not recommended since the facility is not occupied year-round and domestic hot water demand is not excessive.

6.2 Demand Response Curtailment

Presently, electricity is delivered by South Jersey Energy Company, which receives the electricity from regional power grid RFC. South Jersey Energy Company is a regional transmission organization (RTO) that coordinates the movement of wholesale electricity in all or parts of 13 states and the District of Columbia including the State of New Jersey.

Utility Curtailment is an agreement with the utility provider's regional transmission organization and an approved Curtailment Service Provider (CSP) to shed electrical load by either turning major equipment off or energizing all or part of a facility utilizing an emergency generator; therefore, reducing the electrical demand on the utility grid. This program is to benefit the utility company during high demand periods and utility provider offers incentives to the CSP to participate in this program. Enrolling in the program will require program participants to drop electrical load or turn on emergency generators during high electrical demand conditions or during emergencies. Part of the program also will require that program participants reduce their required load or run emergency generators with notice to test the system.

A pre-approved CSP will require a minimum of 100 kW of load reduction to participate in any curtailment program. From June 2011 through April 2012, the Wolverton had an estimated electricity demand of 170 kW.

This measure is not recommended because the building does not have back up/emergency generator power.

7.0 EPA PORTFOLIO MANAGER

The EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool was used to assess the building's energy performance. Portfolio Manager provides a Site and Source Energy Use Intensity (EUI), as well as an Energy Star performance rating for qualifying building types. The EUIs are provided in kBtu/ft²/year, and the performance rating represents how energy efficient a building is on a scale of 1 to 100, with 100 being the most efficient. In order for a building to receive and Energy Star label, the energy benchmark rating must be at least 75. As energy use decreases from implementation of the proposed ECMs, the Energy Star rating will increase.

The Site EUI is the amount of heat and electricity consumed by a building as reflected in utility bills. Site energy may be delivered to a facility in the form of primary energy, which is raw fuel burned to create heat or electricity (such as natural gas or oil), or as secondary energy, which is the product created from a raw fuel (such as electricity or district steam). Site EUI is a measure of a building's annual energy utilization per square foot. Site EUI is a good measure of a building's energy use and is utilized regularly for comparison of energy performance for similar building types.

Site Energy Intensity = <u>(Electric Usage in kBtu + Natural Gas in kBtu)</u> Building Square Footage

To provide an equitable comparison for different buildings with varying proportions of primary and secondary energy consumption, the Portfolio Manager uses the convention of Source EUIs. The source energy also accounts for all losses incurred in production, storage, transmission, and delivery of energy to the site; which provides an equivalent measure for various types of buildings with different energy sources.

Source Energy Intensity = (Electric Usage in kBtu X Site/Source Ratio + Natural Gas in kBtu X Site/Source Ratio) Building Square Footage

Energy Intensity	Camden County College Wolverton Library	National Average
EPA Score	N/A	N/A
Site (kBtu/sf/year)	82	92
Source (kBtu/sf/year)	228	246

The EPA Score, Site EUI, and Source EUI for the Community Center Building are as follows:

The Wolverton Library does not qualify for performance benchmarking in Portfolio Manager because the program does not currently support college campuses. However it is expected to begin benchmarking these buildings in the near future. It is suggested that the client check for updates in the future to see if any of their buildings qualify for an Energy Star label. For the building to qualify for the Energy Star label the EPA score is required to be above 75. There are several energy conservation measures recommended in this report, that if implemented will further reduce the energy use intensity and increase the EPA score of the facility.

The Portfolio Manager account can be accessed by entering the username and password shown below at the login screen of the Portfolio Manager website (<u>https://www.energystar.gov/istar/pmpam/</u>).

A full EPA Energy Star Portfolio Manager Report is located in Appendix G.

The user name () and password (for the building's EPA Portfolio Manager Account have been provided to Ed Carney, Director of Public Safety for the Camden County College.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

	Summary of Energy Conservation Measures								
Energy	Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommended For Implementation		
ECM- 3	HVAC Install Variable Speed Drives, High Efficiency Motor	13,600	2,500	5.4	3,800	3.9	Х		
4	HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation	12,100	2,800	4.3	0	4.3	Х		
4	HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re- commissioning	25,000	2,100	11.9	0	11.9	Х		
7	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	53,900	4,500	12.0	7,300	10.4	Х		

APPENDIX A

Utility Usage Analysis, Energy Suppliers List

Main Electricity Meter Electricity Consumption (Excluding Central Power Plant)	
Central Power Plant Electricity Consumption (Cooling Season)	

Main Electric Meter Demand

Main Electric Meter Cost \$

4,626,006 kWh 1,161,896 1,632.96 kW 760,716

				Main or Dedicated Meter	El	ectric Cost	~Electric Consumption	~Electric Demand	Ble	nded Rate	Con	sumption Rate	Dem	nand Rate	Gas Meter	Gas	s Cost	Gas Consumption	n Ga	s Rate
Building Name	sq. ft		% of Total Area			(\$)	(kWh)	(kW)		(\$/kWh)		(\$/kWh)		(\$/kW)	Number		(\$)	Therm	\$	/Therm
Child Care	. 4	1,649	-	D	\$	1,806	14,235	1	\$	0.127	\$	0.121	\$	8.60	310674	1\$	901.78	1,442.3	8\$	0.80
CIM	63	3,869	-	D	\$	165,543	1,443,300	360	\$	0.115	\$	0.100	\$	6.01	497191	\$	16,056.35	19,436.9	8 \$	0.80
Community Center	56	6,612	11.9%	M	\$	73,678	551,776	195	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	431186	5\$	2,687.79	3,240.6	4 \$	0.80
Connector Building	31	1,748	6.7%	M	\$	41,319	309,436	109	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94		\$	2,180.98	2,729.2	5 \$	0.80
Criminal Justice Center	13	3,702	2.9%	M	\$	17,833	133,548	47	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	180372	2 \$	941.28	1,177.9	1 \$	0.80
Helene Fuld	36	5,000	7.6%	M	\$	46,853	350,879	124	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	341687	7 \$	2,473.08	3,094.7	8 \$	0.80
Jefferson Hall	g	9,495	2.0%	M	\$	12,357	92,544	33	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	4393670)\$	2,752.49	3,868.5	8 \$	0.80
Laser Building	g	9,991	2.1%	M	\$	13,003	97,379	34	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	199278	3 \$	686.35	858.8	9 \$	0.80
Lincoln Hall		,504	8.7%	M	\$	54,016	404,524	143	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	514828		6,161.23	9,560.7		0.80
Madison Hall),508	10.6%	M	\$	65,734	492,283	174	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	453525	5 \$	3,469.73	4,341.9		0.80
Papiano Gym		0,000	8.4%	M	\$	52,058	389,865	138	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	180448	3 \$	21,522.08	58,276.1		0.80
Taft Hall		2,387	8.9%		\$	207,875	994,078	146		0.131		0.119		5.94	461792		4,738.76			0.80
Truman Hall		2,990	7.0%		\$	195,646	902,489	114		0.131		0.119		5.94			17,416.69	47,343.3		0.80
Wolverton Library		9,284	10.4%	b M	\$	64,141	480,353	170		0.131		0.119		5.94	430957		6,752.35	9,307.2		0.80
Wilson Hall East),571	4.3%	M	\$	26,772	200,498	71		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	202	1111	11111	NŇ	\sum
Wilson Hall Center		3,292	1.7%		\$	10,792	80,819	29	\$	0.131		0.119		5.94	////	\mathbf{N}	171	MMM	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	$\langle X \rangle$
Wilson Hall West		6,857	3.6%		\$	21,939	164,299	58		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	\mathbf{X}	FIEC	NCHEAT	$\langle \mathcal{N} \rangle$	$\langle \rangle \rangle$
Roosevelt Hall		4,685	3.1%		\$	19,112	143,129	51		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	$\langle \rangle$	\mathcal{NN}	//////	\sim	$\langle \chi \chi'$
Central Power Plant		6,200	-	M	\$	152,710	1,161,896	-	\$	0.131		0.119		5.94			1.1.1.1.1		1.1	
Total sq. ft (Main Meter	r) 474	1,626	100.0%		\$	772,223	5,802,136	1,633.96	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	6.09		\$	88,741	178,713.2	3 \$	0.80

Electric Delivery

Supplier

Atlantic City Electric Hess

Gas

South Jersey Gas Woodruff Energy Delivery Supplier

Notes

Values calculated based on square footage of each building related to the total square footage of all buildings on the main electric meter
 Values calculated based on the average btu/sq. foot of each building
 Italics represent buildings that were not included in the scope of this project but use electricity off the main meter

E	Electric Usage Comparison							
Building	Lighting (kWh)	Total From Matrix						
Child Care	23,577	14,235						
CIM Building	N/A	N/A						
Community Center	149,864	551,776						
Connector Building	39,736	309,436						
Criminal Justice	33,600	133,548						
Helene Fuld	109,842	350,879						
Jefferson Hall	52,614	92,544						
Laser Building	34,977	97,379						
Lincoln Hall	179,383	404,524						
Madison Hall	119,776	492,283						
Papiano Gym	73,095	389,865						
Taft Hall	120,182	994,078						
Truman Hall	103,919	902,489						
Wolverton Library	134,640	480,353						

Gas Breakdowr	n Estimates Ba	sed on Max A	nnual Therm Us	sage	
s	Btu/sq ft	Est. Btu/sq ft	Est. Therms	Est. Cost	
Child Care	4,649	10,056			
CIM	63,869	10,226			
Community Center	56,612	741			
Connector Building	31,748		8,597	2,729.25	\$2,180.98
Criminal Justice Center	13,702		8,597	1,177.91	\$ 941.28
Helene Fuld	36,000		8,597	3,094.78	\$2,473.08
Jefferson Hall	9,495	9,911			
Laser Building	9,991		8,597	858.89	\$ 686.35
Lincoln Hall	41,504	6,572			
Madison Hall	50,508		8,597	4,341.98	\$3,469.73
Papiano Gym	40,000	15,426			
Taft Hall	42,387	4,942			
Truman Hall	32,990	15,426			
Wolverton Library	49,284	4,069			
a	avg btu/sq ft	8,597			

Main Boiler Plant Electricity Usage (Cooling Season)

0.131 \$/kWh Electric Rate \$

Cooling Equipment Runtime	Comments
6 Months/Year 30 Days (avg)/Month 24 hrs/day	
	Estimated run hours as 1/4 of total hours between May-October

<u>Chiller</u>	Comments
412 Tons	
1.5 COP (kW/Ton)	Based off an estimated 8 EER
618 kW	
927,000 kWh	
\$ 121,838 Cost/year	

Chilled Water Pumps	Comments
3 # of Pumps	
50 HP	
112 kW	Calculated using 1 kW = 0.7457 HP
167,783 kWh	
\$ 22,052 Cost/year	

Cooling Towers	Comments
4 # of Motors	
15 HP of Motors	
45 kW	
67,113 kWh	
\$ 8,821 Cost/yr	

Notes 1. Calculated Values

Cooling System Annual Electric Usage Annual Cost 1,161,896 \$ 152,710 kWh

	~Electrical	
Building Name	Consumption	Cost
Building		\$ -
Taft Hall	580,947.75	\$ 76,355
Truman Hall	580,947.75	\$ 76,355

Camden County Community College 302 College Drive, Blackwood, NJ 08012

Electric ServiceDelivery -ACESupplier -Hess

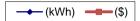
For Service at:	Blackwood Campus
Account No.:	050767599934

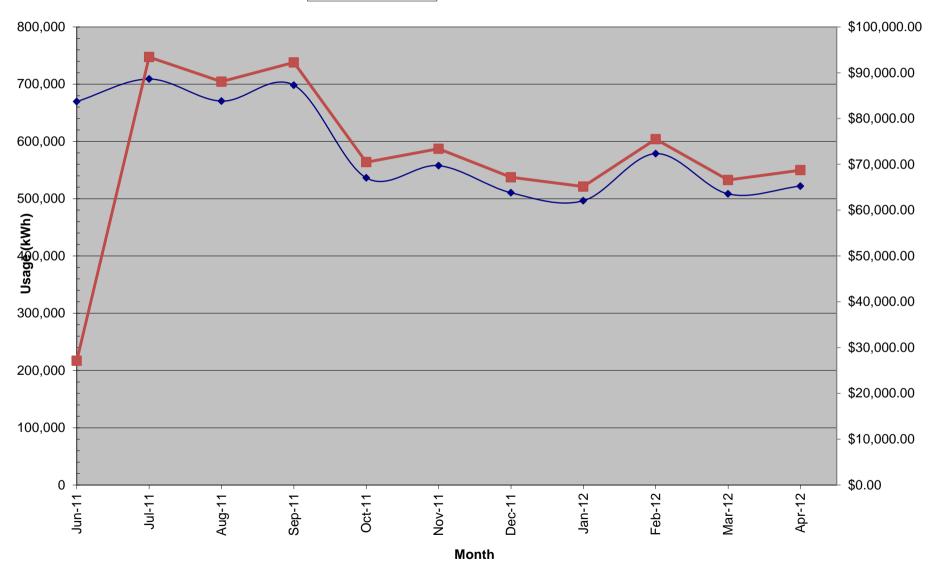
Meter No.:

83431473

				Charges		Unit Costs							
	Consumption	Demand	Total	Delivery	Supply	Blend	lended Rate		sumption	De	mand		
Month	n (kWh) (kW)		(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$	/kWh)	(\$	/kWh)	(\$/	/kW)		
June-11	669,721	1,560.96	\$27,133.38	\$ 27,133.38		\$	0.041	\$	0.027	\$	5.61		
July-11	709,000	1,632.96	\$93,414.28	\$28,009.75	\$65,404.53	\$	0.132	\$	0.119	\$	5.36		
August-11	670,412	1,539.36	\$88,047.34	\$26,202.52	\$61,844.82	\$	0.131	\$	0.120	\$	5.08		
September-11	698,259	1,500.48	\$92,240.86	\$27,827.18	\$64,413.68	\$	0.132	\$	0.120	\$	5.79		
October-11	536,450	1,429.92	\$70,486.53	\$20,999.56	\$49,486.97	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08		
November-11	557,711	1,306.36	\$73,398.01	\$21,949.73	\$51,448.28	\$	0.132	\$	0.118	\$	5.79		
December-11	510,390	1,306.36	\$67,167.13	\$20,084.18	\$47,082.95	\$	0.132	\$	0.118	\$	5.26		
January-12	496,484	1,306.36	\$65,141.43	\$19,341.29	\$45,800.14	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08		
February-12	578,728	1,306.36	\$75,496.79	\$22,109.72	\$53,387.07	\$	0.130	\$	0.118	\$	5.61		
March-12	508,396	1,306.36	\$66,585.12	\$19,686.10	\$46,899.02	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08		
April-12	522,071	1,306.36	\$68,738.63	\$20,578.11	\$48,160.52	\$	0.132	\$	0.119	\$	5.08		
Total (All)	5,787,901	1,632.96	\$760,716.12	\$226,788.14	\$533,927.98	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94		

Electricity Usage: ACE - Blackwood Campus





Main Natural Gas Meter

								ivieter iv	lumber					
		Cost (\$)			129292 (Mor	nkey House)			180448	(Papian	o Gym)		249260 (Roos	evelt House)
Month	Total	Delivery	Supply Total Therms	Therm	Cost	% Tot	\$/Therm	Therm	Cost		% Tot	\$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm
Jul-11	\$ 3,604.91	\$ 3,604.91	5,306.26	12.46	\$ 8.46	0.23%	\$ 0.6	8	23.87 \$	16.22	0.45%	\$ 0.68	43.6 \$ 29.62	0.82% \$ 0.68
Aug-11	\$-		-		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		#C	DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!
Sep-11	\$ 3,402.14	\$ 3,402.14	5,089.27		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		21.86 \$	14.61	0.43%	\$ 0.67	37.48 \$ 25.06	0.74% \$ 0.71
Oct-11	\$ 3,577.46	\$ 3,577.46	4,611.32		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		37.19 \$	28.85	0.81%	\$ 0.78	49.58 \$ 38.46	1.08% \$ 0.78
Nov-11	\$ 9,843.06	\$ 9,843.06	9,117.98		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		29.84 \$	32.21	0.33%	\$ 1.08	166.7 \$ 179.96	1.83% \$ 0.40
Dec-11	\$ 21,671.14	\$ 21,671.14	23,331.55		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		29.84 \$	27.72	0.13%	\$ 0.93	938.45 \$ 871.66	4.02% \$ 0.15
Jan-12	\$ 32,847.20	\$ 32,847.20	36,482.23		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		35.81 \$	32.24	0.10%	\$ 0.90	1322.74 \$1,190.94	3.63% \$ 0.10
Feb-12	\$ 15,880.61	\$ 15,880.61	42,477.14		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		34.06 \$	12.73	0.08%	\$ 0.37	1607.86 \$ 601.12	3.79% \$ 0.08
Mar-12	\$ 13,557.55	\$ 13,557.55	35,389.55		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		42.35 \$	16.22	0.12%	\$ 0.38	1318.11 \$ 504.96	3.72% \$ 0.10
Apr-12	\$ 38,795.86	\$ 13,397.93	\$ 25,397.93 36,285.87		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		42.23 \$	45.15	0.12%	\$ 1.07	834.3 \$ 892.01	2.30% \$ 0.10
May-12	\$ 20,089.02	\$ 7,674.46	\$ 12,414.56 17,736.60		\$ -	0.00%	#DIV/0!		26.78 \$	30.33	0.15%	\$ 1.13	545.9 \$ 618.30	3.08% \$ 0.20
Total	\$ 163,269	\$ 125,456	\$ 37,812 215,827.77	12.46					323.83	256.29	30.33		6,864.72	
Average											30.331854			

		Master Meter List	
Unknown	Known	Used	Needed
362093	129292 (Monkey House)	310674 (Child Care)	Connector Building
470558	249260 (Roosevelt House)	497191 (CIM)	Criminal Justice Center (180372)
497759	268114 (Print Shop)	431186 (Community Center)	Helene Fuld (341687)
516533	307090 (Animal Barn)	4393670 (Jefferson Hall)	Laser Building (199278)
543578	450781 (Main Boiler Room)	514828 (Lincoln Hall)	Madison Hall (453525)
		180448 (Papiano Gym)	
		461792 (Taft Hall)	
		555971 (Taft Hall)	
		411069 (Truman Hall)	
		430957 (Wolverton)	

Main Boiler House Therms

nerms Cost 52,617.40 \$ 38,630.26

Papiano Gym Truman Hall	sq ft 40,000 32,990		- 54.8% 45.2%	Therms 28,835.40 23,782.00	st 21,170.16 17,460.09										
								Ma	ain Boiler Ho	use Ga	s Usage				
	Main Boi	ler House	е			Papiano Gym						Truman H	lall		
Month	MBH Therms	MBH Co	ost	Therms	Cost	DHW	ŀ	IHW		-	Therms	Cost	DHW	HI	HW
Jul-11	311	\$2	211.56	311.40	\$ 211.56	31 <i>°</i>	.40		-		-	\$ -			
Aug-11	-	\$	-	-							-	\$ -			
Sep-11	-	\$	-	-	\$ -						-	\$ -			
Oct-11	-	\$	-	-	\$ -						-	\$ -			
Nov-11	3,087	\$ 3,3	332.48	1,691.74	\$ 1,826.27	1,168	.43		523.30		1,395.26	\$ 1,506.22		627.87	767.39
Dec-11	6,277	\$ 5,8	330.20	3,439.87	\$ 3,195.07	1,168	.43		2,271.43		2,837.03	\$ 2,635.13	5	627.87	2,209.16
Jan-12	9,207	\$ 8,2	289.63	5,045.62	\$ 4,542.89	1,168	.43		3,877.19		4,161.38	\$ 3,746.74		627.87	3,533.51
Feb-12	11,042	\$ 4,1	28.34	6,051.46	\$ 2,262.41	1,168	.43		4,883.03		4,990.94	\$ 1,865.93	6	627.87	4,363.07
Mar-12	11,260	\$ 4,3	313.53	6,170.54	\$ 2,363.90	1,168	.43		5,002.11		5,089.16	\$ 1,949.63	5	627.87	4,461.29
Apr-12	6,695	\$ 7,1	158.11	3,669.00	\$ 3,922.79	1,168	.43		2,500.56		3,026.00	\$ 3,235.32	2	627.87	2,398.14
May-12	4,738	\$ 5,3	366.40	2,596.52	\$ 2,940.90	1,168	.43		1,428.09		2,141.48	\$ 2,425.51		627.87	1,513.61
Total	52,617	\$ 3	38,630	\$ 28,976	\$ 21,266	\$8,	490	6	20,486	\$	23,641	\$ 17,364	\$	4,395 \$	19,246

Usage (Therms) Meter Number

		\$ 30.33				
	Build	ling Meters a	nd T	otals		
Building Name					Secondary	
	Gas Meter	Therms	\$/T	herm	Meter #	Therms
Child Care	310674	1,442.38	\$	0.80		
CIM	497191	19,436.98	\$	0.80		
Community Cente	431186	3,240.64	\$	0.80		
Connector Building	g		\$	0.80		
Criminal Justice C	180372		\$	0.80		
Helene Fuld	341687		\$	0.80		
Jefferson Hall	4393670	3,868.58	\$	0.80		
Laser Building	199278		\$	0.80		
Lincoln Hall	514828	9,560.71	\$	0.80		
Madison Hall	453525		\$	0.80		
Papiano Gym	180448	29,299.98	\$	0.80		
Taft Hall	461792	7,040.50	\$	0.80	555971	6,993.92
Truman Hall	411069	23,702.06	\$	0.80		
Wolverton Library	430957	9,307.28	\$	0.80		

					0	e (Therms) r Number					
268114 (P	rint Shop)	307090 (A	nimal Barn)	310674 (Child Care)	362	093	411069 (Tru	nan Hall)	430957 (Wolve	erton)
Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm					•	6 Tot \$/The
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	36.33 \$ 24.6	3 0.68% \$ 0.68	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	26.99 \$ 18.34	0.51% \$ 0.68	5.19 \$ 3.53	0.10% \$ 0.68	104.84 \$ 71.23	1.98% \$
#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DI
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	10.41 \$ 6.9		0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	5.21 \$ 3.48	0.10% \$ 0.67	1.04 \$ 0.70	0.02% \$ 0.67	14.57 \$ 9.74	0.29% \$
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	46.49 \$ 36.0	- · · · ·		0.07% \$ 0.78	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	4.13 \$ 3.20	0.09% \$ 0.78	23.76 \$ 18.43	0.52% \$
1.03 \$ 1.11	0.01% \$ 1.08	12.35 \$ 13.33			0.00% #DIV/0!	374.56 \$ 404.35	4.11% \$ 1.08	7.2 \$ 7.77	0.08% \$ 1.08	55.57 \$ 59.99	0.61% \$
23.67 \$ 21.99	0.10% \$ 0.93	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	73.06 \$ 67.86	0.31% \$ 0.93	912.72 \$ 847.77	3.91% \$ 0.93	8.23 \$ 7.64	0.04% \$ 0.93	1041.35 \$ 967.24	4.46% \$
57.29 \$ 51.58	0.16% \$ 0.90	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	236.31 \$ 212.76	0.65% \$ 0.90	1499.72 \$ 1,350.29	4.11% \$ 0.90	4.09 \$ 3.68	0.01% \$ 0.90	1954.95 \$ 1,760.16	5.36% \$
107.33 \$ 40.13	0.25% \$ 0.37	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	467.5 \$ 174.78	1.10% \$ 0.37	1732.73 \$ 647.80	4.08% \$ 0.37	4.13 \$ 1.54	0.01% \$ 0.37	2005.18 \$ 749.66	4.72% \$
98.14 \$ 37.60	0.28% \$ 0.38	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	394.61 \$ 151.17	1.12% \$ 0.38	1418.31 \$ 543.35	4.01% \$ 0.38	7.23 \$ 2.77	0.02% \$ 0.38	1929.64 \$ 739.23	5.45% \$
48.41 \$ 51.76	0.13% \$ 1.07	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	165.83 \$ 177.30	0.46% \$ 1.07	1038.24 \$ 1,110.06	2.86% \$ 1.07	12.36 \$ 13.21	0.03% \$ 1.07	1411.1 \$ 1,508.71	3.89% \$
14.42 \$ 16.33	0.08% \$ 1.13	\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	101.97 \$ 115.49	0.57% \$ 1.13	610.79 \$ 691.80	3.44% \$ 1.13	7.21 \$ 8.17	0.04% \$ 1.13	766.32 \$ 867.96	4.32% \$
350.29		105.58		1,442.38 901.78		7,619.27		60.81 52.22		9,307.28 \$ 6,752.35	
l		I		1	Meter	e (Therms) r Number					
431186 (Comn	• /	· ·	Boiler Room)		(Taft Hall)	r Number 470		497191 (,	497759	
Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm	r Number 470: Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm 1	herm Cost %	
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68	r Number 470 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68	⁻ herm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41	69.44% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.5 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0!	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	r Number 470 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	⁻ herm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0!	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #[
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50 #DIV/0! 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67	r Number 470 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67	⁻ herm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #I 88.98% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #I 88.98% \$ 83.33% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.44	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 3 33.86% \$ 1.08	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 \$ 3,029.11 \$ 3,029.11	69.44%\$#DIV/0!#I88.98%\$83.33%\$47.85%\$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23 353.98 \$ 328.79	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08 1.52% \$ 0.93	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.5 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.4 6276.9 \$ 5,830.20	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 3 33.86% \$ 1.08 0 26.90% \$ 0.93	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ - \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 2315.25 \$ 2,150.48	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 9.92% \$ 0.93	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14 2215.44 \$ 2,057.78	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08 9.50% \$ 0.93	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 6698.79 \$ 6,222.06	69.44%\$#DIV/0!#I88.98%\$83.33%\$47.85%\$28.71%\$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23 353.98 \$ 328.79 333.5 \$ 300.27	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08 1.52% \$ 0.93 0.91% \$ 0.90	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.5 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.4 6276.9 \$ 5,830.2 9207 \$ 8,289.6	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 3 33.86% \$ 1.08 0 26.90% \$ 0.93 3 25.24% \$ 0.90	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 2315.25 \$ 2,150.48 3017.85 \$ 2,717.16	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 9.92% \$ 0.93 8.27% \$ 0.90	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14 2215.44 \$ 2,057.78 3227.57 \$ 2,905.98	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08 9.50% \$ 0.93 8.85% \$ 0.90	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 6698.79 \$ 6,222.06 9278.61 \$ 8,354.10	69.44%\$#DIV/0!#I88.98%\$83.33%\$47.85%\$28.71%\$25.43%\$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23 353.98 \$ 328.79 333.5 \$ 300.27 216.72 \$ 81.02	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08 1.52% \$ 0.93 0.91% \$ 0.37	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.44 6276.9 \$ 5,830.20 9207 \$ 8,289.63 11042.4 \$ 4,128.34	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 3 33.86% \$ 1.08 2 6.90% \$ 0.93 3 25.24% \$ 0.90 4 26.00% \$ 0.37	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 2315.25 \$ 2,150.48 3017.85 \$ 2,717.16 3653.28 \$ 1,365.82	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 9.92% \$ 0.93 8.27% \$ 0.90 8.60% \$ 0.37	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14 2215.44 \$ 2,057.78 3227.57 \$ 2,905.98 4468.56 \$ 1,670.63	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08 9.50% \$ 0.93 8.85% \$ 0.90 10.52% \$ 0.37	Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 6698.79 \$ 6,222.06 9278.61 \$ 8,354.10 9731.76 \$ 3,638.34	69.44%\$#DIV/0!#I88.98%\$83.33%\$47.85%\$28.71%\$25.43%\$22.91%\$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23 353.98 \$ 328.79 333.5 \$ 300.27 216.72 \$ 81.02 419.4 \$ 160.67	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08 1.52% \$ 0.93 0.91% \$ 0.90 0.51% \$ 0.37 1.19% \$ 0.38	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.5 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.4 6276.9 \$ 5,830.2 9207 \$ 8,289.6 11042.4 \$ 4,128.3 11259.7 \$ 4,313.5	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 33.86% \$1.08 0 26.90% \$0.93 3 25.24% \$0.90 4 26.00% \$0.37 3 31.82% \$0.38	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 2315.25 \$ 2,150.48 3017.85 \$ 2,717.16 3653.28 \$ 1,365.82 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 9.92% \$ 0.93 8.27% \$ 0.90 8.60% \$ 0.37 0.00% #DIV/0!	Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14 2215.44 \$ 2,057.78 3227.57 \$ 2,905.98 4468.56 \$ 1,670.63 1046.43 \$ 400.88	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08 9.50% \$ 0.93 8.85% \$ 0.90 10.52% \$ 0.37 2.96% \$ 0.38	Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 6698.79 \$ 6,222.06 9278.61 \$ 8,354.10 9731.76 \$ 3,638.34 10619.24 \$ 4,068.17	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! # 88.98% \$ 83.33% \$ 47.85% \$ 28.71% \$ 25.43% \$ 22.91% \$ 30.01% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10 382.79 \$ 413.23 353.98 \$ 328.79 333.5 \$ 300.27 216.72 \$ 81.02 419.4 \$ 160.67	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78 4.20% \$ 1.08 1.52% \$ 0.93 0.91% \$ 0.37	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.50 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 3087 \$ 3,332.44 6276.9 \$ 5,830.20 9207 \$ 8,289.63 11042.4 \$ 4,128.34	% Tot \$/Therm 5 5.87% \$0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 33.86% \$1.08 0 26.90% \$0.93 3 25.24% \$0.90 4 26.00% \$0.37 3 31.82% \$0.38 1 18.45% \$1.07	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04 0 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	r Number 470: Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 0 \$ - 2315.25 \$ 2,150.48 3017.85 \$ 2,717.16 3653.28 \$ 1,365.82	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 9.92% \$ 0.93 8.27% \$ 0.90 8.60% \$ 0.37	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43 307.67 \$ 332.14 2215.44 \$ 2,057.78 3227.57 \$ 2,905.98 4468.56 \$ 1,670.63	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78 3.37% \$ 1.08 9.50% \$ 0.93 8.85% \$ 0.90 10.52% \$ 0.37	Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21 4362.96 \$ 4,709.91 6698.79 \$ 6,222.06 9278.61 \$ 8,354.10 9731.76 \$ 3,638.34	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #I 88.98% \$ 83.33% \$ 47.85% \$ 28.71% \$ 25.43% \$ 22.91% \$

																(Therms) Number														
		514	828 (Liı	ncoln	Hall)					51653	3				543	3578				4	4393670 (J	efferson)					555971 (Taft Hall)		
Therm	(Cost	•	% T	ot	\$/Tł	herm	Therm	Co	ost	% Tot	\$/Therm	Therm	Cos	st	% Tot	\$/The	erm	Therm	Co	ost	% Tot	\$/Th	erm	Therm	C	ost	% Tot	\$/T	herm
80)7.56	\$	548.63	1	5.22%	\$	0.68		56.05 \$	38.08	1.06%	\$ 0.68	() \$	-	0.00%	#D	0IV/0!	C) \$	-	0.00%	#	DIV/0!		\$	-	0.00%	6 #	#DIV/0!
		#C	01V/0!	#D	IV/0!	#	DIV/0!			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		#	DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#D	0IV/0!			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#	DIV/0!			#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#	#DIV/0!
	0	\$	-		0.00%	#	DIV/0!		42.68 \$	28.53	0.84%	\$ 0.67	() \$	-	0.00%	#D	0IV/0!	C) \$	-	0.00%	#	DIV/0!		\$	-	0.00%	6 #	#DIV/0!
	0	\$	-		0.00%	#	DIV/0!		40.29 \$	31.26	0.87%	\$ 0.78	() \$	-	0.00%	#D	0IV/0!	C) \$	-	0.00%	#	DIV/0!		\$	-	0.00%	6 #	#DIV/0!
10)1.87	\$	109.97		1.12%	\$	1.08		89.52 \$	96.64	0.98%	\$ 1.08	115.25	5\$	124.41	1.26%	\$	1.08	23.67	7 \$	25.55	0.26%	\$	1.08		\$	-	0.00%	6 #	#DIV/0!
63	36.95	\$	591.62		2.73%	\$	0.93		315.9 \$	293.42	1.35%	\$ 0.93	803.65	5\$	746.46	3.44%	\$	0.93	419.83	3 \$	389.95	1.80%	\$	0.93	2	267.54 \$	248.5	0 1.15%	6\$	0.93
144	13.45	\$1,	299.63		3.96%	\$	0.90		1547.8 \$	1,393.58	4.24%	\$ 0.90	1511.99	9 \$ 1	,361.34	4.14%	\$	0.90	596.41	\$	536.98	1.63%	\$	0.90	12	207.14 \$	1,086.8	6 3.31%	6\$	0.90
272	27.58	\$1,	019.74		6.42%	\$	0.37		0\$	-	0.00%	#DIV/0!	1714.15	5\$	640.86	4.04%	\$	0.37	868.94	\$	324.86	2.05%	\$	0.37	20	94.96 \$	783.2	3 4.93%	6\$	0.37
225	56.07	\$	864.29		6.37%	\$	0.38		676.62 \$	259.21	1.91%	\$ 0.38	1351.16	5\$	517.62	3.82%	\$	0.38	941.06	5 \$	360.52	2.66%	\$	0.38	16	611.48 \$	617.3	5 4.55%	6\$	0.38
110	9.31	\$1,	186.04		3.06%	\$	1.07		326.51 \$	349.10	0.90%	\$ 1.07	833.27	7 \$	890.91	2.30%	\$	1.07	616.97	7 \$	659.65	1.70%	\$	1.07		1339 \$	1,431.6	3.69%	6\$	1.07
47	7.92	\$	541.31		2.69%	\$	1.13		169.95 \$	192.49	0.96%	\$ 1.13	770.44	4 \$	872.62	4.34%	\$	1.13	401.7	7\$	454.98	2.26%	\$	1.13		473.8 \$	536.6	4 2.67%	6\$	1.13
9,56	0.71	\$6,	161.23					3,2	265.32				7,099.91						3,868.58	\$	2,752.49				6,9	93.92 \$	4,704.2	0		

Total

APPENDIX B

Equipment Inventory

New Jersey BPU Energy Audit Program CHA #24364 Camden County College Wolverton Library Original Construction Date: 1973 Renovation/Addtion Date: 2004

Description	QTY	QTY Manufacturer Model No.		Serial No.	Equipment Type / Utility	Capacity/Size/Efficiency	Location	Areas/Equipment Served	Date Installed	Remaining Useful Life (years)	Other Info.
ACC-1	1	Multistack	MS30C2H2W000000	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC Cooling / CHW Modular Chiller Electric	Chiller: 439 GPM / Condensor: 536 GPM / CLG: 183 Tons / EER: 15.4	Basement Mechanical Room	Library	2002	10	Good Condition
CP-1 / CP-2	2	B & G	1510BF3BC	CL7077-01M10 / CL7077-02M10	Primary Loop Pump / Electric	15 HP / 1775 RPM / High Efficiency 93%	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building / Cooling Chilled Water Loop	2002	10	3-way Control Valve w/ VSDs
CT-1	1	Baltimore Air Coil	15200	U024702401	Cooling Tower / Electric	540 GPM, 10°F Water ΔT at 78°F WB / (1) 7.5 HP Fans Hi-speed Fan, (1) 3.0 HP Low-speed Fan / 91% & 87.5% Efficiency Motors	Rooftop	Library Building / Condenser Cooling Water	2002	10	Good Condition, Requires Cleaning
CDP-1 / CDP-2	2	B & G	1510BF3BC	CL7078-02M10 / CL7078-01M10	Primary Loop Pump / Electric	10 HP / 1765 RPM / High Efficiency 91%	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building / Cooling Condenser Water Loop	2002	10	w/ VSD
B-1	1	Weil-McLain	1078	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC Hot Water Heating / Natural Gas	1379 MBH Input / 1129 MBH Output / 80% Efficiency	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building	2005	28	Cast Iron Sectional
B-2	1	Weil-McLain	1078	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC Hot Water Heating / Natural Gas	Input: 1379 MBH / Output: 1129 MBH / 80% Efficiency	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building	2005	28	Cast Iron Sectional
HP-1 / HP-2	2	B & G	1510GF2BC	CL7079-02M10 / CL7079-01M10	Primary Loop Pump / Electric	7.5 HP / 1800 RPM / High Efficiency 91%	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building / Heating Hot Water Loop	2005	13	w/ VSD
DHW	1	Lochinvar	EWNN150PM	F02H00H2753	Domestic Hot Water / Natural Gas Condensing Unit		Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building	2005	5	w/ Power Flame Burner Full Modulation Central Model # WCR1-6-12
AHU-2	1	TRANE	L-25	K1J206642	HVAC / DX Cooling, Hot Water Heating	15000 CFM / CLG: 520 MBH HTG: 300 MBH / (2) 10.0 HP SFs / Standard Efficiency	Basement Mechanical Room	Library Building / Makeup Air to FCUs	1973	-19	N/A
UH-1	1	Mestek	RW-1120-04	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC / Electric Heatiing	Fractional HP Fan Motor / Hot Water Heating Element	In Area Being Served	Basement Mechanical Room	1973	-19	N/A
UH-2	1	Mestek	RW-1120-04	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC / Electric Heatiing	Fractional HP Fan Motor / Hot Water Heating Element	In Area Being Served	Basement Mechanical Room	1973	-19	N/A

New Jersey BPU Energy Audit Program CHA #24364 Camden County College Wolverton Library Original Construction Date: 1973 Renovation/Addtion Date: 2004

Description	QTY	Manufacturer Name	Model No.	Serial No.	Equipment Type / Utility	Capacity/Size/Efficiency	Location	Areas/Equipment Served	Date Installed	Remaining Useful Life (years)	Other Info.
FC-A, 1 thru 3, 3A, 5, 5A, 6 10 thru 55, 57 thru 72	70	Airtherm	031-1L-CP-B 031-1R-CP-B 041-1L-CP-B 081-1L-CP-B 081-1R-CP-B 101-1L-CP-B 101-1L-CP-B 101-1R-CP-B 121-1L-CP-B 121-1R-CP-B	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC / Chilled Water Cooling, Hot Water Heating	Various Heating and Cooling Capacities, Fractional HP fan motors	Basement 1st Floor 2nd Floor 3rd Floor	Library Building Occupied Spaces	2002	10	N/A

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364 Existing Lighting

	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Retrofit Control	Annual kWh	
Field Code	Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	No. of fixtures before the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	Retrofit control device	(kW/space) * (Annual Hours)	Notes
55	Vestibule	6	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.28	SW	2500	None	705	
175A	Circulation Desk	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.59	SW	2500	None	1,475	
	Room 106	1	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.09	SW	2500	None	223	
	Room 107	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	C-OCC	378	
	Room 108	13	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.16	SW	2125	C-0CC	2,459	
35A	Room 100	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.36	SW	2125	C-0CC	757	
	Room 101	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2500	None	445	
	Mechanical Room 102	2	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.12	SW	2125	000	251	
35A	Room 103	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
	Room 104	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
	Room 105	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2250	C-0CC	401	
227	1st Floor Library	53	W60CF1	F81EL	60	3.18	SW	2250	C-0CC	7,155	
	Reference Area	23	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	1.08	SW	2125	000	2,297	
	Reference Area	36	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	2.12	SW	2125	000	4,514	
	1st Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	2125	000	376	
	1st Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	2000	OCC	354	
55	1st Floor Library	61	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.87	SW	2125	000	6,092	
	South Stairway	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.47	SW	2125	OCC	1,003	
175A	North Stairway	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.47	SW	2125	000	1,003	
175A	3rd Floor Book Storage	70	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	4.13	SW	2125	000	8,776	
71	3rd Floor Lobby	10	I 60	160/1	60	0.60	SW	2125	000	1,275	
55	Computer Lab	52	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.44	SW	2125	000	5,194	
35A	Room 301	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
35A	Room 302	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
35A	Room 303	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2500	None	445	
35A	Room 303	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
35A	Room 304	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
	Room 305	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	500	None	89	
	Room 306	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	OCC	378	
	3rd Floor Library	72	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	4.25	SW	2500	None	10,620	
55	Tutoring Center	62	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.91	SW	2500	None	7,285	
	Room 308	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2500	None	445	
	Room 309	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
35A	Room 310	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	1063	None	189	
	Room 311	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2125	000	378	
	Room 312	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	1063	None	189	
	3rd Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	1063	None	188	
	3rd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	2125	000	376	
	3rd Floor Book Shelves	48	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	2.83	SW	500	None	1,416	
55	2nd Floor Lobby	63	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.96	SW	500	None	1,481	
55	2nd Floor Lobby	108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	5.08	SW	500	None	2,538	
227	2nd Floor Lobby	21	W60CF1	F81EL	60	1.26	SW	2125	000	2,678	
55	Testing & Assesment	40	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	1.88	SW	1063	None	1,998	
35A	Room 202	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.36	SW	2125	000	757	
35A	Room 203	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	1063	None	189	



Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364 Existing Lighting

Cost of Electricit	y:
--------------------	----

				EXISTING		NS				
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Retrofit Control	Annual kWh
Field	Unique description of the location - Room	No. of	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Code from Table of Standard	Value from	(Watts/Fixt) *	Pre-inst. control	Estimated	Retrofit	(kW/space) *
Code	number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	fixtures	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2	Fixture Wattages	Table of	(Fixt No.)	device	annual hours	control	(Annual
			lamps U shape		Standard			for the usage	device	Hours)
		retrofit			Fixture			group		
					Wattages					
35A	Room 204	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	2250	None	401
175A	2nd Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	2250	None	398
175A	2nd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.18	SW	500	None	89
35A	Room 206 - A	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.27	SW	520	None	139
35A	Room 206 - B	6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.53	SW	520	C-0CC	278
35A	Room 206 - C	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.18	SW	520	None	93
55	Room 206 - D	10	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.47	SW	500	None	235
175A	Room 201	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.06	SW	4380	None	258
175A	Basement Cooridor	32	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	1.89	SW	4380	None	8,269
227	Basement Cooridor	6	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.36	SW	8760	None	3,154
55	Basement Room - 008	4	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.19	SW	8760	None	1,647
35A	Basement Room - 008	15	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.34	SW	2125	OCC	2,837
175A	Basement Room - 006	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.06	SW	2125	OCC	125
175A	Basement Room - 005	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.59	SW	500	None	295
35A	Basement Room - 003	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.27	SW	500	None	134
35A	Basement Room - 002	12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.07	SW	8760	None	9,356
35A	Basement Room - 012	21	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.87	SW	500	None	935
175A	Basement Room - 013	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.06	SW	3285	OCC	194
35A	Basement Room - 011	20	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.78	SW	3285	OCC	5,847
35A	Basement Room - 009		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.42	SW	8760	None	12,474
	Basement Room - 010		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.06	SW	8760	None	517
	Basement Mechanical Room		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.89	SW	500	None	443
	Exterior	7	High Bay MH 400	MH400/1	458	3.21	SW	2125	000	6,813
169	Exterior	2	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	0.59	SW	500	None	295
	Total	1,019				63.07				134,640



APPENDIX C

ECM Calculations

	Summary of Energy Conservation Measures											
	Energy Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommen ded For Implement ation					
ECM-1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	125,900	1,000	125.9	3,000	122.9						
ECM-2	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	138,100	8,400	16.4	0	16.4	X					
ECM-3	HVAC Install Speed Frequency Drives, High Efficiency Motors	13,600	2,500	5.4	3,765	3.9	Х					
ECM-4	HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation	12,100	2,800	4.3	0	4.3	Х					
ECM-5	HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re-placement	25,000	2,100	11.9	0	11.9						
ECM-6	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	49,300	1,500	32.9	6,539	28.5						
ECM-7	Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)	4,540	4,000	1.1	3,582	0.2	X					
ECM-8	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	53,868	4,500	12.0	7,229	10.4	X					

ECM Summary Sheet

ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with		
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings	0			incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
125,900	0	0	1,200	1,000	0	1,000	(0.8)	3,000	>20	>20

ECM-2 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
138,100	56,300	0	1,200	8,400	0	8,400	0.2	0	16.4	16.4

ECM-3 HVAC Install Speed Frequency Drives, High Efficiency Motors

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
13,600	18,700	0	0	2,500	0	2,500	2.6	3,765	5.4	3.9

ECM-4 HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings	8			incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
12,100	6,090	0	2,450	2,800	0	2,800	3.1	0	4.3	4.3

ECM-5 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re-placement

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
25,000	11,400	0	700	2,100	0	2,100	(0.2)	0	11.9	11.9

ECM-6 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
49,300	10,000	5	0	1,500	0	1,500	-0.5	6,539	>20	>20

ECM-7 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings	•			incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
4,540	30,200	0	0	4,000	0	4,000	12.1	3,582	1.1	0.2

ECM-8 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary		Annual Utility Savings				Total			Payback	Payback	
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with	
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)	
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years	
53,868	35,400	0	0	4,500	0	4,500	0.3	7,229	12.0	10.4	

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU CHA Project #24364

Utilit	ty Costs	Yearly Usage	MTCDE	Building Area	Annual U	tility Cost
\$ 0.131	\$/kWh blended		0.00042021	50,000	Electric	Natural Gas
\$ 0.119	\$/kWh consumpti	475,694	0.00042021		\$63,519	\$6,752
\$ 5.61	\$/kW	168	0			
\$ 0.80	\$/Therm	9,307	0.00533471			
\$ -	\$/kgals	-	0			

	Wolverto	n Library	,																				
	Item				Savings			Cost	Simple		Life	NJ Smart Start	Direct Install	Direct Install	Max	Payback w/		Sim	ple Projected	Lifetime Sav	ings		ROI
		kW	kWh	therms	cooling kWh	kgal/yr	\$		Payback	MTCDE	Expectancy	Incentives	Eligible (Y/N)*	Incentives**	Incentives	Incentives***	kW	kWh	therms	cooling	kgal/yr	\$	
ECM-1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	0.0	0	1,200	0	0	\$ 1,00	0 \$ 125,900	125.9	6.4	25	\$ 3,000	Y	\$ 75,000	\$ 3,000	122.9	0	0	30,000	0	0	\$ 24,00	(0.8) 0(
ECM-2	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	0.0	56,300	1,200	0	0	\$ 8,40	0 \$ 138,100	16.4	30.1	20	\$-		\$-	\$ -	16.4	0	1,126,000	24,000	0	0	\$ 167,20	0.2
ECM-3	HVAC Install Speed Frequency Drives, High Efficiency Motors	0.0	18,700	0	0	0	\$ 2,50	0 \$ 13,600	5.4	7.9	20	\$ 3,765	Y	\$ 9,500	\$ 3,765	3.9	0	374,000	0	0	0	\$ 49,20)0 2.6
ECM-4	HVAC Install Demand Control Ventilation	0.0	0	2,451	6,087	0	\$ 2,80	0 \$ 12,100	4.3	15.6	18	\$ -	Y	\$ 8,500	\$-	4.3	0	0	44,126	109,570	0	\$ 49,70)0 3.1
ECM-5	HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re-placement	0.0	11,400	700	0	0	\$ 2,10	0 \$ 25,000	11.9	8.5	10	\$ -		\$-	\$-	11.9	0	114,000	7,000	0	0	\$ 20,60)0 (0.2)
ECM-6	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	4.8	10,000	0	0	0	\$ 1,50	0 \$49,300	32.9	4.2	15	6,539 \$		\$-	\$ 6,539	28.5	72	150,000	0	0	0	\$ 22,60)0 (0.5)
ECM-7	Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)	0.0	30,200	0	0	0	\$ 4,00	0 \$4,540	1.1	12.7	15	5 <mark>\$3,582</mark>		\$-	\$ 3,582	0.2	0	453,000	0	0	0	\$ 59,50)0 12.1
ECM-8	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	4.8	35,400	0	0	0	\$ 4,50	0 \$53,867.75	12.0	14.9	15	\$ 7,22 9	Y	\$ 37,700	\$ 7,229	10.4	72	531,000	0	0	0	\$ 67,80	0.3
	Total (Does Not Include ECM-5 & ECM-6)	4.8	121,800	5,551	6,087	0	\$ 21,30	0 \$ 368,568	17.3		18	\$ 13,994		\$ 130,700	\$ 13,994	16.6	71.9	2,145,000	105,126	109,570	0	\$ 378,50	0.0
	Total Measures with Positive ROI	4.8	110,400	3,651	6,087	0	\$ 18,20	0 \$ 217,668	12.0		17.6		,	\$ 55,700	. ,	11.4	71.9	2,031,000	· · · ·	109,570	0	\$ 333,90	
	% of Existing	3%	26%	60%	1%	#DIV/0!		•	•	-	-	•	•			program provid		ach project cost	up to \$75,0	00 per electi	rical utility	<u>.</u>	

**Direct Install Incentives program provides70% of each project cost up to \$75,000 per electrical utility account; total funding for each year is capped at \$250,000

ECM Master Rev 8

ECM-1: HVAC Condensing Boiler Added

ECM Description Summary

One (1) high efficiency condensing boiler will be added to operate as the primary boiler during the milder winter months (October-November and March-April) with the existing boilers operating as secondary boilers. Boiler installation location/space to be determined since there is not enough room in the existing boiler room. Space may have to be provided in existing building or constructed if boiler cannot fit in exsiting mechanical space.

Existing Fuel	Nat.Gas	•
Proposed Fuel	Nat.Gas	•

Item	Value	<u>Units</u>	Formula/Comments
Baseline Fuel Cost	\$ 0.80	/ Therm	
Proposed Fuel Cost	<mark>\$ 0.80</mark>	/ Therm	
Baseline Fuel Use	9,307	Therms	Based on historical utility data.
Existing Boiler Plant Efficiency	80%		Estimated or Measured
Baseline Boiler Load	744,582	Mbtu/yr	Baseline Fuel Use x Existing Efficiency x 100 Mbtu/Therms
Baseline Fuel Cost	\$ 7,438		
Proposed Boiler Plant Efficiency	92%		New Condensing Boiler Efficiency
Proposed Fuel Use	8,093	Therms	Baseline Boiler Load / Proposed Efficiency / 100 Mbtu/Therms
Proposed Fuel Cost	\$ 6,467		
Annual Utility Savings	1,200	Therms	
Annual Savings	\$ 1,000		
Boiler Addition Project Cost	\$ 125,900		
Simple Payback	126	Years	Negative number indicates

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU

CHA Project #24364 Wolverton Library

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

Description	QTY	UNIT	UNIT COSTS			SUE	STOTAL CO	STS	TOTAL COST	REMARKS
Description	QII	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL COST	REMARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
3,000 MBH NG Condensing Boiler	1	EA	\$ 45,000	\$ 2,000		\$ 49,500	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 52,200	
Flue Installation	25	LF	\$ 75.0	\$ 15.00		\$ 2,063	\$ 506	\$-	\$ 2,600	
Reprogram DDC system	1	EA	\$ 100.0	\$ 350.00		\$ 110	\$ 473	\$-	\$ 600	
Miscellaneous Electrical	1	LS	\$ 500	\$ 250		\$ 550	\$ 338	\$-	\$ 900	
Miscellaneous HW Piping	1	LS	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,000		\$ 2,200	\$ 1,350	\$-	\$ 3,600	
Boiler room/space construction	1	LS	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,000		\$ 22,000	\$ 13,500	\$-	\$ 35,500	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	

\$ 95,400	Subtotal
\$ 9,540	10% Contingency
\$ 20,988	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 125,900	Total

EQUIPMENT	AREA SERVED		HEATING CAPACITY (MBH)	
AHU-2	Wolverton Library Makeup Air Unit	520	300	
		520	300	MBH

ECM-2: HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacment

ECM Summary

A makeup air handling unit provides dedicated makeup air for a building constantly, 24/7. Replacing the makeup air unit with an energy recovery unit with supply fan and return fan variable speed drives, and a desiccant media energy recovery wheel can allow the energy used to condition air being exhausted by toilets and other appropriate spaces to be recycled instead of wholly removing it from the building. The savings are achieved by reducing the energy (chilled water and hot water BTU/hr) required to precondition outside air by recovering energy from the building exhaust air via the dessicant wheel.

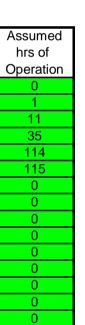
Project will include re-routing exhaust air ductwork from the building down to the AHU in the basement mechanical room.

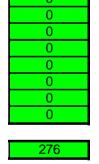
ASSUMPTIO	NS	ASSUMPTIONS				
Natural Gas Cost	\$0.80	/ Therm				
Electric Cost	\$0.131	/kWh				
Average run hours per Week	66	Hours				
Space Balance Point	55	F				
Space Temperature Setpoint	74	deg F	Setpoint.			
Heating BTU/Hr Rating of existing equipment	300,000	Btu / Hr				
Cooling BTU/Hr Rating of existing equipment	520,000	Btu / Hr				
Existing Annual Natural Gas Usage	4,752	Therms	Based on average run hours per week for 24 weeks (heating season of 6 months)			
Existing Annual Electric Usage	281,641	kWh	Based on average run hours per week for 28 weeks (cooling season of 6 months)			

Item	<u>Value</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Comments</u>
Proposed ERU Heating BTU/hr reduction	25.0%		Based on max savings of 40% at peak conditions, reduced for conservative yearly average
Proposed ERU Cooling BTU/hr reduction	20.0%		Based on max savings of 40% at peak conditions, reduced for conservative yearly average
Proposed Annual Natural Gas Usage	3,564	Therms	
Proposed Annual Electric Usage	225,313	kWh	Unit will cycle on w/ temp of room. Possible operating time shown below

ANNUAL SAVINGS									
Annual Natural Gas Usage Savings	1,200	Therms							
Annual Electrical Usage Savings	56,300	kWh							
Annual Cost Savings	\$8,359								
Total Project Cost	\$138,100								
Simple Payback	17	years							

Total	8,760	506	55%	
-2.5	0	0	0%	
2.5	13	0	0%	
7.5	22	0	0%	
12.5	47	0	0%	
17.5	125	0	0%	
22.5	252	0	0%	
27.5	334	0	0%	
32.5	734	0	0%	
37.5	1,023	0	0%	
42.5	656	0	0%	
47.5	611	0	0%	
52.5	610	0	0%	
57.5	600	0	0% 0%	
62.5	927	0		
67.5	854	0	0%	
72.5	664	0	0%	
77.5	620	244	47%	
82.5	500	196	58%	
87.5	131	51	68%	
92.5	34	13	79%	
97.5	3	1	89%	
102.5	0	0	100%	
Temp F	Hours	balance point	time of operation	
Bin	Annual	at Temp Above	Assumed % of	
OAT - DB		Cooling Hrs		





276	

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-2: HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacment - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	UNIT COSTS			SUBTOTAL COSTS			TOTAL	REMARKS
			MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	COST	REWARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Existing (1) AHU demolition	1	EA	\$ 100	\$ 1,500		\$ 110	\$ 2,025	\$-	\$ 2,100	
(1) AHU 45 tons with CHW cooling and HW heating	1	EA	\$ 60,000	\$ 8,200		\$ 66,000	\$ 11,070	\$-	\$ 77,100	Cost for indoor ERU of \$4/cfm
- CHW Valve & Piping to RTUs HW coil	1	EA	\$ 500	\$ 200		\$ 550	\$ 270	\$-	\$ 800	
- HW Valve & Piping to RTUs HW coil	1	EA	\$ 500	\$ 200		\$ 550	\$ 270	\$-	\$ 800	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) RTU	1	EA	\$ 75	\$ 500		\$83	\$ 675	\$-	\$ 800	
Electrical - misc.	1	LS	\$ 1,000	\$ 3,000		\$ 1,100	\$ 4,050	\$-	\$ 5,200	
Mechanical exhaust ductwork - misc.	1	LS	\$ 10,000	\$ 5,000		\$ 11,000	\$ 6,750	\$-	\$ 17,800	

	\$ 104,600	Subtotal
	\$ 10,460	10% Contingency
	\$ 23,012	20% Contractor O&P
	\$ -	0% Engineering
;	\$ 138,100	Total

ECM-3A: Install Variable Speed Drives - CHW Pump

Variable Inputs

Blended Electric Rate	\$0.131	
Heating System "On" Point	<mark>55</mark>	
VFD Efficiency	98.5%	

ECM Description Summary

Larger motors that operate pumps unnecessarily consume electrical energy. The hot water system pumps operate at a constant speed even though the building load does not require all of the flow to maintain temperatures. By adding speed controllers to the motors, called Variable Frequency Drives (VFD's), and reducing the flow (by slowing the motors down), significant electrical energy can be saved. Pressure actuated controllers are used to measure the water pressure in the hot water system and as valves close, the system pressure increases and in turn the pump speed is reduced.

	PUMP SCHEDULE										
Pump ID	Qty				New Motor Motor Eff.	Exist. Motor kW Note 1	New Motor kW Note 2				
CPD-1, CPD-2	2	10.0	10.0	86.1%	91.7%	6.93	6.51				
					Total:	6.93	6.51				

	SAVINGS ANALYSIS											
OAT - DB	OAT - WB	Annual	Heating	Pump	Existing	Proposed	Speed	Proposed	Proposed			
Avg	Avg	Hours in	Hours	Load	Pump	Pump	efficiency	Pump	Savings			
Temp F	120	Bin	Bin	%	kWh	kW	%	kWh	kWh			
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D) =IF(A>TP,0,C)	(E) =0.5+0.5*	(F) =D*AA	(G) =BB*E^2.5/CC	(H)	(I) =D*G	(J) =F-H			
			-II (A>TF,0,0)	(A-55)/(55-10))				-0 0	_1 -11			
See Note 3	See Note 3	See Note 3		See Note 4		See Note 5						
97.5	75	3	3	97%	21	6.2	99.7%	19	2			
92.5	74	34	34	92%	236	5.3	100.0%	181	55			
87.5	72	131	131	86%	908	4.5	100.0%	596	312			
82.5	69	500	500	81%	3,466	3.8	99.8%	1,929	1,537			
77.5	67	620	620	75%	4,298	3.2	98.2%	2,032	2,265			
72.5	64	664	664	69%	4,602	2.7	95.9%	1,839	2,763			
67.5	62	854	854	64%		6,425 1.7 88.89	92.7%	1,985	3,934			
62.5	58	927	927	58%	-		88.8%	1,792	4,633			
57.5	53	600	600	53%	4,159	1.3	84.1%	954	3,205			
52.5	47	610	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
47.5	43	611	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
42.5	38	656	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
37.5	34	1,023	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
32.5	30	734	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
27.5	25	334	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
22.5	20	252	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
17.5	16	125	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
12.5	11	47	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
7.5	6	22	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
2.5	2	13	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
-2.5	-3	0	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
-7.5	-8	0	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0			
		8,760	4,333		30,034			11,326	18,708			

Notes:

1) Existing motor power based on operation with existing motor efficiency, operating at 80% load factor when at full load. Formula: Motor HP x 0.746 x 0.8 / Exist. Motor Eff., New motor power is based on same formula using the new motor efficiency.

- 2) New motor power is the same as existing motor power adjusted for the new efficiency, if a new motor is proposed.
- 3) Weather data from NOAA for Newark, New Jersey.
- 4) The pump load is estimated at 100% at 100 deg. OAT and 50% at 55 deg. OAT and varies linearly in between.
- 5) The required VFD motor draw is based on a 2.5 power relationship to load.

Annual Utility Savings	18,700	kWh
Annual Savings	\$ 2,458	
Install Variable Speed Drives	\$ 13,600	
-CHW Pump Cost		
Simple Payback	6	Years

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-3A: Install Variable Speed Drives - CHW Pump - Cost

Description		UNIT	UNIT COSTS		SUBTOTAL COSTS			TOTAL COST REMARKS	DEMARKS	
Description	QTY	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL COST	REMARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
10 HP VFD	1	ea	\$ 1,625	\$ 585		\$ 1,788	\$ 790	\$-	\$ 2,600	
10 HP Motors	1	ea	\$ 660	\$ 100		\$ 726	\$ 135	\$-	\$ 900	
Reprogram DDC system	1	ea	\$ 100	\$ 350		\$ 110	\$ 473	\$-	\$ 600	
Electrical - misc.	1	ls	\$ 200	\$ 150		\$ 220	\$ 203	\$-	\$ 400	
2-way or 3-way control valve(s) for system sequence	1	ea	\$ 1,000	\$ 2,000		\$ 1,100	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 3,800	
Pipe pressure sensor/transmitter	1	ea	\$ 850	\$ 500		\$ 935	\$ 675	\$-	\$ 1,600	
Misc. piping modification	1	ea	\$ 200	\$ 150		\$ 220	\$ 203	\$-	\$ 400	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	

\$ 13,600	Total
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 2,266	20% Contractor O&P
\$ 1,030	10% Contingency
\$ 10,300	Subtotal

ECM-M8A: Install Demand Control Ventilation

Description:

Outside air can be significantly reduced for most of the time that the building is occupied. Savings will result from the avoided heating and cooling of excessive outside air.

Method:

The outdoor air introduced into the spaces is currently constant based on design occupancy conditions. This ECM proposes the installation of CO2 sensors in the space to allow for reduced outdoor air flows when conditions allow. An average reduction of 50% is assumed possible with the implementation of DCV The DCV system will automatically adjust the outdoor air damper position through the EMS to reduce outdoor air flows based on indoor CO2 levels.

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	Ν	0
					Existing				Propose	ed Demand	Ventilation		Sav	rings
Avg. DB	OA	Occupied												
Bin Temp	Enthalpy	Bin		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Derated	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
°F	Btu/lb	HOURS	OA CFM	Load MBH	Load MBH	kWh	therms	O.A. CFM	Load MBH	Load MBH	kWh	therms	kWh	therms
102.5	49.1	-	5,000	511	0	0	-	1,500	153	0	0	-	0	-
97.5	42.5	1	5,000	362	0	37	-	1,500	109	0	11	-	26	-
92.5	39.5	13	5,000	295	0	345	-	1,500	88	0	104	-	242	-
87.5	36.6	51	5,000	230	0	1,035	-	1,500	69	0	311	-	725	-
82.5	34	196	5,000	171	0	2,944	-	1,500	51	0	883	-	2061	-
77.5	31.6	244	5,000	117	0	2,498	-	1,500	35	0	749	-	1748	-
72.5	29.2	261	5,000	63	0	1,440	-	1,500	19	0	432	-	1008	-
67.5	27	336	5,000	14	0	397	-	1,500	4	0	119	-	278	-
62.5	24.5	364	5,000	0	0	0	-	1,500	0	0	0	-	0	-
57.5	21.4	236	5,000	0	0	0	-	1,500	0	0	0	-	0	-
52.5	18.7	240	5,000	0	84	0	251	1,500	0	25	0	75	0	176
47.5	16.2	240	5,000	0	111	0	332	1,500	0	33	0	100	0	233
42.5	14.4	258	5,000	0	138	0	444	1,500	0	41	0	133	0	311
37.5	12.6	402	5,000	0	165	0	827	1,500	0	49	0	248	0	579
32.5	10.7	288	5,000	0	192	0	691	1,500	0	58	0	207	0	484
27.5	8.6	131	5,000	0	219	0	359	1,500	0	66	0	108	0	251
22.5	6.8	99	5,000	0	246	0	304	1,500	0	74	0	91	0	213
17.5	5.5	49	5,000	0	273	0	167	1,500	0	82	0	50	0	117
12.5	4.1	18	5,000	0	300	0	69	1,500	0	90	0	21	0	48
7.5	2.6	9	5,000	0	327	0	35	1,500	0	98	0	11	0	25
2.5	1	5	5,000	0	354	0	23	1,500	0	106	0	7	0	16
-2.5	0	-	5,000	0	381	0	-	1,500	0	114	0	-	0	-
-7.5	-1.5	-	5,000	0	408	0	-	1,500	0	122	0	-	0	-
Total		3,441		1,762		8,696	3,502		529		2,609	1,051	6,087	2,451

ANNUAL	SAVINGS	
Annual Natural Gas	2,451	Therms
Annual Electrical Usag	6,087	kWh
Annual Cost Savings	\$2,759	
Total Project Cost	\$12,100	
Simple Payback	4.4	years

	Total CFM	O.A. CFM	O.A. %	
Org. scheduled CFM	15,000	5,000	33%	
Derated CFM	15,000	1,500	10%	
SA Enthalpy	26.4	BTU/lbma		
SA Set point, Winter	68.0	°F		
SA Set point, Summer	74.0	°F		
Heating "On" Point	55.0	°F		
Cooling System Eff.	1.1	kW/Ton		(Includes ancillary equipme
Heating System Eff.	80%			(Includes distribution losses

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-M8A: Install Demand Control Ventilation - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	l	JNIT COSTS		Sl	JBTOTAL COST	S	TOTAL COST	REMARKS
Description	QTT	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL COST	REWARKS
CO2 sensor	4	ea	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 1,760	\$ 540	\$-	\$ 2,300	
Replace damper actuators	1	ea	\$-	\$ 50	\$-	\$-	\$ 68	\$-	\$ 68	
Control system programming	1	ls	\$ 500	\$ 1,000	\$-	\$ 550	\$ 1,350	\$-	\$ 1,900	
electrical/wiring	1	ls	\$ 1,000	\$ 2,000	\$-	\$ 1,100	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 3,800	

\$ 8,068	Subtotal
\$ 1,614	20% Contingency
\$ 1,210	15% Contractor O&P
\$ 1,210	15% Engineering
\$ 12,100	Total

ECM-4: Re-commission Facility BAS and Integrate Existing HVAC Equipment

ECM Description Summary

The HVAC Building Automation System (BAS) controls consists of an outdated BAS for monitoring and sequencing all HVAC systems and equipment. Due to BAS condition and software, HVAC system sequencing, monitoring, scheduling and monitoring are limited; pneumatic control filed devices, instrument air tubing and compressor are also maintenance intensive. To reduce the energy used by HVAC systems, the BAS system requires replacement by a modern DDC control system with current software and functionality, and complete re-

50,000 Sq Footage

EXISTING CONDITIONS		
Existing Facility Total Electric usage	475,694	kWh
Existing Facility Total Gas usage	9,307	Therms
Existing Facility Cooling Electric usage	114,166	kWh ¹
Existing Facility Heating Natural Gas usage	7073.5	Therms ²
PROPOSED CONDITIONS		
Proposed Facility Cooling Electric Usage	102,750	kWh
Proposed Facility Natural Gas Usage	6366.2	Therms
SAVINGS		
Retro-Commissioning Electric Savings	11,400	kWh
Retro-Commissioning Natural Gas Savings	700	Therms
Total cost savings	\$ 2,058	
Estimated Total Project Cost	\$ 25,000	4
Simple Payback	12.1	years

Assumptions

- 1 24% of facility total electricity dedicated to Cooling; Source: E source, data from U.S. Energy Information Administration
- 2 76% of facility total natural gas dedicated to Heating; Source: E source, data from U.S. Energy Information Administration
- 3 10% Typical Savings associated with Retro-Commissioning of controls based on previous project experience
- 4 Based on \$0.50 / Sq Ft recommissioning cost

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364

ECM-5 Lighting Replacements

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Incentive	(without incentive)	(with incentive)
					Savings				
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$49,300	4.8	10,000	0	\$1,528	0	\$1,528	\$6,539	32.3	28.0

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

ECM-6 Install Occupancy Sensors

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Incentive	(without incentive)	(with incentive)
					Savings			,	,
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$4,540	0.0	30,200	0	\$3,582	0	\$3,582	\$690	1.3	1.1

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

ECM-7 Lighting Replacements with Occupancy Sensors

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
								(without	(with
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Incentive	incentive)	incentive)
					Savings				
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$53,868	4.8	3 35,400 0 \$4,540		0	\$4,540	\$7,229	11.9	10.3	

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-5 Lighting Replacements

				EXISTING CON	DITIONS							RETROFIT C	ONDITION	S					COS	ST & SAVINO	SS ANALY		
Area Descript		es Sta	andard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code		kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Number of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Retrofit Control	Annual Hours	kWh	Saved	Annual kW Saved	Saved	Retrofit Cost	NJ Smart Start Lighting Incentive	Sim Payb With Incen
eld Unique description of the location - F de name: Floor number (if ap		2T 40 R F(l	ixture Code" Example J) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w oor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	d Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated dail hours for the usage group	y (kW/space) * (Annual Hours)	No. of fixtures after the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of Fixtures)	Retrofit control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	* (Annual	kWh) - (Retrofit	(Original Annual kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	(\$/kWh)	Cost for renovations to lighting system	Prescriptive Lighting Measures	Length o for renov cost to b recovere
5 Vestibule5A Circulation Desk	6 10	2T 17 R F 3 4' 2-LAMP	· · · ·	F23ILL F42ILL	47 59	0.3	SW SW	2500 2500	705		2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F23ILL F42ILL	47 59	0.3	SW SW	2,500 2,500	705		0.0 0.0	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ 1.147.50	\$250	
A Room 106	1	4' 3-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.1	SW	2500	223	1	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.1	SW	2,500	223	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ -	φ200	
SA Room 107 SA Room 108	<u> </u>	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP	· · · · ·	F43ILL F43ILL	<u>89</u> 89	0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	378 2,459	2 13	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.2	SW SW	2,125 2,125	378 2,459		0.0 0.0	\$- \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-		<u> </u>
A Room 100	4	4' 3-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.4	SW	2125	757	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.4	SW	2,125	757	-	0.0	\$-	\$ -	\$100	<u> </u>
5A Room 101 5A Mechanical Room 102	2	4' 3-LAMP 4' 2-LAMP	· · · · ·	F43ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	445 251	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	89 59	0.2	SW SW	2,500 2,125	445 251		0.0 0.0	\$ - \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$229.50	\$50	<u> </u>
A Room 103	2	4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2,125	378		0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$50	<u> </u>
SA Room 104 SA Room 105	2	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP	· · · · ·	F43ILL F43ILL	<u>89</u> 89	0.2	SW SW	2125 2250	378 401	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.2	SW SW	2,125 2,250	378 401		0.0 0.0	\$ - \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-		<u> </u>
27 1st Floor Library	53	W60CF1		F81EL	60	3.2	SW	2250	7,155	53	CF42W	CF42/1-L	48	2.5	SW	2,250	5,724	,		\$ 215.06	\$ 4,770.00		22.2
5 Reference Area5A Reference Area	<u> </u>	2T 17 R F 3 4' 2-LAMP		F23ILL F42ILL	<u>47</u> 59	1.1 2.1	SW SW	2125 2125	2,297	23 36	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F23ILL F42ILL	47 59	2.1	SW SW	2,125 2,125	2,297		0.0 0.0	\$- \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$4,131.00		t
5A 1st Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	2125	376	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	2,125	376		0.0	\$-	\$ 344.25		<u> </u>
5A 1st Floor Women's Bathroom5 1st Floor Library	61	4' 2-LAMP 2T 17 R F 3	· · · ·	F42ILL F23ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	2000 2125	<u>354</u> 6,092	<u> </u>	<mark>4' 2-LAMP T-8</mark> 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F42ILL F23ILL	59 47	0.2	SW SW	2,000 2,125	354 6,092		0.0	\$- \$-	\$ 344.25 \$ -		t
5A South Stairway	8	4' 2-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.5	SW	2125	1,003	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.5	SW	2,125	1,003	-	0.0	\$-	\$ 918.00		L
5A North Stairway5A 3rd Floor Book Storage	8	4' 2-LAMP ⁻ 4' 2-LAMP ⁻		F42ILL F42ILL	<u>59</u> 59	0.5	SW SW	2125 2125	1,003 8,776	8 70	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.5	SW SW	2,125 2,125	1,003 8,776		0.0	\$- \$-	\$ 918.00 \$ 8.032.50		<u> </u>
1 3rd Floor Lobby	10	I 60		I60/1	60	0.6	SW	2125	1,275	10	CF 26	CFQ26/1-L	27	0.3	SW	2,125	574		0.0	\$ 106.70	\$ 405.00		3.8
5 Computer Lab 5A Room 301	52	2T 17 R F 3 4' 3-LAMP	· · · ·	F23ILL F43ILL	<u>47</u> 89	2.4	SW SW	2125 2125	5,194	52	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	47	0.2	SW SW	2,125 2,125	<u>5,194</u> 378		0.0	\$- \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$1,300	<u> </u>
5A Room 302	2	4' 3-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2,125	378		0.0	\$ -	\$ -		
5A Room 303 5A Room 303	2	4' 3-LAMP ⁻ 4' 3-LAMP ⁻	· · · · · ·	F43ILL F43ILL	<u>89</u> 89	0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	445 378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW SW	2,500 2,125	445		0.0	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -		
5A Room 304	2	4' 3-LAMP	· · · · · ·	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2,125	378		0.0	\$- \$-	\$ -		
A Room 305	2	4' 3-LAMP	· · · · ·	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.2	SW SW	500 2125	89	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW SW	500	89 378	-	0.0	\$ - ¢	\$ - ¢	\$50	
5A Room 306 5A 3rd Floor Library	72	4' 3-LAMP 4' 2-LAMP		F43ILL F42ILL	59	4.2	SW	2500	10,620	72	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	59	4.2	SW	2,125 2,500	10,620		0.0	ъ - \$ -	<u></u> \$ 8,262.00		t
5 Tutoring Center	62			F23ILL	47	2.9	SW	2500	7,285	62	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.9	SW	2,500	7,285		0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$1,550	
SA Room 308 SA Room 309	2	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL F43ILL	<u>89</u> 89	0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	445 378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW SW	2,500 2,125	445		0.0	\$ - \$-	<u> </u>	\$50	t
A Room 310	2	4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	1062.5	189	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	1,063	189		0.0	\$ -	\$-		
SA Room 311 SA Room 312	2	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	2125 1062.5	378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW SW	2,125 1,063	378 189		0.0	\$ - \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-		<u> </u>
5A 3rd Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	1062.5	188	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	1,063	188		0.0	\$ -	\$ 344.25		
5A 3rd Floor Women's Bathroom5A 3rd Floor Book Shelves	<u> </u>	4' 2-LAMP 4' 2-LAMP		F42ILL F42ILL	<u>59</u> 59	0.2	SW SW	2125 500	376	3 48	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.2	SW SW	2,125 500	376		0.0 0.0	\$- \$-	\$ 344.25 \$ 5,508.00		t
5 2nd Floor Lobby	63	2T 17 R F 3	3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	3.0	SW	500	1,481	63	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	3.0	SW	500	1,481	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ -		
52nd Floor Lobby272nd Floor Lobby	108	2T 17 R F 3 W60CF1	3 (ELE)	F23ILL F81EL	<u> </u>	5.1	SW SW	500 2125	2,538 2,678	108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL CF42/1-L	47	5.1	SW SW	500 2,125	2,538		0.0	\$- \$81.48	<u></u>		23.2
5 Testing & Assesment	40	2T 17 R F 3		F23ILL	47	1.9	SW	1062.5	1,998	40	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	1.9	SW	1,063	1,998	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ -		
SA Room 202 SA Room 203	4	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.4	SW SW	2125 1062.5	757	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.4	SW SW	2,125 1,063	757		0.0 0.0	\$ - \$ -	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$14	<u> </u>
5A Room 204	2	4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2250	401	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2,250	401		0.0	\$- \$-	\$ -		
5A 2nd Floor Men's Bathroom5A 2nd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP ⁻ 4' 2-LAMP ⁻		F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.2	SW SW	2250 500	398	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59	0.2	SW SW	2,250 500	398		0.0	\$- ¢	\$ 344.25 \$ 344.25		
A Room 206 - A	3	4' 3-LAMP	· · · · · ·	F42ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	520	139	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	520	139		0.0	ъ - \$ -	<u>\$ 344.25</u> \$ -		<u> </u>
A Room 206 - B	6	4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL	89	0.5	SW	520	278	6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.5	SW	520	278		0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$50	
SA Room 206 - C 5 Room 206 - D	10	4' 3-LAMP 2T 17 R F 3		F43ILL F23ILL	<u>89</u> 47	0.2	SW SW	520 500	235	۷	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F43ILL F23ILL	47	0.2	SW SW	520 500	93 235		0.0	\$ - \$-	<u> </u>	\$5U	t
5A Room 201	1	4' 2-LAMP		F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	4380	258		4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	4,380	258		0.0	\$-	\$ 114.75		I
5A Basement Cooridor27 Basement Cooridor	32	4' 2-LAMP W60CF1	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F81EL	<u>59</u> 60	1.9 0.4	SW SW	4380 8760	8,269 3,154	<u>32</u> 6	4' 2-LAMP T-8 CF42W	F42ILL CF42/1-L	59 48	1.9 0.3	SW SW	4,380 8,760	8,269 2,523		0.0 0.1	\$- \$79.94	\$ 3,672.00 \$ 540.00		6.8
5 Basement Room - 008	4	2T 17 R F 3		F23ILL	47	0.2	SW	8760	1,647	4	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.2	SW	8,760	1,647	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ -		
5A Basement Room - 0085A Basement Room - 006	15	4' 3-LAMP 4' 2-LAMP		F43ILL F42ILL	<u>89</u> 59	1.3	SW SW	2125 2125	2,837	15	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	89 59	1.3	SW SW	2,125 2,125	2,837 125		0.0	\$- \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$114.75	\$375 \$25	t
5A Basement Room - 005	10	4' 2-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.6	SW	500	295	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.6	SW	500	295	-	0.0	\$-	\$ 1,147.50		
Basement Room - 003Basement Room - 002	3	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP	\ /	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.3	SW SW	500 8760	9,356		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.3	SW SW	500 8,760	<u>134</u> 9,356		0.0	\$- \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$75 \$300	<u> </u>
A Basement Room - 012	21	4' 3-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.9	SW	500	935	21	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.1	SW	500	935	-	0.0	\$ <u>-</u>	\$-	\$525	
5A Basement Room - 013	1	4' 2-LAMP		F42ILL	59 89	0.1	SW	3285	194	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	3,285	194		0.0	\$ - ¢	\$ 114.75 ¢		
SABasement Room - 011SABasement Room - 009	<u> </u>	4' 3-LAMP 4' 3-LAMP		F43ILL F43ILL	89	1.8	SW SW	3285 8760	5,847 12,474	16	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	1.8	SW SW	3,285 8,760	5,847 12,474		0.0	 	р - \$ -	\$500 \$400	
5A Basement Room - 010	1	4' 2-LAMP	T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	8760	517	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	8,760	517	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ 114.75		<u> </u>
5A Basement Mechanical Room46 Exterior	15	4' 2-LAMP High Bay M		F42ILL 	59 458	0.9	SW SW	500 2125	6.813	15 7	4' 2-LAMP T-8 P 54 C F 4	F42ILL FC20	59 20	0.9	SW SW	500 2,125	443 298		0.0 3.1	\$- \$991.32	\$ 1,721.25 \$ 2,100.00		2.1
59 Exterior	2	SP 250 MH		MH250/1	295	0.6	SW	500	295	2	FXLED78	FXLED78/1	78	0.2	SW	500	78	217		\$ 56.68	\$ 1,411.00	\$50	24.9
Total	1,019)				63.1			134,640	1,019			4,826	58.3			124,609	10,031	4.8	\$1,531	\$49,300	\$6,539	└──
																		nd Savings n Savings		4.8 10,000	<u>\$341</u> \$1,186		t
																		g_	I	,	\$1,528	<u> </u>	32

Cost of Electricity: \$0.119 \$/kWh

\$5.94 \$/kW

nple	
/back	
h Out	Simple
entive	Payback
n of time	Length of time for
ovations	renovations cost to
be	be recovered
ered	
	ļ
	<u> </u>
12.0	22.2
22.2	22.2
3.8	3.8
-	
	ļ
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
23.2	23.2
	۷۵.۷
6.8	6.8
	ļ
	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>
2 1	1.0
2.1 24.9	1.9 24.0
	∠٦.∪
2.3	20.0
2.3	28.0

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-6 Install Occupancy Sensors

			EXISTING CO	NDITIONS							RETROFIT	CONDITION	S					CO	ST & SAVIN	IGS ANALYS			
																					NJ Smart	Simple	
	No. of			Watts per		Exist	Annual		Number of			Watts per		Retrofit	Annual	Annual	Annual kW	h Annual kW	Annual \$	Retrofit	Start Lighting	Payback With Out	
Area Description	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Co		kW/Space	Control	Hours	Annual kWh	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code		kW/Space	Control	Hours	kWh	Saved	Saved	Saved	Cost			
Unique description of the location - Room	No. of fixtures	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Code from Table of Standa		(Watts/Fixt) *	Pre-inst.	Estimated	· · · /	No. of fixtures	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Code from Table of		(Watts/Fixt) *	Retrofit				al (Original Annua	l (kW Saved) *	Cost for		Length of time	e Length
number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	before the retrofit	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard	(Fixt No.)	control device	annual hours for the usage	(Annual Hours)	after the retrofit	. ,	Standard Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard	(Number of Fixtures)	control device	annual hours for the usage	* (Annual Hours)	kWh) - (Retro Annual kWh)	fit kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	(\$/kWh)	renovations to lighting		for renovations cost to be	ns renovati be re
				Fixture			group				, and get	Fixture			group	,	,	,		system		recovered	
				Wattages								Wattages											
Vestibule	6	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.3	SW	2500	705.0		2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.3	None		705.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Circulation Desk Room 106	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.6	SW SW	2500 2500	1,475.0 222.5		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.6	None None	2500 2500	1,475.0 222.5	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Room 107	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378.3	8 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	C-OCC		213.6	164.7	0.0	\$19.53	\$202.50		1.1	.1
Room 108	13	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	1.2 0.4	SW SW	2125 2125	2,458.6 756.5		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	<u> </u>	000-0	1200	1,388.4 427.2	1,070.2 329.3	0.0	\$126.94 \$39.06	\$202.50 \$202.50			2
Room 100 Room 101	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.4	SW	2500	445.0		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.4	C-OCC None		445.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	5.9	9
Mechanical Room 102	2	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	2125	250.8	2	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.1	000		141.6	109.2	0.0	\$12.95	\$118.75	\$20.00	9.2	
Room 103 Room 104	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	378.3	3 2 3 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	00C 000		213.6 213.6	164.7 164.7	0.0	\$19.53 \$19.53	\$118.75 \$118.75	\$20.00 \$20.00	6.1 6.1	
Room 105	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2250	400.5	5 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	C-OCC	1000	178.0	222.5	0.0	\$26.39	\$202.50	\$35.00	7.7	
1st Floor Library Reference Area	53 23	W60CF1 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F81EL F23ILL	60	3.2	SW SW	2250 2125	7,155.0 2,297.1		W60CF1 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F81EL F23ILL	60	3.2	000-0 000	1000 1200	3,180.0 1,297.2	3,975.0 999.9	0.0	\$471.47 \$118.60	+	\$35.00 \$20.00	0.4	
Reference Area	36	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	2.1	SW	2125	4,513.5	<u> </u>	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	2.1	OCC	1200	2,548.8	1,964.7	0.0	\$233.03	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.5	
1st Floor Men's Bathroom 1st Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.2	SW SW	2125 2000	376.1 354.0	-	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.2	00C 000	1200 1000	212.4 177.0	163.7	0.0	\$19.42 \$20.99		\$20.00 \$0.00	6.1 5.7	
1st Floor Library	61	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F42ILL F23ILL	47	2.9	SW	2000	6,092.4		2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F42ILL F23ILL	47	2.9	000		3,440.4	2,652.0	0.0	\$20.99 \$314.55		\$0.00 \$20.00	0.4	
South Stairway	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.5	SW	2125	1,003.0	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.5	OCC	1200	566.4	436.6	0.0	\$51.78	\$118.75	\$20.00	2.3	1
North Stairway 3rd Floor Book Storage	8 70	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.5	SW SW	2125 2125	1,003.0 8,776.3	8 70	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	<u>59</u>	0.5	000 000	1200 1200	566.4 4,956.0	436.6 3.820.3	0.0	\$51.78 \$453.11	+ · · · · ·	\$20.00 \$20.00	2.3 0.3	
3rd Floor Lobby	10	160	I60/1	60	0.6	SW	2125	1,275.0		1 60	l60/1	60	0.6	OCC	1200	720.0	555.0	0.0	\$65.83	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.4	.4
Computer Lab Room 301	52	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	47 89	2.4 0.2	SW	2125 2125	5,193.5 378.3		2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	47	2.4 0.2	00C 00C		2,932.8 213.6	2,260.7 164 7	0.0	\$268.14 \$19.53	\$118.75 \$118.75	\$20.00 \$20.00	0.4	4
Room 302	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378.3	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	000		213.6	164.7	0.0	\$19.53 \$19.53	\$118.75	\$20.00 \$20.00	6.1	
Room 303	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2500	445.0	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	2500	445.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Room 303	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378.3	8 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	000		213.6	164.7	0.0	\$19.53	\$118.75	\$20.00	6.1	
Room 304 Room 305	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125 500	378.3	8 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	OCC None	1000 500	178.0 89.0	200.3	0.0	\$23.75 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	5.0	
Room 306	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378.3	2 2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2		1200	213.6	164.7	0.0	\$0.00 \$19.53	\$118.75	\$20.00	6.1	
3rd Floor Library	72	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	4.2	SW	2500	10,620.0		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	4.2	None	2500	10,620.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Tutoring Center Room 308	62 2	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	47	2.9 0.2	SW SW	2500 2500	7,285.0) <u>62</u>) 2	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	2.9	None None	2500 2500	7,285.0 445.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Room 309	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	2125	378.3	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	OCC	1200	213.6	164.7	0.0	\$19.53	\$118.75	\$0.00	6.1	
Room 310 Room 311	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	1062.5 2125	189.1 378.3		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	None OCC	1062.5 1200	189.1 213.6	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$19.53	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$20.00	6.1	
Room 312	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	1062.5	189.1	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	1062.5	189.1	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	0.1	
3rd Floor Men's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	1062.5	188.1	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.2	None	1062.5	188.1	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
3rd Floor Women's Bathroom 3rd Floor Book Shelves	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	2125 500	376.1	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	59	0.2	OCC None	1200 500	212.4 1,416.0	163.7	0.0	\$19.42 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	6.1	
2nd Floor Lobby	63	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	3.0	SW	500	1,480.5	63	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	3.0	None	500		0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
2nd Floor Lobby	108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	5.1	SW	500	2,538.0	108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	5.1	None	500	2,538.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
2nd Floor Lobby	21		F81EL	60	1.3	SW	2125	2,677.5	5 <u>21</u>		F81EL	60	1.3	OCC	1200	1,512.0	1,165.5	0.0	\$138.24	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.9	
Testing & Assesment Room 202	40	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	89	1.9 0.4	SW	1062.5 2125	1,997.5 756.5	<u> </u>	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	89	0.4	None OCC	1062.5 1200	1,997.5 427.2	0.0 329.3	0.0	\$0.00 \$39.06	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$0.00	3.0	
Room 203	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	SW	1062.5	189.1		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	1062.5		0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Room 204	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW SW	2250	400.5	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	None	2250	400.5	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
2nd Floor Men's Bathroom 2nd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	59	0.2	SW	2250 500	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	59	0.2	None None	2250 500	398.3 88.5	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Room 206 - A	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.3	SW	520	138.8	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.3	None	520	138.8	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Room 206 - B	6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.5	SW	520	277.7	6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.5	C-0CC		208.3	69.4	0.0	\$8.23	\$202.50	\$35.00	24.6	
Room 206 - C Room 206 - D	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F43ILL F23ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	SW	520 500	92.6 235.0	<u> </u>	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F43ILL F23ILL	89	0.2	None None	520 500	92.6 235.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Room 201	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.5	SW	4380	258.4	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.5	None	4380	258.4	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Basement Cooridor	32	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	1.9	SW	4380	8,269.4		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	1.9	None		8,269.4	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		_
Basement Cooridor Basement Room - 008	6 4	W60CF1 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F81EL F23ILL	60 47	0.4	SW SW	8760 8760	<u>3,153.6</u> 1,646.9	1	W60CF1 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F81EL F23ILL	<u> </u>	0.4	None None	8760 8760	3,153.6 1,646.9	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		+
Basement Room - 008	15	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.3	SW	2125	2,836.9	15	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.3	000	1200	1,602.0	1,234.9	0.0	\$146.47	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.8	.8
Basement Room - 006 Basement Room - 005	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.1	SW SW	2125 500	125.4 295.0		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	<u>59</u>	0.1	OCC None	1200 500	70.8 295.0	54.6 0.0	0.0	\$6.47 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	18.3	3
Basement Room - 003	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F43ILL	89	0.8	SW	500	133.5		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.8	None	500	295.0 133.5	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Basement Room - 002	12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.1	SW	8760	9,355.7		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.1	None		9,355.7	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Basement Room - 012 Basement Room - 013	21	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	1.9 0.1	SW SW	500 3285	934.5		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL	<u>89</u> 59	<u> </u>	None OCC		934.5 107.7	0.0 86.1	0.0	\$0.00 \$10.22	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$20.00	11.6	
Basement Room - 011	20	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.8	SW	3285	5,847.3	3 20	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.8	000	1825	3,248.5	2,598.8	0.0	\$308.24	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.4	1
Basement Room - 009 Basement Room - 010	16	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL	<u>89</u> 59	1.4	SW	8760 8760	<u>12,474.2</u> 516.8		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL	<u>89</u> 59	1.4	None None	8760 8760	12,474.2 516.8	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
Basement Mechanical Room	15	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.1	SW	500	442.5		4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	59	0.9	None		442.5	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
Exterior	7	High Bay MH 400	MH400/1	458	3.2	SW	2125	6,812.8	7	High Bay MH 400	MH400/1	458	3.2			3,206.0	3,606.8	0.0	\$427.79	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	0.3	
Exterior	2 1,019	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	0.6 63.1	577	500	295.0 134,640	2 1,019	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	0.6 63	None		295.0 104,476	30.164	0.0 0	\$0.00 \$3,600	\$0.00 \$4,540	\$0.00 690		
Total									-,	-		-		1		· · · · ·				· /- · ·	-		

Cost of Electricity: \$0.119 \$/kWh

\$5.94 \$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Wolverton Library) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-7 Lighting Replacements with Occupancy Sensors

Cost of E

				EXISTIN	IG CONDITIONS							RETROFIT C	ONDITION	S					CO	ST & SAVIN	I <mark>gs analys</mark>	IS		
																						NJ Smart Start	Simple Payback	
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixt	Watts pe ure Code Fixture		Exist Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Number of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Retrofit Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Annual kWh Saved	Annual kW Saved	Annual \$ Saved	Retrofit Cost	Lighting	With Out Incentive	Simple Payback
	nique description of the location - Room number/Room	No. of fixtures	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Code from Table	of Standard Value from	(Watts/Fixt) *	Pre-inst.	Estimated daily ((kW/space) *	No. of fixtures	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Code from Table of	Value from	(Watts/Fixt) *	Retrofit	Estimated	(kW/space)	(Original Annual	(Original Annual	(kWh Saved) *	Cost for	Prescriptive	Length of time	e Length of time f
Code	name: Floor number (if applicable)	before the retrofit	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard	(Fixt No.)	control device	hours for the (usage group	(Annual Hours)	after the retrofit	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Standard Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard	(Number of Fixtures)		annual hours for the usage	* (Annual Hours)	kWh) - (Retrofit Annual kWh)	kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	(\$/kWh)		0 0	for renovations cost to be	s renovations cost be recovered
					Fixture Wattages								Fixture Wattages			group							recovered	
55 \/o	ostibulo	6	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL		17 0.3	SW	2500	705	6	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	E23II I	47	0.3	Nono	2,500	705		0.0	¢	¢	¢		_
	irculation Desk	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.6	SW	2500	1,475		4' 2-LAMP T-8	F23ILL F42ILL	59	0.5	None None	2,500	1,475	- (0.0	\$ -	ہ ۔ \$ 1,147.50	\$ <u>-</u> \$ 250		
35A Ro 35A Ro		1	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.1 39 0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	223 378	1	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u>89</u>	0.1	None C-OCC	2,500	223 214		0.0	\$- \$19.53	\$ - \$ 202.50	\$ - \$ 35	10.4	8.6
35A Ro	oom 108	13	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 1.2	SW	2125	2,459	13	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.2	C-OCC	1,200	1,388	1,070	0.0	\$ 126.94	\$ 202.50	\$ 35	1.6	1.3
35A Ro 35A Ro		4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.4 39 0.2	SW SW	2125 2500	757 445	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.4	C-OCC None	<u>1,200</u> 2,500	427 445	329	0.0 0.0	\$ 39.06 \$ -	\$ 202.50 \$ -	\$ 135 \$ 50	5.2	1.7
175A Me	lechanical Room 102	2	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.1	SW	2125 2125	251	2	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.1	000	1,200	142	109	0.0	\$ 12.95 * 12.95	\$ 348.25		26.9	25.4
35A Ro 35A Ro		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW SW	2125	378 378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	000	<u> </u>	214 214			\$ 19.53 \$ 19.53	\$ 118.75 \$ 118.75		6.1 6.1	5.1
35A Ro		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 0.2 30 3.2	SW SW	2250 2250	401	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	0.000	1,000	178	220		\$ 26.39 \$ 502.24	\$ 202.50 \$ 4.072.50		7.7	6.3
	st Floor Library eference Area	23	W60CF1 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F81EL F23ILL		47 1.1	SW	2250	7,155 2,297	23	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	CF42/1-L F23ILL	48 47	1.1	230-3 230	1,000	2,544 1,297			\$ 592.24 \$ 118.60	\$4,972.50\$118.75		8.4 1.0	0.8
	eference Area st Floor Men's Bathroom	36	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL		59 2.1 59 0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	4,514	36	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	2.1	00C 000	1,200	2,549 212	1,965 164		\$ 233.03 \$ 19.42	\$ 4,249.75 \$ 463.00		18.2 23.8	18.2 22.8
175A 1st	st Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.2 59 0.2	SW	2125	354		4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.2	OCC	1,200	177	177	0.0	\$ 20.99	\$ 463.00	\$-	22.1	22.8
	st Floor Library outh Stairway	61 8	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F42ILL		17 2.9 59 0.5	SW SW	2125	6,092 1,003	61 8	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F23ILL F42ILL	47 59	2.9	000 000	1,200	3,440 566			\$ 314.55 \$ 51.78	\$ 118.75 \$ 1,036.75		0.4 20.0	0.3
175A No	orth Stairway	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.5 59 0.5	SW	2125	1,003	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.5	OCC	1,200	566	437	0.0	\$ 51.78	\$ 1,036.75	\$ 20	20.0	19.6
	rd Floor Book Storage rd Floor Lobby	70 10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL 160/1		59 <u>4.1</u> 50 0.6	SW SW	2125	<u>8,776</u> 1.275	70	4' 2-LAMP T-8 CE 26	F42ILL CFQ26/1-L	59 27	4.1	000 000	1,200	4,956 324	,		\$ 453.11 \$ 136.32	\$ 8,151.25 \$ 523.75		18.0 3.8	<u> </u>
55 Co	omputer Lab	52	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL		47 2.4	SW	2125	5,194	52	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.4	000	1,200	2,933	2,261	0.0	\$ 268.14	\$ 118.75	\$ 1,320	0.4	-4.5
35A Ro 35A Ro		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	<u> </u>	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	000 000	<u>1,200</u> 1.200	214 214	165 165	0.0	\$ 19.53 \$ 19.53	\$ 118.75 \$ 118.75		6.1 6.1	5.1
35A Ro	oom 303	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 0.2	SW	2500	445	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	2,500	445	- (0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
35A Ro 35A Ro		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	<u> </u>	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	000 000	1,200	214 178	165 200		\$ 19.53 \$ 23.75	\$ 118.75 \$ 118.75		6.1 5.0	<u>5.1</u> 4.2
35A Ro	oom 305	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		<u> </u>	SW	500	89	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	500	00	- (0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 50	0.4	
35A Ro 175A 3ro	oom 306 rd Floor Library	72	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL		<u> </u>	SW	2125 2500	<u> </u>	72	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	4.2	OCC None	2,500	214 10,620	165 -	0.0	<u>\$ 19.53</u> \$ -	\$ 118.75 \$ 8,262.00		6.1	5.1
55 Tu	utoring Center	62	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL F43ILL		47 <u>2.9</u>	SW SW	2500	7,285	62	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	2.9	None	2,500	7,285	- (0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,550 \$ 50		
35A Ro 35A Ro		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW	2500 2125	445 378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.2	None OCC	2,500 1,200	445 214	- 165	0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$19.53	\$ 118.75	\$50 \$-	6.1	6.1
35A Ro 35A Ro	oom 310	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW SW	1062.5	189 378	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.2	None OCC	1,063	189 214	- 165	0.0	\$- \$19.53	\$- \$118.75	\$ - \$ 20	6.1	5 1
35A R0		2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 0.2 39 0.2	SW	1062.5	189	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	None	1,063	189	-	0.0	\$ 19.55 \$ -	\$ 110.75 \$ -	\$ 20 \$ -	0.1	
	rd Floor Men's Bathroom rd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL		59 0.2	SW SW	1062.5	188	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.2	None	1,063	188	- 164	0.0	\$- \$19.42	\$ 344.25 \$ 463.00		23.8	22.8
	rd Floor Book Shelves	48	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.2 59 2.8	SW	500	1,416	48	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	2.8	None	500	1,416		0.0	\$ 19.42 \$ -	\$ 403.00 \$ 5,508.00		23.0	
	nd Floor Lobby nd Floor Lobby	63 108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL F23ILL		47 <u>3.0</u> 47 <u>5</u> 1	SW SW	500	<u>1,481</u> 2,538	63 108	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL F23ILL	47	3.0	None None	<u>500</u>	1,481 2,538		0.0	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$ - \$ -		+
227 2n	nd Floor Lobby	21	W60CF1	F81EL		50 1.3	SW	2125	2,678	21	CF42W	CF42/1-L	48	1.0	OCC	1,200	1,210	1,468	0.3	\$ 192.07	\$ 2,008.75	\$ 20	10.5	10.4
55 Te 35A Ro	esting & Assesment oom 202	40	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL		47 <u>1.9</u> 39 0.4	SW SW	1062.5 2125	<u>1,998</u> 757	40	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F23ILL F43ILL	47	0.4	None OCC	1,063	1,998 427	- 329	0.0 0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$39.06	<u>\$</u> - \$118.75	\$- \$-	3.0	3.0
35A Ro	oom 203	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		0.2	SW	1062.5	189	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89		None			- (0.0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14		
35A Ro 175A 2n	oom 204 nd Floor Men's Bathroom	2 3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL		39 0.2 59 0.2	SW SW	2250 2250	401 398	2 3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.2	None None	2,250 2,250	401 398	- (0.0 0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$344.25	\$ - \$-		
175A 2n	nd Floor Women's Bathroom	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.2 89 0.3	SW	500	89	3	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.2	None	500	09	-	0.0	\$ -	\$ 344.25			<u> </u>
	oom 206 - A oom 206 - B	<u> </u>	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		0.3 39 0.5	SW SW	520 520	139 278	6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.3	None C-OCC	520 390	139 208	- 69	0.0	\$- \$8.23	\$ - \$ 202.50	Φ - \$35	24.6	20.3
35A Ro	oom 206 - C	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F23ILL		39 0.2	SW SW	520 500	93	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89 47	0.2	None	520 500	93	- (0.0	\$ - \$	\$ - \$	\$ 50		
175A Ro	oom 206 - D oom 201	1	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		47 0.5 59 0.1	SW	4380	235 258	10	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE) <mark>4' 2-LAMP T-8</mark>	F23ILL F42ILL	47 59	0.5	None None	4,380	258	- (0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$ - \$ 114.75			
	asement Cooridor asement Cooridor	32	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) W60CF1	F42ILL F81EL		59 1.9 60 0.4	SW SW	4380 8760	8,269 3,154	32	4' 2-LAMP T-8 CF42W	F42ILL CF42/1-L	59 48	1.9	None None	4,380 8,760	8,269 2,523		0.0	\$- \$79.94	\$ 3,672.00 \$ 540.00		6.8	6.8
55 Ba	asement Room - 008	4	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL		47 0.2	SW	8760	1,647	4	2T 17 R F 3 (ELE)	F23ILL	47	0.2	None	8,760	1,647	- (0.0	\$ -	\$-	\$-		
	asement Room - 008 asement Room - 006	15 1	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F42ILL		39 1.3 59 0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	2,837 125	15	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F43ILL F42ILL	<u>89</u> 59	<u> </u>	000 000	1,200	1,602 71	1,235 55	0.0	\$ 146.47 \$ 6.47	\$ 118.75 \$ 233.50		0.8 36.1	-1.9 29.1
175A Ba	asement Room - 005	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL		59 0.6	SW	500	295	10	4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL	59	0.6	None	500	235		0.0	\$ 0.47 \$ -	\$ 233.30 \$ 1,147.50			
	asement Room - 003 asement Room - 002	3 12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL		39 0.3 39 1.1	SW SW	500 8760	<u>134</u> 9,356	3 12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	<u> </u>	0.3	None None	500 8,760	134 9,356		0.0 0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$-	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$ 75 \$ 300		+
35A Ba	asement Room - 012	21	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 1.9	SW	500	935	21	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.9	None	500	935	- (0.0	\$ - \$ 10.00	\$ - \$ -	\$ 525	00.0	
	asement Room - 013 asement Room - 011	1 20	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F43ILL		59 0.1 39 1.8	SW SW	3285 3285	<u> </u>	1 20	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F43ILL	59 89	0.1	000 000	1,825	108 3,249	00	0.0	\$ 10.22 \$ 308.24			22.9 0.4	<u>18.4</u> -1.3
35A Ba	asement Room - 009	16	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL		39 1.4	SW	8760	12,474	16	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	1.4	None	8,760	12,474	- (0.0	\$ -	\$-	\$ 400		<u> </u>
	asement Room - 010 asement Mechanical Room	15	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL		59 0.1 59 0.9	SW SW	8760 500	517 443	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	<u> </u>	0.1	None None	8,760 500	517 443		0.0	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$114.75\$1,721.25			
146 Ex	xterior	7	High Bay MH 400 SP 250 MH ROOF	MH400/ MH250/	1 4	58 <u>3.2</u>	SW SW	2125 500	6,813 295	7	P 54 C F 4 FXLED78	FC20	20	0.1	000	1,000	140	6,673 217		\$ 1,010.00 \$ 56.68	\$ 2,218.75	\$ 175	2.2 24.9	2.0
169 Ex To	xterior otal	 1,019		VIC29U/	·	63.1	300	500	295 134,640	2 1,019		FXLED78/1	/8	0.2 58.3	None	500	78 99,228	217	0.4 4.8	\$ 56.68 \$4,500	\$ 1,411.00 \$ 53,867.75		∠4.9	24.0
																		nd Savings		4.8	\$341			
																	ı kWł	n Savings		35,400	\$4,199		1	1

Electricity:	\$0.119 \$/kWh
	\$5.94 \$/kW

APPENDIX D

New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program

About Us | Press Room | Library | FAQs | Calendar | Newsletters | (



HOME

COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

PROGRAMS

NJ SMARTSTART BUILDINGS

PAY FOR PERFORMANCE

EXISTING BUILDINGS

PARTICIPATION STEPS

APPLICATIONS AND FORMS

APPROVED PARTNERS

NEW CONSTRUCTION

FAQS

BECOME A PARTNER

COMBINED HEAT & POWER AND FUEL CELLS

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENERGY AUDIT

LARGE ENERGY USERS PILOT

ENERGY SAVINGS IMPROVEMENT PLAN

DIRECT INSTALL

ARRA

ENERGY BENCHMARKING

OIL, PROPANE & MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS

TEACH

EDA PROGRAMS

TECHNOLOGIES

TOOLS AND RESOURCES

PROGRAM UPDATES

Home » Commercial & Industrial » Programs » Pay for Performance

RESIDENTIAL

Pay for Performance - Existing Buildings

Download program applications and incentive forms.

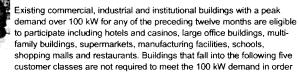
The Greater the Savings, the Greater Your Incentives

Take a comprehensive, whole-building approach to saving energy in your existing facilities and eam incentives that are directly linked to your savings. Pay for Performance relies on a network of

program partners who provide technical services under direct contract to you. Acting as your energy expert, your partner will develop an energy reduction plan for each project with a whole-building technical component of a traditional energy audit, a financial plan for funding the energy efficient measures and a construction schedule for installation.

COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Eligibility



to participate in the program: hospitals, public colleges and universities, 501(c)(3) non-profits, affordable multifamily housing, and local governmental entities. Your energy reduction plan must define a comprehensive package of measures capable of reducing the existing energy consumption of your building by 15% or more.

Exceptions to the 15% threshold requirement may be made for certain industrial, manufacturing, water treatment and datacenter building types whose annual energy consumption is heavily weighted on process loads. Details are available in the high energy intensity section of the FAQ page.

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager

Pay for Performance takes advantage of the ENERGY STAR Program with Portfolio Manager, EPA's interactive tool that allows facility managers to track and evaluate energy and water consumption across all of their buildings. The tool provides the opportunity to load in the characteristics and energy usage of your buildings and determine an energy performance benchmark score. You can then assess energy management goals over time, identify strategic

opportunities for savings, and receive EPA recognition for superior energy performance.

This rating system assesses building performance by tracking and scoring energy use in your facilities and comparing it to similar buildings. That can be a big help in locating opportunities for cost-justified energy efficiency upgrades. And, based on our findings, you may be invited to participate in the Building Performance with ENERGY STAR initiative and receive special recognition as an industry leader in energy efficiency.

Incentives

Pay for Performance incentives are awarded upon the satisfactory completion of three program milestones:

Incentive #1 - Submittal of complete energy reduction plan prepared by an approved program partner - Contingent on moving forward, incentives will be between \$5,000 and \$50,000 based on approximately \$.10 per square foot, not to exceed 50% of the facility's

annual energy expense. Incentive #2 - Installation of recommended measures -Incentives are based on the projected level of electricity and natural gas savings resulting from the installation of comprehensive energy-efficiency measures. Incentive #3 - Completion of Post-Construction Benchmarking Report - A completed report verifying energy reductions based on one year of post-



ENERGY STAF

implementation results. Incentives for electricity and natural gas savings will be paid based on actual savings, provided that the minimum performance threshold of 15% savings has been achieved.



Program

Large Scale CHI Program Annour

2012 Large Ene Announcement

Economic Devel Introduces Revc Pay for Perform:

Incentives Now . Screw-in Lamps

Other updates pos







Follow Us:

CONTACT US

A detailed Incentive Structure document is available on the applications and forms page.

Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund (EE RLF)

New Jersey-based commercial, institutional or industrial entities (including 501(c)(3) organizations) that have received an approved energy reduction plan under Pay for Performance may be eligible for supplemental financing through the EE RLF. The financing, in the form of low-interest loans, can be used to support up to 80% of total eligible project costs, not to exceed \$2.5 million or 100% of total eligible project costs from all public state funding sources. Visit the NJ EDA website for details.

Steps to Participation

Click here for a step-by-step description of the program.

Home | Residential | Commercial & Industrial | Renewable Energy About Us | Press Room | Library | FAQs | Calendar | Newsletters | Contact Us | Site Map







2012 PAY FOR PERFORMANCE PROGRAM Existing Buildings Incentive Structure

Incentive #1: Energy Reduction Plan

Incentive Amount:......\$0.10 per sq ft Minimum Incentive:.....\$5,000 Maximum Incentive:......\$50,000 or 50% of facility annual energy cost (whichever is less)

This incentive is designed to offset the cost of services associated with the development of the Energy Reduction Plan (ERP) and is paid upon ERP approval. Incentive is contingent on implementation of recommended measures outlined in the ERP.

Incentive #2: Installation of Recommended Measures

Minimum	Performance	Target:	15%	
		C.a	c Incontivos	

Electric Incentives	<u>Gas Incentives</u>
Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.09 per projected kWh saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.005 per projected kWh saved Maximum Incentive:\$0.11 per projected kWh saved	Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.90 per projected Therm saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.05 per projected Therm saved Maximum Incentive:\$1.25 per projected Therm saved
Incentive Cap:	

This incentive is based on projected energy savings outlined in the ERP. Incentive is paid upon successful installation of recommended measures.

Incentive #3: Post-Construction Benchmarking Report

Minimum Performance Target:15%											
Electric Incentives	Gas Incentives										
Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.09 per actual kWh saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.005 per actual kWh saved Maximum Incentive:\$0.11 per actual kWh saved	Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.90 per actual Therm saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.05 per actual Therm saved Maximum Incentive:										
Incentive Cap:											

This incentive will be released upon submittal of a Post-Construction Benchmarking Report that verifies that the level of savings actually achieved by the installed measures meets or exceeds the minimum performance threshold. To validate the savings and achievement of the Energy Target, the EPA Portfolio Manager shall be used. Savings should be rounded to the nearest percent. Total value of Incentive #2 and Incentive #3 may not exceed 50% of the total project cost. Incentives will be limited to \$1 million per gas and electric account per building; maximum of \$2 million per project. See Participation Agreement for details.

New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program

Note: The following calculation is based on the New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program per April, 2012. Building must have a minimum average electric demand of 100 kW. This minimum is waived for buildings owned by local governements or non-profit organizations.

Values used in this calculation are for measures with a positive return on investment (ROI) only.

Total Building Area (Square Feet)	50,000
Is this audit funded by NJ BPU (Y/N)	Yes
Board of Public Utilites (BPU)	

Incentive #1											
Audit is funded by NJ BPU	\$0.10	\$/sqft									

	Annual Utilities				
	kWh	Therms			
Existing Cost (from utility)	\$63,519	\$6,752			
Existing Usage (from utility)	475,694	9,307			
Proposed Savings	116,487	3,651			
Existing Total MMBtus	2,5	54			
Proposed Savings MMBtus	76	63			
% Energy Reduction	29.9%				
Proposed Annual Savings	\$18,200				

	Min (Savings = 15%)		Increase (Sa	vings > 15%)	Max Inc	entive	Achieved Incentive		
	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm	
Incentive #2	\$0.09	\$0.90	\$0.005	\$0.05	\$0.11	\$1.25	\$0.11	\$1.25	
Incentive #3	\$0.09	\$0.90	\$0.005	\$0.05	\$0.11	\$1.25	\$0.11	\$1.25	

		Incentives	\$
	Elec	Gas	Total
Incentive #1	\$0	\$0	\$5,000
Incentive #2	\$12,814	\$4,564	\$17,378
Incentive #3	\$12,814	\$4,564	\$17,378
Total All Incentives	\$25,627	\$9,129	\$39,756

Total Project Cost	\$217,668	
		Allowable Incentive
% Incentives #1 of Utility Cost*	7.1%	\$5,000
% Incentives #2 of Project Cost**	8.0%	\$17,378
% Incentives #3 of Project Cost**	8.0%	\$17,378
Total Eligible Incentives***	\$39	,756
Project Cost w/ Incentives	\$177	7,912

Project Payback (years)				
w/o Incentives w/ Incentives				
12.0	9.8			

* Maximum allowable incentive is 50% of annual utility cost if not funded by NJ BPU, and %25 if it is.

** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 is 25% of total project cost.

Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #3 is 25% of total project cost.

*** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #1 is \$50,000 if not funded by NJ BPU, and \$25,000 if it is.

Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 & #3 is \$1 million per gas account and \$1 million per electric account; maximum 2 million per project

APPENDIX E

Energy Savings Improvement Plan (ESIP)



C A

Your Power to Save

At Home, for Business, and for the Future

номе	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT	RENEWABLE ENERGY
	Llong » Commercial & Industrial » Dragrama		Program Updates
BPU (Home » Commercial & Industrial » Programs Energy Savings Improveme	nt Plan	Board Order - Standby Charges for Distributed Generation Customers
	A new State law allows government agencies to facilities and pay for the costs using the value of improvements. Under the recently enacted Chap Savings Improvement Program" (ESIP), provides	energy savings that result from the ter 4 of the Laws of 2009 (the law), the "Energy all government agencies in New Jersey with a	 T-12 Schools Lighting Replacement Initiative - Funding Allocation Reached Other updates posted.
DMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL ID LOCAL GOVERNMENT	flexible tool to improve and reduce energy usage resources.	with minimal expenditure of new financial	
PROGRAMS	This Local Finance Notice outlines how local gov for their facilities. Below are two sample RFPs:	vernments can develop and implement an ESIP	Featured Success Story
PAY FOR PERFORMANCE	 Local Government School Districts (K-12) 		Rutgers
COMBINED HEAT & POWER AND	The Board also adopted protocols to measure en	nergy savings.	University:
FUEL CELLS	The ESIP approach may not be appropriate for a		Oniversity.
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENERGY	improvements. Local units should carefully cons best meets their needs. Local units considering Finance Notice, the law, and consult with qualifie approach the task.	an ESIP should carefully review the Local	Continued Commitment to Saving Energy
LARGE ENERGY USERS PILOT	FIRST STEP - ENERGY AUDI	т	Suving Energy
ENERGY SAVINGS IMPROVEMENT PLAN	For local governments interested in pursuing an As explained in the Local Finance Notice, this m	ESIP, the first step is to perform an energy audit. ay be done internally if an agency has qualified	Applications
DIRECT INSTALL	staff to conduct the audit. If not, the audit must b not by the energy savings company producing th	e implemented by an independent contractor and e Energy Reduction Plan.	and Brochures
ENERGY BENCHMARKING	Pursuing a Local Government Energy Audit throuvaluable first step to the ESIP approach - and it's		program materials.
T-12 SCHOOLS LIGHTING INITIATIVE	the audit.		@
OIL, PROPANE & MUNICIPAL	ENERGY REDUCTION PLANS		
ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS	If you have an ESIP plan you would like to subm to ESIP@bpu.state.nj.us. Please limit the file size		SIGN UP TODAY!
EDA PROGRAMS	Frankford Township School District	Like Cohool	
TEACH	 Northern Hunterdon-Voorhees Regiona Manalapan Township (180 MB - Right (Follow Us:
ARRA			
TECHNOLOGIES			
TOOLS AND RESOURCES			
PROGRAM UPDATES			
CONTACT US			
	Home Residential Commercial &	Industrial Danaurable Energy	

Home | Residential | Commercial & Industrial | Renewable Energy About Us | Press Room | Library | FAQs | Calendar | Newsletters | Contact Us | Site Map

APPENDIX F

Solar Photovoltaic Analysis

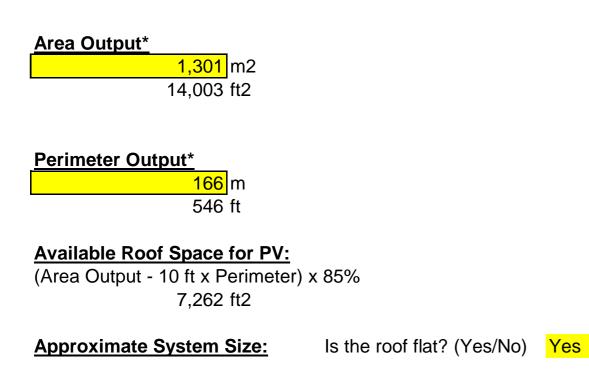
Camden County College Wolverton Library

Cost of Electricity	\$0.131	/kWh
Electricity Usage	475,694	kWh/yr
System Unit Cost	\$4,000	/kW

Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Power Generation - Screening Assessment

Budgetary		Annual Utility S	Savings		Estimated	Total	Federal Tax	New Jersey Renewable	Payback (without	Payback (with
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Credit	** SREC	incentive)	incentive)
					Savings					
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$200,000	50.0	63,889	0	\$8,369	0	\$8,369	\$0	\$5,111	23.9	14.8

** Estimated Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) SREC for 15 Years= \$80 /1000kwh



8	watt/ft2
58,095	DC watts



Enter into PV Watts

PV Watts Inputs*	Enter into PV Watts (always 20 if flat, if			
Array Tilt Angle	20	pitched - enter estimated roof angle)		
Array Azimuth	180	Enter into PV Watts (default)		
Zip Code	08012	Enter into PV Watts		
DC/AC Derate Factor	0.83	Enter info PV Watts		

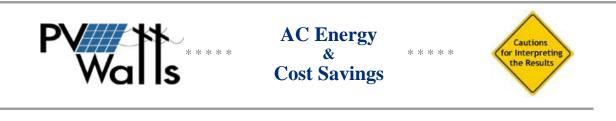
PV Watts Output

63,889 annual kWh calculated in PV Watts program

% Offset Calc

Usage PV Generation % offset 475,694 (from utilities) 63,889 (generated using PV Watts) 13%

* http://www.freemaptools.com/area-calculator.htm **http://www.flettexchange.com



Wolverton Library (Camden County College)

Station Identification			I	Results	
0267373			Solar	AC	Energy
New Jersey		Month	Radiation (kWh/m ² /day)	Energy (kWh)	Value (\$)
39.8 ° N		1	2.71	3504	459.02
74.8 ° W		2	3.50	4125	540.38
ns		3	4.81	6045	791.90
50.0 kW		4	5.27	6250	818.75
0.830		5	5.81	6938	908.88
41.5 kW	1	6	6.13	6860	898.66
Fixed Tilt	1	7	5.76	6599	864.47
20.0 °		8	5.63	6425	841.68
180.0 °	٦I	9	5.03	5680	744.08
Energy Specifications		10	4.04	4890	640.59
13.1 ¢/kWh	╣	11	2.90		456.80
	4	12	2.46	3087	404.40
		Year	4.51	63889	8369.46
Output Hourly Performance Data			Output	Results as Text	
(Gridded data is monthly, hourly output not available.)			Saving T	ext from a Browser	
Run PVWATTS v.2 for another location			Run	PVWATTS v.1	
	0267373 New Jersey 39.8 ° N 74.8 ° W ns 50.0 kW 0.830 41.5 kW Fixed Tilt 20.0 ° 180.0 ° 13.1 ¢/kWh	0267373 New Jersey 39.8 ° N 74.8 ° W ns 50.0 kW 0.830 41.5 kW Fixed Tilt 20.0 ° 180.0 ° 13.1 ¢/kWh	0267373 Month New Jersey 39.8 ° N 39.8 ° N 1 74.8 ° W 2 ns 3 50.0 kW 4 0.830 5 41.5 kW 6 Fixed Tilt 7 20.0 ° 8 180.0 ° 9 10 11 13.1 ¢/kWh 12 Year Year	0267373 Month Solar Radiation (kWh/m²/day) 39.8 ° N 1 2.71 74.8 ° W 2 3.50 ns 3 4.81 50.0 kW 4 5.27 0.830 5 5.81 41.5 kW 6 6.13 Fixed Tilt 7 5.76 20.0 ° 8 5.63 180.0 ° 9 5.03 10 4.04 11 2.90 12 2.46 Year 4.51	0267373 Month Solar Radiation (kWh/m²/day) AC Energy (kWh) 39.8 ° N 1 2.71 3504 74.8 ° W 2 3.50 4125 ns 3 4.81 6045 50.0 kW 4 5.27 6250 0.830 5 5.81 6938 41.5 kW 6 6.13 6860 7 5.76 6599 20.0 ° 8 5.63 6425 9 5.03 5680 10 4.04 4890 11 2.90 3487 13.1 ¢/kWh 12 2.46 3087 Vear 4.51 63889

Please send questions and comments to Webmaster Disclaimer and copyright notice.

RReDC home page (*http://rredc.nrel.gov*)

APPENDIX G

EPA Portfolio Manager



STATEMENT OF ENERGY PERFORMANCE **Wolverton Learning Resource Center**

Building ID: 3251951 For 12-month Period Ending: April 30, 20121 Date SEP becomes ineligible: N/A

N/A

Facility Owner

Date SEP Generated: November 08, 2012

Primary Contact for this Facility

N/A

Facility Wolverton Learning Resource Center College Drive Blackwood, NJ 08012

Year Built: 1973 Gross Floor Area (ft2): 49,284

Energy Performance Rating² (1-100) N/A

Site Energy Use Summary ³	
Site Lifergy Use Summary	
Electricity Crid Durchaso(kBtu)	

Electricity - Grid Purchase(kBtu) Natural Gas (kBtu) ⁴ Total Energy (kBtu)	3,050,606 993,028 4,043,634
Energy Intensity ⁴ Site (kBtu/ft²/yr) Source (kBtu/ft²/yr)	82 228
Emissions (based on site energy use) Greenhouse Gas Emissions (MtCO ₂ e/year)	485
Electric Distribution Utility Atlantic City Electric Co [Pepco Holdings Inc]	
National Median Comparison National Median Site EUI National Median Source EUI % Difference from National Median Source EUI Building Type	92 246 -7% Library

Meets Industry Standards ⁵ for Indoor Environm Conditions:	ental
Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality	N/A
Acceptable Thermal Environmental Conditions	N/A

Stamp of Certifying Professional
Based on the conditions observed at the time of my visit to this building, I certify that the information contained within this statement is accurate.

Certifying Professional N/A

Notes:

Adequate Illumination

Application for the ENERGY STAR must be submitted to EPA within 4 months of the Period Ending date. Award of the ENERGY STAR is not final until approval is received from EPA.
 The EPA Energy Performance Rating is based on total source energy. A rating of 75 is the minimum to be eligible for the ENERGY STAR.

N/A

Values represent energy consumption, annualized to a 12-month period.
 Values represent energy intensity, annualized to a 12-month period.
 Based on Meeting ASHRAE Standard 62 for ventilation for acceptable indoor air quality, ASHRAE Standard 55 for thermal comfort, and IESNA Lighting Handbook for lighting quality.

The government estimates the average time needed to fill out this form is 6 hours (includes the time for entering energy data, Licensed Professional facility inspection, and notarizing the SEP) and welcomes suggestions for reducing this level of effort. Send comments (referencing OMB control number) to the Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S., EPA (2822T), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20460.

ENERGY STAR[®] Data Checklist for Commercial Buildings

In order for a building to qualify for the ENERGY STAR, a Professional Engineer (PE) or a Registered Architect (RA) must validate the accuracy of the data underlying the building's energy performance rating. This checklist is designed to provide an at-a-glance summary of a property's physical and operating characteristics, as well as its total energy consumption, to assist the PE or RA in double-checking the information that the building owner or operator has entered into Portfolio Manager.

Please complete and sign this checklist and include it with the stamped, signed Statement of Energy Performance.

NOTE: You must check each box to indicate that each value is correct, OR include a note.

CRITERION	VALUE AS ENTERED IN PORTFOLIO MANAGER	VERIFICATION QUESTIONS	NOTES	
Building Name	Wolverton Learning Resource Center	Is this the official building name to be displayed in the ENERGY STAR Registry of Labeled Buildings?		
Туре	Library	Is this an accurate description of the space in question?		
Location	College Drive, Blackwood, NJ 08012	Is this address accurate and complete? Correct weather normalization requires an accurate zip code.		
Single Structure	Single Facility	Does this SEP represent a single structure? SEPs cannot be submitted for multiple-building campuses (with the exception of a hospital, k-12 school, hotel and senior care facility) nor can they be submitted as representing only a portion of a building.		
Building (Other)				
CRITERION	VALUE AS ENTERED IN PORTFOLIO MANAGER	VERIFICATION QUESTIONS	NOTES	\checkmark
Gross Floor Area	49,284 Sq. Ft.	Does this square footage include all supporting functions such as kitchens and break rooms used by staff, storage areas, administrative areas, elevators, stairwells, atria, vent shafts, etc. Also note that existing atriums should only include the base floor area that it occupies. Interstitial (plenum) space between floors should not be included in the total. Finally gross floor area is not the same as leasable space. Leasable space is a subset of gross floor area.		
Number of PCs	N/A(Optional)	Is this the number of personal computers in the space?		
Weekly operating hours	N/A(Optional)	Is this the total number of hours per week that the space is 75% occupied? This number should exclude hours when the facility is occupied only by maintenance, security, or other support personnel. For facilities with a schedule that varies during the year, "operating hours/week" refers to the total weekly hours for the schedule most often followed.		
Workers on Main Shift	N/A(Optional)	Is this the number of employees present during the main shift? Note this is not the total number of employees or visitors who are in a building during an entire 24 hour period. For example, if there are two daily 8 hour shifts of 100 workers each, the Workers on Main Shift value is 100.		

ENERGY STAR[®] Data Checklist for Commercial Buildings

Energy Consumption

Power Generation Plant or Distribution Utility: Atlantic City Electric Co [Pepco Holdings Inc]

Meter: 83431473 (kWh (thousand Watt-hours)) Space(s): Entire Facility Generation Method: Grid Purchase			
Start Date	End Date	Energy Use (kWh (thousand Watt-hours)	
03/26/2012	04/25/2012	66,382.39	
02/26/2012	03/25/2012	64,643.58	
01/26/2012	02/25/2012	73,586.44	
12/26/2011	01/25/2012	63,128.95	
11/26/2011	12/25/2011	64,897.13	
10/26/2011	11/25/2011	70,914.09	
09/26/2011	10/25/2011	68,210.71	
08/26/2011	09/25/2011	88,785.05	
07/26/2011	08/25/2011	85,244.25	
06/26/2011	07/25/2011	90,150.79	
05/26/2011	06/25/2011	85,156.39	
3431473 Consumption (kWh (thousand Wa		821,099.77	
3431473 Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu	11	2,801,592.42	
Fotal Electricity (Grid Purchase) Consumption	on (kBtu (thousand Btu))	2,801,592.42	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c		2,801,592.42	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co lectricity meters?		2,801,592.42	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters?		2,801,592.42	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co lectricity meters?	Densumption at this building including all Meter: 430957 (therms)	2,801,592.42	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility		
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date	Energy Use (therms)	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 766.32	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 766.32 1,411.10	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 766.32 1,411.10 1,929.64	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 766.32 1,411.10 1,929.64 2,005.18	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) Tenergy Use (therms)	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011 10/24/2011	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2012 12/23/2011 11/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) 766.32 1,411.10 2,005.18 1,954.95 1,041.35	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) co Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011 10/24/2011 09/24/2011	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011 11/23/2011 10/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) Tenergy Use (therms)	
03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011 10/24/2011 09/24/2011 08/24/2011	Meter: 430957 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011 11/23/2011 10/23/2011 09/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) Energy Use (therms) Energy Use (therms) Field 1,411.10 2,005.18 2,005.18 1,954.95 1,041.35 55.57 23.76	

430957 Consumption (therms)	9,307.28
430957 Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu))	930,728.00
Total Natural Gas Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu))	930,728.00
Is this the total Natural Gas consumption at this building including all Natural Gas meters?	

Additional Fuels	
Do the fuel consumption totals shown above represent the total energy use of this building? Please confirm there are no additional fuels (district energy, generator fuel oil) used in this facility.	
On-Site Solar and Wind Energy	

Do the fuel consumption totals shown above include all on-site solar and/or wind power located at	
your facility? Please confirm that no on-site solar or wind installations have been omitted from this	
list. All on-site systems must be reported.	

Certifying Professional

(When applying for the ENERGY STAR, the Certifying Professional must be the same PE or RA that signed and stamped the SEP.)

Name: ______ Date: _____

Signature: _____

Signature is required when applying for the ENERGY STAR.

FOR YOUR RECORDS ONLY. DO NOT SUBMIT TO EPA.

Please keep this Facility Summary for your own records; do not submit it to EPA. Only the Statement of Energy Performance (SEP), Data Checklist and Letter of Agreement need to be submitted to EPA when applying for the ENERGY STAR.

Facility

Wolverton Learning Resource Center College Drive Blackwood, NJ 08012 Facility Owner N/A Primary Contact for this Facility N/A

General Information

Wolverton Learning Resource Center			
Gross Floor Area Excluding Parking: (ft ²)	49,284		
Year Built	1973		
For 12-month Evaluation Period Ending Date:	April 30, 2012		

Facility Space Use Summary

Building		
Space Type	Other - Library	
Gross Floor Area (ft2)	49,284	
Number of PCs °	N/A	
Weekly operating hours °	N/A	
Workers on Main Shift °	N/A	

Energy Performance Comparison

	Evaluation Periods		Comparisons		
Performance Metrics	Current (Ending Date 04/30/2012)	Baseline (Ending Date 04/30/2012)	Rating of 75	Target	National Median
Energy Performance Rating	N/A	N/A	75	N/A	N/A
Energy Intensity					
Site (kBtu/ft²)	82	82	0	N/A	92
Source (kBtu/ft2)	228	228	0	N/A	246
Energy Cost	Energy Cost				
\$/year	\$ 107,520.66	\$ 107,520.66	N/A	N/A	\$ 120,559.42
\$/ft2/year	\$ 2.18	\$ 2.18	N/A	N/A	\$ 2.44
Greenhouse Gas Emissions					
MtCO ₂ e/year	485	485	0	N/A	544
kgCO ₂ e/ft²/year	10	10	0	N/A	11

More than 50% of your building is defined as Library. This building is currently ineligible for a rating. Please note the National Median column represents the CBECS national median data for Library. This building uses 7% less energy per square foot than the CBECS national median for Library.

Notes:

o - This attribute is optional.

d - A default value has been supplied by Portfolio Manager.