CAMDEN COUNTY COLLEGE LINCOLN HALL ENERGY ASSESSMENT

for

NEW JERSEY BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

CHA PROJECT NO. 24364

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REPORT DISCLAIMER

This audit was conducted in accordance with the standards developed by the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) for a Level II audit. Cost and savings calculations for a given measure were estimated to within $\pm 20\%$, and are based on data obtained from the owner, data obtained during site observations, professional experience, historical data, and standard engineering practice. Cost data does not include soft costs such as engineering fees, legal fees, project management fees, financing, etc.

A thorough walkthrough of the facility was performed, which included gathering nameplate information and operating parameters for all accessible equipment and lighting systems. Unless otherwise stated, model, efficiency, and capacity information included in this report were collected directly from equipment nameplates and /or from documentation provided by the owner during the site visit. Typical operation and scheduling information was obtained from interviewing facility staff and spot measurements taken in the field.

1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Camden County College recently engaged CHA to perform an energy audit in connection with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities' Local Government Energy Audit Program. This report details the results of the energy audit conducted for:

Building Name	Address	Square Feet	Construction Date
Camden County College Criminal Justice Building	200 College Drive Building 12 Blackwood, New Jersey	41,500	Original: 1954 Addition: 1994

The Energy Conservation Measures (ECMs) identified in this report will allow for a more efficient use of energy and if pursued have the opportunity to qualify for the New Jersey SmartStart Buildings Program. Potential annual savings of \$15,600 for the recommended ECMs may be realized with a payback of 2.6 years. A summary of the costs, savings, and paybacks for the recommended ECMs follows:

		Summary of I	Energy Conse	rvation Mea	sures		
Energy	v Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommended For Implementation
ECM- 1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	125,800	700	>20	3,000	>20	
2	Replace Domestic Water Heater (DWH)	7,800	400	18.6	200	18.0	
3	HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement	76,000	3,200	>20	6,700	>20	
4	HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement	950,900	1,100	>20	13,000	>20	
5	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	70,700	2,300	>20	1,600	>20	
6	HVAC Demand Control Ventilation	5,000	900	5.6	0	5.6	Х
7	Install Vending Miser	200 (per unit)	200 (average)	1.0	0	1.0	Х
8	Replace Rooftop Exhaust Fans	7,000	400	17.5	0	17.5	
9	Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps	300 (per unit)	200 (per unit)	1.5	0	1.5	Х
10	Building Automation System Upgrade / Re- Commission	20,800	1,900	10.9	0	10.9	Х
11	Replace Windows	284,600	1,700	>20	0	>20	
12	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	9,800	8,100	1.2	6,100	0.5	Х
13	Install Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	6,600	5,800	1.1	800	1.0	Х
14	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	15,200	12,400	1.2	6,900	0.7	Х

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

New Jersey's Clean Energy Program, funded by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, supports energy efficiency and sustainability for Municipal and Local Government Energy Audits. Through the support of a utility trust fund, New Jersey is able to assist state and local authorities in reducing energy consumption while increasing comfort.

Lincoln Hall located on the Camden County College campus in Blackwood, NJ, is a 41,500 square foot mainly single story block structure with brick veneer. The building contains theaters, theater workshop, dressing/prop/costume storage areas, dance studio, ceramics/pottery studios, sculpture studio, drawing/painting studios, music room, a photography lab, developing room, classrooms, administrative offices and other support areas. The main theater, music room, photography lab, developing studios, smaller theater and art/sculpture areas are taller structures than the single story of the building; the stage area is a high bay is the tallest portion of the building. HVAC units are located on the roof, boilers are in a mechanical room and a cooling tower serving water source heat pumps is located on the roof. The building was constructed in 1954, and later expanded in 1994. Occupancy includes approximately XXX students and XX faculty members. The building operates Monday through Friday from 8:00 am to approximately 8:00 pm. There is also some reduced occupancy on weekends, and occupancy levels are reduced in summer months between semesters for each school year.





3.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS

3.1 Building - General

Originally built in 1954, Lincoln Hall is a 41,500 square foot mainly single story brick structure, containing a 700 seat main theater, a 100 seat small theater, a theater workshop, dressing/prop/costume storage areas, dance studio, ceramics/pottery studios, sculpture studio, drawing/painting studios, music room, a photography lab, developing room, classrooms, administrative offices and other support areas. Exterior entrances are glass doors in metal frame that open into various lobbies and areas of the building.

Lincoln Hall has approximately XXX students and XX faculty and staff, and appears to be fully utilized during our field inspection. The building can be assumed to be fully occupied until 8:00 pm during the week, and by approximately one quarter of the occupants during the weekend. The hours of operation are:

- Monday thru Friday 8:00 am to 6:00 pm.
- Saturday, Sunday 8:00 pm to 4:00 pm.

The building is constructed of steel framing with masonry walls and brick veneer with an air space between. Insulation is incorporated into wall assemblies from the 1994 expansion for an improved envelope, but it is nominal. The majority of the interior walls are painted block or concrete walls; 3-5/8" metal studs filled with fiberglass insulation finished with gypsum board are used renovated or reconfigured areas. The building has a flat roof system comprised of a structural steel framing with a metal deck having rigid foam board insulation. The western half of the building rooftop has a lightcolored EPDM roof membrane system. The eastern half of the building has a light-colored asphalt roll roofing system. The smaller theater and art/sculpture areas rooftop is a structural steel A-frame with a metal deck having rigid foam insulation, with a light-colored asphalt roll roofing system. Windows are used in exterior walls; the higher building sections and the western half of the one story areas of the building have minimal glazing (<15% on walls where used), and are double pane set in metal frames with tint. The one story area in the eastern half of the building has substantial windows (\sim 75%), and the windows are single pane. The building has exposed walls facing the north, east, south and west directions; the single story areas have a single story height of 15'; the main theater, music room, photography lab, developing studios, smaller theater and art/sculpture areas have a high bay height of 20': and the stage area has a height of 35'. All spaces are considered first floor areas that have concrete slabon-grade floors. Portions of the building have areas that are partially below grade to increase ceiling height inside the space.

3.2 Utility Usage

Utilities include electricity, natural gas, and potable water. Electricity is delivered and supplied by Atlantic City Electric. Natural gas is delivered and supplied by South Jersey Gas. Potable water is provided by the municipally owned water department at a charge. See Appendix A for a detailed utility analysis.

The campus has one main electric meter. There was no installed sub-metering for this building from the main meter, therefore the following usage and costs rates were determined from square footage of the building. From June 2011 through April 2012, the electric usage for the building was 404,524 kWh at a cost of \$54,016. Review of electricity bills during this period showed that the electricity was charged at the following rates: supply unit consumption cost of \$0.119 per kWh; demand unit cost of \$5.94 per kW;

and blended unit cost of \$0.131 per kWh. It was estimated that the peak demand per month is approximately 143 kW from June 2011 through April 2012.

The facility has one natural gas meter. From July 2011 through May 2012, gas-fired equipment consumed 9,561 therms of natural gas. Based on the annual cost of \$6,161, the price for natural gas was \$0.80 per therm.

The delivery component of the electric and natural gas bills will always be the responsibility of the utility that connects the facility to the power grid or gas line; however, the supply can be purchased from a third party; as is currently the case with electricity and natural gas. The electricity or natural gas commodity supply entity will require submission of one to three years of past energy bills. Contract terms can vary among suppliers. According to the U.S. Energy Information Administration, the average commercial unit costs of electricity and natural gas in New Jersey during the same periods as those noted above was \$0.141 per kWh and \$0.959 per therm. The electrical supply rate charged by Hess for the 12 month period from June 2011 through April 2012 resulted in lower cost to the college than having ACE both supply (see table below). When compared to the average state values, it is recommended that the present natural gas be maintained and the present electricity supply rate charge be monitored and checked monthly.

	ACE Supply	Hess Supply				
Month	Costs	Costs				
	(For Comparison)	(Actual)				
June-11	\$56,524	\$0.00				
July-11	\$59,840	\$65,404.53				
August-11	\$56,583	\$61,844.82				
September-11	\$71,502	\$64,413.68				
October-11	\$54,932	\$49,486.97				
November-11	\$57,110	\$51,448.28				
December-11	\$52,264	\$47,082.95				
January-12	\$50,542	\$45,800.14				
February-12	\$58,915	\$53,387.07				
March-12	\$51,755	\$46,899.02				
April-12	\$53,147	\$48,160.52				
Total	\$623,112.69	\$533,927.98				
Extra Savings of						
using Hess for	\$89,184.71					
Electric Supply						

Main Electric Meter Supply Costs – ACE vs. Hess

A list of approved electrical and natural gas energy commodity suppliers can be found in Appendix A.

3.3 HVAC Systems

The systems and equipment described below serve the Lincoln Hall. Specifics on the mechanical equipment can be found within the equipment inventory located in Appendix B.

3.3.1 Natural Draft Cooling Tower with Shell and Tube Heat Exchanger

The building was originally cooled and heated by water source heat pumps, with a boiler hot water system as backup; an IMECO closed loop cooling tower is located on the building rooftop. The cooling tower was installed in 1994, and provides tempered building loop water. The cooling tower operates as long as it is possible to provide heating and cooling with the water source heat pump equipment; when it becomes too cold, the hot water boilers are started and the building water loop is used for hot water. The cooling tower condition is poor. The cooling tower water is piped the building loop water pumping system. Two 25 HP pumps operate in lead-lag and circulate water to the building water source heat pumps. The pumps are constant volume with standard efficiency motors.

3.3.2 Heating Hot Water Systems

When the water source heat pumps are not able to provide adequate heating, hot water is supplied by six Weil McLain cast iron sectional, gas-fired boilers with factory gas burners and controls. The boilers were installed in 1991, and are located in a mechanical room. The hot water system operates from October until April, and the boilers are shut down during the summer. The boilers are piped to the building loop water pumping system with two 25 HP pumps that operate in lead-lag. The pumps are constant volume with standard efficiency motors; the building loop water system is shared with the cooling tower water to/from WSHPs. Hot water is provided to unit ventilators located in exterior rooms and spaces for heating when WSHP system cannot provide sufficient heating. Building loop water system piping and valves appear to be insulated.

3.3.3 Package DX Cooling and Heating Rooftop Unit

One 1991 packaged DX cooling; natural gas heating RTU is located on the rooftop of the building (RTU-1). The RTU is mounted on an extended curb, with outside air intake and relief air dampers, with an air mixing box. Supply and return ductwork is routed down through the roof curbs supply and return duct systems in the ceilings of the areas/spaces being served. The RTU serves the main theater.

3.3.3 Water Source Heat Pumps

The building was originally heated and cooled by a WSHP system installed in 1991. The closed loop cooling tower serving the WSHPs is located on building rooftop.

XXX water-to-air WSHPs have loop water provided by the two 25 HP pumps listed in sections 3.3.1 and 3.3.2. The WSHPs are located in ceilings above the areas they serve, and some are cabinet-type equipment inside the spaces. The heat pumps have water from the closed loop cooling tower connected on one side, and ductwork to the spaces being served connected on the other side. These heat pumps serve the entire building.

3.3.4 Unit Ventilators and Unit Ventilators

Rooms and spaces with exterior wall exposures are ventilated and heated by XXX vertical floor mounted cabinet UVs. Outside air is drawn through low sidewall louvers, and hot water coils piped to the boilers provides winter heating; WSHPs described above provide cooling during the summer.

3.3.7 Exhaust Systems

Constant volume exhaust fans serve laboratories, larger classrooms and spaces. In classrooms, dedicated exhaust fans are connected directly to lab fume hoods, typically controlled by a hood mounted switch. Exhaust fans are also used for restrooms and custodial closets throughout the building.

3.4 Control Systems

The building is controlled by McQuay/Snyder General electronic controls, except for two units that have CM3 DDC controls; there is no central BAS interface. The system consists of original, outdated 1993 electronic field devices and components which have become hard to replace and maintain.

Previous occupants added supplemental cooling to small rooms, and disabled the controls on the WSHPs in the area. Each split system has a wall mounted thermostat; setpoints in the building are 68°F heating and 74°F cooling during occupied times, and 55°F heating and 85°F cooling during unoccupied times. However, thermostats can be adjusted by occupants to override the central control system.

The occupants (staff) have the ability to adjust the space temperatures to suit their comfort which results in many areas being over cooled (and most likely over heated). The inconsistent occupancy schedules of the building does not allow for a normal unoccupied temperature set back of the buildings which results in increased energy usage.

3.5 Lighting/Electrical Systems

The facility has reballasted and relamped the majority of original fixtures; the building primarily consists of fixtures with T-8 32 watt bulbs and electronic ballast. However, the building still contains T-12 lights with magnetic ballasts in ancillary and storage spaces. Compact fluorescent (CFL) and older incandescent bulbs are also used in select areas and storage closets. The student lounge and cafeteria seating areas have 200 watt metal halide lights and lighting quality is poor due to the ceiling height. The primary source of control for the lights is switches manually turned off at the end of the day.

The exterior lighting consists of 200 and 400 watt metal halide fixtures, 200 watt high pressure sodium fixtures, and60 watt incandescent lamps. These fixtures are all wall mounted on the exterior building walls.

3.6 Plumbing Systems

3.6.1 Domestic Hot Water System

The boiler room contains one 140 gallon A.O. Smith standard efficiency, natural gas hot water heater installed in 2001; this serves the entire Lincoln Hall building. Hot water is provided to certain art/shop studios, toilets, janitor's closets, and the majority of hot water piping appears to be insulated. Water demand is primarily for the cafeteria kitchen. Domestic hot water temperature is maintained at 130°F, and chemical disinfection soap is provided in the restrooms.

3.6.2 Plumbing Fixtures

The building's lavatories, water closets, and urinals are original, and require upgrades. These should be replaced thru attrition over the years with lavatories that are 2.5 GPM with push type faucets, water closets that are 1.6 GPF, and urinals that are 1.0 GPF.

4.0 ENERGY CONSERVATION MEASURES

4.1 ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boiler Addition

Lincoln Hall is heated with hot water supplied by six Weil McLain cast iron sectional gas-fired boilers from 1991. The boilers are non-condensing and have an estimated efficiency of 82%.

Due to the relatively low efficiency of the existing boilers, an evaluation was performed for adding one high efficiency condensing boiler to operate as the primary boiler during the shoulder months (October-November and March-April) with the existing two boilers operating as secondary. The majority of the savings will be achieved during these months when the lower return water temperature enables the condensing boiler to achieve the highest efficiencies.

The boiler fuel consumption was calculated from the natural gas used annually for the shoulder months per utility bills and boiler efficiency. This was then compared to the efficiency of a new condensing boiler at the improved operating efficiency. The difference in fuel usage was the savings.

Natural gas-fired boilers have an expected life of 25 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 22,500 therms and \$18,000.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

LCM-I	ninee	onuclising	Donci 5 Au	unuon						
Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost		I	Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with		
	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$				\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
125,800	0 0 900 700				0	700	(0.9)	3,000	>20	>20

ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended.

4.2 ECM-2 Replace Domestic Water Heater

Lincoln Hall has one A.O. Smith standard efficiency tank type natural gas water heater that provides hot water to the building. During periods of little or no domestic hot water use, the unit must still heat the water within its storage tank. Energy required maintaining the 140 gallons of hot water temperature setpoint during times of zero demand is known as standby losses; replacing this unit with a higher efficiency natural gas unit was evaluated.

According to the U.S. Department of Energy, 2.5% of stored capacity is lost every hour during HW heater standby. This value was applied to the total volume of the existing DHW heater storage tank to determine the annual standby losses. Proposed efficiency was based on a typical tankless type, high efficiency, condensing hot water heater with a storage tank to increase recovery capacity. The new water heater will require gas and water piping modifications, venting, and electrical connections.

Domestic hot water heaters have an expected life of 12 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 6,240 therms and \$5,000.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary	1	Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$		\$	\$		\$	Years	Years		
7,800	0	0	520	400	0	400	(0.4)	240	19.5	18.9

ECM-2 Replace Domestic Water Heater (DWH)

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey SmartStart Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended.

4.3 ECM-3 HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement

An existing IMECO (1991) closed loop cooling tower provide building loop water to the water source heat pumps serving the building. Replacement of the cooling tower which is in poor condition with a higher efficiency unit with VFDs on the tower fans and condenser water pumps was assessed.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours and capacities of the 1991 cooling tower stays the same. The energy savings result from operating a higher efficiency cooling tower with tower fan speed control, and condenser water pump flow control. The existing fan motors operate at a constant speed even though the building load does not require all of the cooling tower's capacity to maintain building loop water temperatures. A modern tower also has more efficient fill designs that result in a better approach temperature difference and performance. By replacing the cooling tower, adding VFDs and inverter duty high efficiency motors, and reducing the flow (by slowing the motors down), significant electrical energy can be saved. Cooling tower condenser water temperature can be used to control cooling tower fan speed and condenser water pump flow.

Cooling towers have an expected life of 20 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 492,000 kWh and \$64,000.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ity Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost			Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with		
	120 Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$		\$	\$		\$	Years	Years		
76,000	24,600 0 0 3,200				0	3,200	(0.1)	6,700	>20	>20

ECM-3 HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended. However, the existing units should be replaced with units such as those assessed in this ECM thru attrition when they fail.

4.4 ECM-4 HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement

Existing Snyder General (1991) WSHPs provide heating and cooling to the entire building. Replacement of the 1991 WSHPs with higher efficiency units was assessed.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours and capacities of the 1991 WSHP equipment stay the same. The energy savings result from operating higher efficiency units.

WSHP units have an expected life of 15 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 123,000 kWh and \$16,200.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$		\$	\$		\$	Years	Years		
950,900	8,200 0 0 1,100		0	1,100	(1.0)	13,000	>20	>20		

HVAC Water Source Heat PumpsECM-4Replacement

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

Due to the unfavorable payback, this measure is not recommended. GSHP equipment should be replaced with higher efficiency units by attrition in the future.

4.5 ECM-5 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

One packaged DX cooling, natural gas heating AHU from 1991 provides the serves the main theater of the building (RTU-1). Replacing these units with modern AAON units with supply fan variable speed drives and digital scroll compressors was evaluated.

The assumption of this calculation is that the operating hours, number of units, and capacities stay the same. The energy savings is the result of upgraded efficiency.

DX rooftop units have an expected life of 15 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 262,500 kWh and \$17,800.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$				\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
70,700	R WI R W Hermis \$ 17,500 0 0 2,300				0	2,300	-0.5	1,600	>20	>20

ECM-5 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended. However, the existing units should be replaced with units such as those assessed in this ECM thru attrition when they fail.

4.6 ECM-6 HVAC Demand Control Ventilation

A rooftop air handling unit serves the main theater (RTU-1). It is assumed the unit provides the originally specified ventilation air flow volumes. Reducing outside air during occupied time periods will reduce heating and cooling energy used during the occupied period. This can be accomplished using carbon dioxide sensors to monitor the air quality. The quantity of ventilation will be based on maintaining an acceptable carbon dioxide (CO_2) level in the space as an indicator of indoor air quality. A limit of 1000 PPM of CO_2 is recommended in ASHRAE Standard 62-1982, Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality. Sensors will be installed to measure the building air CO_2 concentration, and the control sequence of operation programmed into the BAS. During unoccupied periods the outside air dampers should be closed.

For RTU-1, the savings from this ECM can either pay back the cost of only adding demand control ventilation, or it can be implemented in conjunction with ECM-5 and ECM-6 which address replacing the unit, or addition of premium efficiency motors and variable speed drives, respectively.

Equipment supply and outside airflows were obtained from existing design drawings where possible, or from vendors per serial/model numbers found in the field. For the analysis, estimated savings for demand control ventilation are based on reducing the outdoor air volume from 30% to 10. The energy savings are the differences in thermal usage and motor horsepower electricity reduction.

Temperature controls have an expected life of 18 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 50,000 kWh, 14,000 therms and \$17,800.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost			Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with		
	Electric Electric Nat Gas Total		Savings				incentive)	incentive)		
\$	kWh kW Therms \$				\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
5,000	2,500	0	700	900	0	900	2.6	0	5.6	5.6

ECM-6 HVAC Demand Control Ventilation

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

4.7 ECM-7 Install Vending Miser

Vending machines are usually leased by building owners who are also required to pay for the electricity to run the machines. Snack machines typically draw 200 watts for lighting and electrical systems while beverage machines can draw around 400 watts to also maintain the cooling systems. Older vending machines may draw even more power. When the machines operate all year round, this can add up to some significant energy usage.

Occupancy sensors can be installed in-line with vending machines that allow the machines to operate with little to no power while a space is unoccupied. Snack machines will completely power down while beverage machines will only have to cycle a few minutes every couple hours to keep the drinks cold. Beverage machines that contain perishable items such as milk are not recommended for occupancy sensor installation.

The exact number of vending machines within the Lincoln Hall building was unknown; therefore savings were calculated on a per unit basis.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

¥7 1'	Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Vending	Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive	(without	(with
Туре		Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
	\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
Beverage	200	1,900	0	0	250	0	250	-	0	0.8	0.8
Snack	200	960	0	0	130	0	130	-	0	1.6	1.6
Dual	200	1,400	0	0	190	0	190	-	0	1.1	1.1

ECM-7 Install Vending Miser

* No applicable incentive as per New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

4.8 ECM-8 Rooftop Exhaust Fan Replacement

Older rooftop exhaust fans run on less efficient motors and do not have backdraft dampers installed. Backdraft dampers prevent infiltration of outdoor air into the building and help protect the building envelope. According to ASHRAE standard 90.1, low leakage dampers should be less than 3 CFM/sqft. It was estimated that the existing rooftop units allow 2% infiltration per CFM of exhaust air. The existing units have a total airflow rate of 6,275 CFM which will result in 126 CFM of infiltration.

The savings for implementing this measure will therefore be a combination of decreased energy usage for a high efficiency motors and cooling and heating savings from

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

	<u>-</u> -		in Replace							
Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost				1	Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
7,000	2,360	0	100	400	0	400	(0.2)	0	17.5	17.5

ECM-8 Rooftop Exhaust Fan Replacement

* No applicable incentive as per New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended.

4.9 ECM-9 Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps

Maintenance personnel at the Lincoln Hall Building indicated that domestic hot water pumps were beyond their expected life and were no longer operating at ideal flow rates. Typically water pumps do not need to be upgraded as often as pump motors. This measure aims to address this complaint through the installation of higher output cartridge type pumps. It was assumed that the existing domestic hot water pump were 60% efficient B&G Series 100 1/6 HP motors. This measure proposes an equivalently efficient motor at a decreased HP such as a Taco 007 Series 1/25 HP cartridge motor.

The exact number of water pumps in the Lincoln Hall building was unknown; therefore this calculation was performed on a per unit basis.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

	L			1						
Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
300	1,190	0	0	200	0	200	8.2	0	1.6	1.6

ECM-9 Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps

* No applicable incentive as per New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

4.10 ECM-10 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade/Re-commissioning

• The existing mixed electronic controls and CM3 controls (for two units) are old, hard to maintain, is difficult to obtain parts, are not as user friendly as more modern standalone DDC controls and are not as functional as systems using current technology. It is recommended the stand alone controls be upgraded and full system re-commissioning executed as a future facility improvement item. The re-commissioning should include DDC controllers/field devices tuning, as well as

HVAC system dampers and valves that are not equipment components. This could be coordinated with a complete systems testing and balancing that must occur prior to system re-commissioning efforts.

This would allow more accurate control of HVAC systems and minimize local thermostat adjustment by occupants. HVAC systems will be tuned up during this process, and significant savings could be obtained by making the following controls improvements:

- Re-commission all existing controls and verify that the input/ output data is actually controlling the valves, dampers, sensors, etc. within the HVAC systems and spaces. This should be done in concert with air and water flow testing and balancing.
- Institute a set building occupancy schedule for devices that are programmable and set occupied/ unoccupied temperatures. After hours use of the buildings that require heating/cooling should be restricted to certain areas only. Limit ventilation to these same schedules (No outdoor air and no exhaust, except for special chemical/fume applications)
- Institute set occupied space temperatures of 68°F 72°F for heating and 74°F 76°F for cooling and prohibit staff adjustment of the thermostats. This will require some education of the staff members on the actual cost of the building energy consumption.
- Institute a set time of the year when heating is turned on and when cooling is turned on through the control system. Economizer cooling should be used for shoulder weather whenever possible.
- Limit re-heat as much as possible. Institute discharge air reset, energy heat recovery and other strategies to reduce re-heat.

Additional benefits of this system are that it can provide useful trending information such as daily, monthly, and seasonal energy usage, and also provide alarm messages via the internet indicating that a piece of equipment needs repair or maintenance. The BAS should also allow the facility to monitor the energy consuming equipment in the building remotely in real-time, track the facility energy performance, and remotely adjust set points and schedules to optimize facility operation. Full color graphics and logical programming functions should also be provided.

The annual electrical and natural gas consumption is taken from the utility bills. Per the U.S. Energy Information Administration, the percent of a building's cooling and heating is 26% and 82%, respectively. Utilizing these numbers, the annual electrical and natural gas usage was found; based on project experience, retro-commissioning produces a 10% energy savings.

Commissioning can have an expected life of 10 years, according to ASHRAE, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 97,100 kWh, 7,300 therms and \$19,000. To continue to gain this annual saving, proper maintenance of equipment is required.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

-											
I	Budgetary	Annual Utility Savings				Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
	Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
		Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
	\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years

ECM-10 HVAC Building Automation System Upgrade / Re-commissioning



This measure is recommended.

4.11 ECM-11 Replace Windows

The buildings existing windows are from the original construction of the building in 1954. There are approximately 76 original windows in the school. The windows are single pane, aluminum frame units, over time the window seals can deteriorate and start to leak unconditioned air in or conditioned air our causing unnecessary energy consumption. The windows could be replaced with energy efficient double pane units with a higher thermal resistance to prevent air infiltration and heat transfer through the glazing.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below;

_										4
Budgetary	Annual Uti	lity Savings			Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
284,600	1,280	0	1,860	1,700	0	1,700	(0.8)	0	>20	>20

ECM-11 Replace Windows

* No applicable incentive as per New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended.

4.12 ECM-12 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

The building utilizes 4 foot 40W T-12 fluorescent bulbs with magnetic ballasts; U-tube T-12s are also used in some fixtures, and some 4 foot 32W T-8 fixtures have also been installed. Recessed can lights and surface mounted standard bulb fixtures use biaxial compact fluorescent lights (CFLs). There are also some incandescent bulbs/fixtures currently being used as well. A comprehensive fixture survey was conducted of the entire building. Each switch and circuit was identified, and the number of fixtures, locations, and existing wattage established (Appendix C).

The existing exterior lighting system for this building consists of two 400 watt and three 200 watt metal halide wall pack fixtures, thirteen 200 watt high pressure sodium pole fixtures. Various spaces in the building contain forty one 250 watt metal halide fixtures. The exterior fixtures are utilized for building lighting during nighttime hours and are in operation from sun down until sun up. The interior fixtures are utilized during occupied hours. Alternative LED lighting solutions are available to replace these fixtures that will reduce the total wattage to 241 watts per fixture. It is suggested to replace the existing metal halide wall pack fixtures on a one for one basis with LED. The reduction in per fixture wattage will result in a reduced total exterior lighting connected wattage, therefore resulting in electrical energy savings. In addition to electrical energy savings, LED lights have a longer useful lifetime than the existing lighting fixtures, and will provide significant maintenance savings. However, maintenance savings were not calculated or included in the payback analysis below due to unknown labor rates and knowledge of existing required maintenance time.

Energy savings for this measure were calculated by applying the existing and proposed fixture wattages to estimated times of operation. The difference between energy requirements resulted in a total annual savings of 53,500 kWh with an electrical demand reduction of about 25 kW. Supporting calculations, including assumptions for lighting hours and annual energy usage for each fixture, are provided in Appendix C.

Lighting has an expected life of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 802,500 kWh and \$122,200.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized as follows:

Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
9,800	53,500	25	0	8,100	0	8,100	11.5	6,100	1.2	0.5

ECM-12 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended in lieu of ECM-14.

4.13 ECM-13 Lighting Controls Installation

The current lighting is controlled by manual switches. Lights are generally turned on in the morning and shut off at night by the staff. During occupied times, there are rooms that are not occupied, however the lights remain on. Adding occupancy controls to the individual rooms will automatically control the lights based on occupancy. The occupancy sensor can be wall mounted near the switch or placed at the ceiling for larger room coverage. All occupancy sensors are equipped with a manual override feature. These sensors are generally not recommended in public toilet rooms.

Lighting controls have an expected life of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 657,000kWh and \$86,400.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized below:

ECM-13 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary	1	Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost		1			Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
6,600	43,800	0	0	5,800	0	5,800	12.1	800	1.1	1.0

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is not recommended in lieu of ECM-14.

4.14 ECM-14 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls

Due to interactive effects, the energy and cost savings for occupancy sensors and lighting upgrades are not cumulative. This measure is a combination of ECM-8 and ECM-9 to reflect actual expected energy and demand reduction.

The lighting retrofits and controls have an expected lifetime of 15 years, according to the manufacturer, and total energy savings over the life of the project are estimated at 1,336,500 kWh and \$185,500.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix C and summarized as follows:

ECM-14 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary Cost	1	Annual Util	lity Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
15,200	89,100	30	0	12,400	0	12,400	11.2	6,900	1.2	0.7

* Incentive shown is per the New Jersey Smart Start Program. See section 5.0 for other incentive opportunities.

This measure is recommended.

5.0 **PROJECT INCENTIVES**

5.1 Incentives Overview

5.1.1 New Jersey Pay For Performance Program

The facility will be eligible for incentives from the New Jersey Office of Clean Energy. The most significant incentives are available from the New Jersey Pay for Performance (P4P) Program. The P4P program is designed for qualified energy conservation projects applied to facilities whose demand in any of the preceding 12 months exceeds 100 kW. This average minimum has been waived for buildings owned by local governments or municipalities and non-profit organizations, however. Facilities that meet this criterion must also achieve a minimum performance target of 15% energy reduction by using the EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool before and after implementation of the measure(s). If the participant is a municipal electric company customer, and a customer of a regulated gas New Jersey Utility, only gas measures will be eligible under the Program. Available incentives are as follows:

Incentive #1: Energy Reduction Plan – This incentive is designed to offset the cost of services associated with the development of the Energy Reduction Plan (ERP).

- Incentive Amount: \$0.10/SF
- Minimum incentive: \$5,000
- Maximum Incentive: \$50,000 or 50% of Facility annual energy cost

The standard incentive pays \$0.10 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$50,000, not to exceed 50% of facility annual energy cost, paid after approval of application. For building audits funded by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, which receive an initial 75% incentive toward performance of the energy audit, facilities are only eligible for an additional \$0.05 per square foot, up to a maximum of \$25,000, rather than the standard incentive noted above.

Incentive #2: Installation of Recommended Measures – This incentive is based on projected energy savings as determined in Incentive #1 (Minimum 15% savings must be achieved), and is paid upon successful installation of recommended measures.

<u>Electric</u>

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved

Gas

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved

Incentive cap: 25% of total project cost

Incentive #3: Post-Construction Benchmarking Report – This incentive is paid after acceptance of a report proving energy savings over one year utilizing the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool.

<u>Electric</u>

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.09/ per projected kWh saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.005 per projected kWh saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$0.11/ kWh per projected kWh saved

<u>Gas</u>

- Base incentive based on 15% savings: \$0.90/ per projected Therm saved.
- For each % over 15% add: \$0.05 per projected Therm saved.
- Maximum incentive: \$1.25 per projected Therm saved

If eligible, incentives #2 and #3 can be combined to yield additive savings.

Without existing sub meters in place, exact utility consumption for this building was unknown. Therefore, further analysis will need to take place before P4P incentives can be justified.

See Appendix D for calculations.

5.1.2 New Jersey Smart Start Program

For this program, specific incentives for energy conservation measures are calculated on an individual basis utilizing the 2011 New Jersey Smart Start incentive program. This program provides incentives dependent upon mechanical and electrical equipment. If applicable, incentives from this program are reflected in the ECM summaries and attached appendices.

If the complex qualifies and enters into the New Jersey Pay for Performance Program, all energy savings will be included in the total site energy reduction, and savings will be applied towards the Pay for Performance incentive. A project is not applicable for both New Jersey incentive programs.

5.1.3 Direct Install Program

The Direct Install Program targets small and medium sized facilities where the peak electrical demand does not exceed 150 kW in any of the previous 12 months. Buildings must be located in New Jersey and served by one of the state's public, regulated electric or natural gas utility companies. On a case-by-case basis, the program manager may accept a project for a customer that is within 10% of the 150 kW peak demand threshold.

Direct Install is funded through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program and is designed to provide capital for building energy upgrade projects to fast track implementation. The program will pay up to 70% of the costs for lighting, HVAC, motors, natural gas, refrigeration, and other equipment upgrades with higher efficiency alternatives. If a building is eligible for this funding, the Direct Install Program can significantly reduce the implementation cost of energy conservation projects.

The program pays 70% of each project cost up to \$75,000 per electrical utility account; total funding for each year is capped at \$250,000 per customer. Installations must be completed by a Direct Install participating contractor, a list of which can be found on the New Jersey Clean Energy Website at http://www.njcleanenergy.com. Contractors will coordinate with the applicant to arrange installation of recommended measures identified in a previous energy assessment, such as this document.

The facility is not eligible to receive funding from the Direct Install Program due to the monthly demand exceeding 150kW.

5.1.4 Energy Savings Improvement Plans (ESIP)

The Energy Savings Improvement Program (ESIP) allows government agencies to make energy related improvements to their facilities and pay for the costs using the value of energy savings that result from the improvements. Under the recently enacted Chapter 4 of the Laws of 2009 (the law), the ESIP provides all

government agencies in New Jersey with a flexible tool to improve and reduce energy usage with minimal expenditure of new financial resources.

ESIP allows local units to use "energy savings obligations" to pay for the capital costs of energy improvements to their facilities. This can be done over a maximum term of 15 years. Energy savings obligations are not considered "new general obligation debt" of a local unit and do not count against debt limits or require voter approval. They may be issued as refunding bonds or leases. Savings generated from the installation of energy conservation measures pay the principal of and interest on the bonds; for that reason, the debt service created by the ESOs is not paid from the debt service fund, but is paid from the general fund.

For local governments interested in pursuing an ESIP, the first step is to perform an energy audit. Pursuing a Local Government Energy Audit through New Jersey's Clean Energy Program is a valuable first step to the ESIP approach. The "Local Finance Notice" outlines how local governments can develop and implement an ESIP for their facilities (see Appendix E). The ESIP can be prepared internally if the entity has qualified staff. If not, the ESIP must be implemented by an independent contractor and not by the energy savings company producing the Energy Reduction Plan.

The ESIP approach may not be appropriate for all energy conservation and energy efficiency improvements. Local units should carefully consider all alternatives to develop an approach that best meets their needs.

6.0 ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SCREENING EVALUATION

6.1 Solar

6.1.1 Photovoltaic Rooftop Solar Power Generation

The facility was evaluated for the potential to install rooftop photovoltaic (PV) solar panels for power generation. Present technology incorporates the use of solar cell arrays that produce direct current (DC) electricity. This DC current is converted to alternating current (AC) with the use of an electrical device known as an inverter. The building's roof has sufficient room to install a large solar cell array. All rooftop areas have been replaced, and are in good condition. It is recommended to install a permanent PV array at this time.

The PVWATTS solar power generation model was utilized to calculate PV power generation. The closest city available in the model is Newark, New Jersey and a fixed tilt array type was utilized to calculate energy production. The PVWATT solar power generation model is provided in Appendix P.

Federal tax credits are also available for renewable energy projects up to 30% of installation cost. Since the facility is a non-profit organization, federal taxes are paid and this project is eligible for this incentive.

Installation of (PV) arrays in the state New Jersey will allow the owner to participate in the New Jersey solar renewable energy certificates program (SREC). This is a program that has been set up to allow entities with large amounts of environmentally unfriendly emissions to purchase credits from zero emission (PV) solar-producers. One SREC credit is equivalent to 1000 kilowatt hours of PV electrical production; these credits can be traded for period of 15 years from the date of installation. The average SREC value per credit is estimated to be about \$95/ SREC per year based on current market data, and this number was utilized in the cash flow for this report.

The available roof area justifies the use of 234 kW PV solar array. The system costs for PV installations were derived from contractor budgetary pricing in the state of New Jersey for estimates of total cost of system installation. It should be noted that the cost of installation is currently about \$4.00 per watt or \$4,000 per kW of installed system. Other cost considerations will also need to be considered. PV panels have an approximate 20 year life span; however, the inverter device that converts DC electricity to AC has a life span of 10 to 12 years and will need to be replaced multiple times during the useful life of the PV system.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix E and summarized as follows:

Budgetary Cost	Annu	Annual Utility Savings				Federal Tax Credit *	New Jersey Renewable SREC**	Payback (without incentive)	Payback (with incentives)
	Electr	icity	Natural Gas	Total					
\$	kW	kWh	Therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$936,000	0.0	280,954	0	36,800	36,800	0	26,691	>25	14.7

Photovoltaic (PV) Rooftop Solar Power Generation – 234 kW System

* 30% federal tax credit

** Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) for 2012 is \$95/1000kwh

This measure is not recommended due long payback period.

6.1.2 Solar Thermal Hot Water Plant

Active solar thermal systems use solar collectors to gather the sun's energy to heat water, another fluid, or air. An absorber in the collector converts the sun's energy into heat. The heat is then transferred by circulating water, antifreeze, or sometimes air to another location for immediate use or storage for later utilization. Applications for active solar thermal energy include providing hot water, heating swimming pools, space heating, and preheating air in residential and commercial buildings.

A standard solar hot water system is typically composed of solar collectors, heat storage vessel, piping, circulators, and controls. Systems are typically integrated to work alongside a conventional heating system that provides heat when solar resources are not sufficient. The solar collectors are usually placed on the roof of the building, oriented south, and tilted around the site's latitude, to maximize the amount of radiation collected on a yearly basis.

Several options exist for using active solar thermal systems for space heating. The most common method involves using glazed collectors to heat a liquid held in a storage tank (similar to an active solar hot water system). The most practical system would transfer the heat from the panels to thermal storage tanks and transfer solar produced thermal energy to use for domestic hot water production. DHW is presently produced by gas-fired water heaters and, therefore, this measure would offer natural gas utility savings.

The implementation cost and savings related to this ECM are presented in Appendix F and summarized as follows:

	Budgetary Cost	Annu	al Utility S	avings		Total Savings	Federal Tax Credit *	Payback (without incentive)	Payback (with incentives)
		Electi	ricity	Natural Gas	Total				
I	\$	kW	kWh	Therms	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
I	\$15,000	0.0	4,400	0	\$580	\$580	4,500	>25	18.1

Solar Thermal Hot Water Plant

* 30% federal tax credit

This is not recommended since the facility is not occupied year-round and domestic hot water demand is not excessive.

6.2 Demand Response Curtailment

Presently, electricity is delivered by South Jersey Energy Company, which receives the electricity from regional power grid RFC. South Jersey Energy Company is a regional transmission organization (RTO) that coordinates the movement of wholesale electricity in all or parts of 13 states and the District of Columbia including the State of New Jersey.

Utility Curtailment is an agreement with the utility provider's regional transmission organization and an approved Curtailment Service Provider (CSP) to shed electrical load by either turning major equipment off or energizing all or part of a facility utilizing an emergency generator; therefore, reducing the electrical demand on the utility grid. This program is to benefit the utility company during high demand periods and utility provider offers incentives to the CSP to participate in this program. Enrolling in the

program will require program participants to drop electrical load or turn on emergency generators during high electrical demand conditions or during emergencies. Part of the program also will require that program participants reduce their required load or run emergency generators with notice to test the system.

A pre-approved CSP will require a minimum of 100 kW of load reduction to participate in any curtailment program. From June 2011 through April 2012, Lincoln Hall had a maximum electricity demand of 141 kW.

This measure is not recommended because the facility is not operating year round, and the building does not have back up/emergency generator power.

7.0 EPA PORTFOLIO MANAGER

The EPA Portfolio Manager benchmarking tool was used to assess the building's energy performance. Portfolio Manager provides a Site and Source Energy Use Intensity (EUI), as well as an Energy Star performance rating for qualifying building types. The EUIs are provided in kBtu/ft²/year, and the performance rating represents how energy efficient a building is on a scale of 1 to 100, with 100 being the most efficient. In order for a building to receive and Energy Star label, the energy benchmark rating must be at least 75. As energy use decreases from implementation of the proposed ECMs, the Energy Star rating will increase.

The Site EUI is the amount of heat and electricity consumed by a building as reflected in utility bills. Site energy may be delivered to a facility in the form of primary energy, which is raw fuel burned to create heat or electricity (such as natural gas or oil), or as secondary energy, which is the product created from a raw fuel (such as electricity or district steam). Site EUI is a measure of a building's annual energy utilization per square foot. Site EUI is a good measure of a building's energy use and is utilized regularly for comparison of energy performance for similar building types.

Site Energy Intensity = <u>(Electric Usage in kBtu + Natural Gas in kBtu)</u> Building Square Footage

To provide an equitable comparison for different buildings with varying proportions of primary and secondary energy consumption, the Portfolio Manager uses the convention of Source EUIs. The source energy also accounts for all losses incurred in production, storage, transmission, and delivery of energy to the site; which provides an equivalent measure for various types of buildings with different energy sources.

Source Energy Intensity = (Electric Usage in kBtu X Site/Source Ratio + Natural Gas in kBtu X Site/Source Ratio) Building Square Footage

Energy Intensity	Camden County College Lincoln Building	National Average
EPA Score	N/A	N/A
Site (kBtu/sf/year)	40	104
Source (kBtu/sf/year)	77	244

The EPA Score, Site EUI, and Source EUI for the Community Center Building are as follows:

Lincoln Hall does not qualify for performance benchmarking in Portfolio Manager because the program does not currently include this building type. However it is expected to begin benchmarking these buildings in the near future. It is suggested that the client check for updates in the future to see if any of their buildings qualify for an Energy Star label. For the building to qualify for the Energy Star label the EPA score is required to be above 75. There are several energy conservation measures recommended in this report, that if implemented will further reduce the energy use intensity and increase the EPA score of the facility.

The Portfolio Manager account can be accessed by entering the username and password shown below at the login screen of the Portfolio Manager website (<u>https://www.energystar.gov/istar/pmpam/</u>).

A full EPA Energy Star Portfolio Manager Report is located in Appendix G.

The user name ("**Constant of**") and password ("**Constant of**") for the building's EPA Portfolio Manager Account have been provided to Ed Carney, Director of Public Safety for the Camden County College.

8.0 CONCLUSIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS

		Summary of l	Energy Conse	rvation Mea	sures		
Energy	y Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommended For Implementation
ECM- 6	HVAC Demand Control Ventilation	5,000	900	5.6	0	5.6	Х
7	Install Vending Miser	200 (per unit)	190 (average)	1.1	0	1.1	Х
9	Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps	328 (per unit)	200 (per unit)	1.6	0	1.6	Х
10	Building Automation System Upgrade / Re- Commission	20,800	1,900	10.9	0	10.9	Х
14	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	15,200	12,400	1.2	6,900	0.7	Х

APPENDIX A

Utility Usage Analysis, Energy Suppliers List

Main Electricity Meter Electricity Consumption (Excluding Central Power Plant)	
Central Power Plant Electricity Consumption (Cooling Season)	

Main Electric Meter Demand

Main Electric Meter Cost \$

4,626,006 kWh 1,161,896 1,632.96 kW 760,716

				Main or Dedicated Meter	El	ectric Cost	~Electric Consumption	~Electric Demand	Ble	nded Rate	Con	sumption Rate	Dem	nand Rate	Gas Meter	Gas	s Cost	Gas Consumption	n Ga	s Rate
Building Name	sq. ft		% of Total Area			(\$)	(kWh)	(kW)		(\$/kWh)		(\$/kWh)		(\$/kW)	Number		(\$)	Therm	\$	/Therm
Child Care	. 4	1,649	-	D	\$	1,806	14,235	1	\$	0.127	\$	0.121	\$	8.60	310674	1\$	901.78	1,442.3	8\$	0.80
CIM	63	3,869	-	D	\$	165,543	1,443,300	360	\$	0.115	\$	0.100	\$	6.01	497191	\$	16,056.35	19,436.9	8 \$	0.80
Community Center	56	6,612	11.9%	M	\$	73,678	551,776	195	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	431186	5\$	2,687.79	3,240.6	4 \$	0.80
Connector Building	31	1,748	6.7%	M	\$	41,319	309,436	109	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94		\$	2,180.98	2,729.2	5 \$	0.80
Criminal Justice Center	13	3,702	2.9%	M	\$	17,833	133,548	47	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	180372	2 \$	941.28	1,177.9	1 \$	0.80
Helene Fuld	36	5,000	7.6%	M	\$	46,853	350,879	124	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	341687	7 \$	2,473.08	3,094.7	8 \$	0.80
Jefferson Hall	g	9,495	2.0%	M	\$	12,357	92,544	33	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	4393670)\$	2,752.49	3,868.5	8 \$	0.80
Laser Building	g	9,991	2.1%	M	\$	13,003	97,379	34	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	199278	3 \$	686.35	858.8	9 \$	0.80
Lincoln Hall		,504	8.7%	M	\$	54,016	404,524	143	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	514828		6,161.23	9,560.7		0.80
Madison Hall),508	10.6%	M	\$	65,734	492,283	174	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	453525	5 \$	3,469.73	4,341.9		0.80
Papiano Gym		0,000	8.4%	M	\$	52,058	389,865	138	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94	180448	3 \$	21,522.08	58,276.1		0.80
Taft Hall		2,387	8.9%		\$	207,875	994,078	146		0.131		0.119		5.94	461792		4,738.76			0.80
Truman Hall		2,990	7.0%		\$	195,646	902,489	114		0.131		0.119		5.94			17,416.69	47,343.3		0.80
Wolverton Library		9,284	10.4%	b M	\$	64,141	480,353	170		0.131		0.119		5.94	430957		6,752.35	9,307.2		0.80
Wilson Hall East), 5 71	4.3%	M	\$	26,772	200,498	71		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	202	1111	11111	NŇ	\sum
Wilson Hall Center		3,292	1.7%		\$	10,792	80,819	29	\$	0.131		0.119		5.94	////	\mathbf{N}	171	MMM	$\langle \cdot \rangle$	$\langle X \rangle$
Wilson Hall West		6,857	3.6%		\$	21,939	164,299	58		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	\mathbf{X}	FIEC	NCHEAT	$\langle \mathcal{N} \rangle$	$\langle \rangle \rangle$
Roosevelt Hall		4,685	3.1%		\$	19,112	143,129	51		0.131		0.119		5.94	1111	$\langle \rangle$	$\mathcal{N}\mathcal{N}$	//////	\sim	$\langle \chi \chi'$
Central Power Plant		6,200	-	M	\$	152,710	1,161,896	-	\$	0.131		0.119		5.94			1.1.1.1.1		1.1	
Total sq. ft (Main Meter	r) 474	1,626	100.0%		\$	772,223	5,802,136	1,633.96	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	6.09		\$	88,741	178,713.2	3 \$	0.80

Electric Delivery

Supplier

Atlantic City Electric Hess

Gas

South Jersey Gas Woodruff Energy Delivery Supplier

Notes

Values calculated based on square footage of each building related to the total square footage of all buildings on the main electric meter
 Values calculated based on the average btu/sq. foot of each building
 Italics represent buildings that were not included in the scope of this project but use electricity off the main meter

E	Electric Usage Com	parison
Building	Lighting (kWh)	Total From Matrix
Child Care	23,577	14,235
CIM Building	N/A	N/A
Community Center	149,864	551,776
Connector Building	39,736	309,436
Criminal Justice	33,600	133,548
Helene Fuld	109,842	350,879
Jefferson Hall	52,614	92,544
Laser Building	34,977	97,379
Lincoln Hall	179,383	404,524
Madison Hall	119,776	492,283
Papiano Gym	73,095	389,865
Taft Hall	120,182	994,078
Truman Hall	103,919	902,489
Wolverton Library	134,640	480,353

Gas Breakdowr	n Estimates Ba	sed on Max A	nnual Therm Us	sage	
s	sq. ft	Btu/sq ft	Est. Btu/sq ft	Est. Therms	Est. Cost
Child Care	4,649	10,056			
CIM	63,869	10,226			
Community Center	56,612	741			
Connector Building	31,748		8,597	2,729.25	\$2,180.98
Criminal Justice Center	13,702		8,597	1,177.91	\$ 941.28
Helene Fuld	36,000		8,597	3,094.78	\$2,473.08
Jefferson Hall	9,495	9,911			
Laser Building	9,991		8,597	858.89	\$ 686.35
Lincoln Hall	41,504	6,572			
Madison Hall	50,508		8,597	4,341.98	\$3,469.73
Papiano Gym	40,000	15,426			
Taft Hall	42,387	4,942			
Truman Hall	32,990	15,426			
Wolverton Library	49,284	4,069			
a	avg btu/sq ft	8,597			

Main Boiler Plant Electricity Usage (Cooling Season)

0.131 \$/kWh Electric Rate \$

Cooling Equipment Runtime	Comments
6 Months/Year 30 Days (avg)/Month 24 hrs/day	
	Estimated run hours as 1/4 of total hours between May-October

<u>Chiller</u>	Comments
412 Tons	
1.5 COP (kW/Ton)	Based off an estimated 8 EER
618 kW	
927,000 kWh	
\$ 121,838 Cost/year	

Chilled Water Pumps	Comments
3 # of Pumps	
50 HP	
112 kW	Calculated using 1 kW = 0.7457 HP
167,783 kWh	
\$ 22,052 Cost/year	

Cooling Towers	Comments
4 # of Motors	
15 HP of Motors	
45 kW	
67,113 kWh	
\$ 8,821 Cost/yr	

Notes 1. Calculated Values

Cooling System Annual Electric Usage Annual Cost 1,161,896 \$ 152,710 kWh

	~Electrical	
Building Name	Consumption	Cost
Building		\$ -
Taft Hall	580,947.75	\$ 76,355
Truman Hall	580,947.75	\$ 76,355

Camden County Community College 302 College Drive, Blackwood, NJ 08012

Electric ServiceDelivery -ACESupplier -Hess

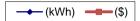
For Service at:	Blackwood Campus
Account No.:	050767599934

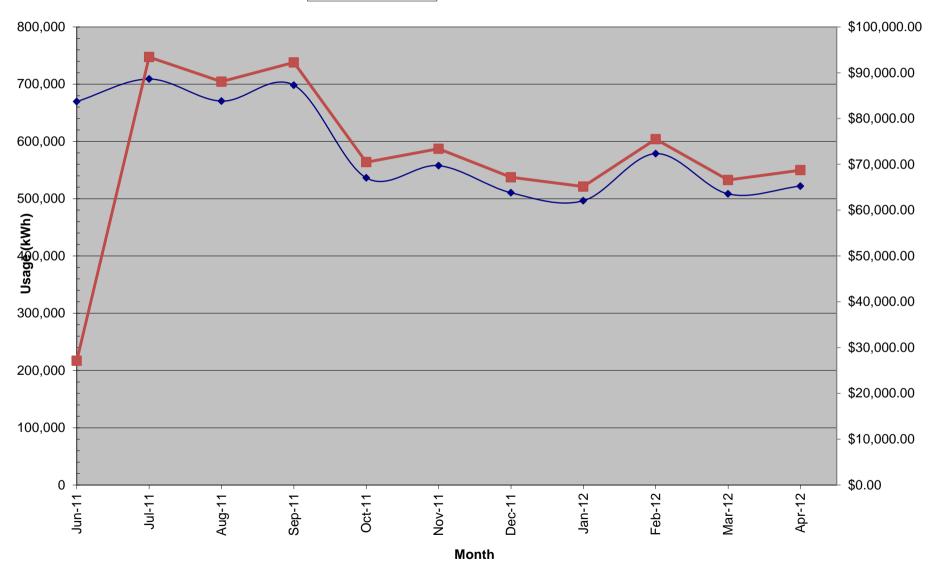
Meter No.:

83431473

				Charges				Unit	Costs		
	Consumption	Demand	Total	Delivery	Supply	Blend	ded Rate	Cons	sumption	De	mand
Month	(kWh)	(kW)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$	/kWh)	(\$	/kWh)	(\$/	/kW)
June-11	669,721	1,560.96	\$27,133.38	\$ 27,133.38		\$	0.041	\$	0.027	\$	5.61
July-11	709,000	1,632.96	\$93,414.28	\$28,009.75	\$65,404.53	\$	0.132	\$	0.119	\$	5.36
August-11	670,412	1,539.36	\$88,047.34	\$26,202.52	\$61,844.82	\$	0.131	\$	0.120	\$	5.08
September-11	698,259	1,500.48	\$92,240.86	\$27,827.18	\$64,413.68	\$	0.132	\$	0.120	\$	5.79
October-11	536,450	1,429.92	\$70,486.53	\$20,999.56	\$49,486.97	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08
November-11	557,711	1,306.36	\$73,398.01	\$21,949.73	\$51,448.28	\$	0.132	\$	0.118	\$	5.79
December-11	510,390	1,306.36	\$67,167.13	\$20,084.18	\$47,082.95	\$	0.132	\$	0.118	\$	5.26
January-12	496,484	1,306.36	\$65,141.43	\$19,341.29	\$45,800.14	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08
February-12	578,728	1,306.36	\$75,496.79	\$22,109.72	\$53,387.07	\$	0.130	\$	0.118	\$	5.61
March-12	508,396	1,306.36	\$66,585.12	\$19,686.10	\$46,899.02	\$	0.131	\$	0.118	\$	5.08
April-12	522,071	1,306.36	\$68,738.63	\$20,578.11	\$48,160.52	\$	0.132	\$	0.119	\$	5.08
Total (All)	5,787,901	1,632.96	\$760,716.12	\$226,788.14	\$533,927.98	\$	0.131	\$	0.119	\$	5.94

Electricity Usage: ACE - Blackwood Campus





Main Natural Gas Meter

								ivieter iv	lumber					
		Cost (\$)			129292 (Mor	nkey House)			180448	(Papian	o Gym)		249260 (Roos	evelt House)
Month	Total	Delivery	Supply Total Therms	Therm	Cost	% Tot	\$/Therm	Therm	Cost		% Tot	\$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm
Jul-11	\$ 3,604.91	\$ 3,604.91	5,306.26	12.46	\$ 8.46	0.23%	\$ 0.6	8	23.87 \$	16.22	0.45%	\$ 0.68	43.6 \$ 29.62	0.82% \$ 0.68
Aug-11	\$-		-		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		#C	DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!
Sep-11	\$ 3,402.14	\$ 3,402.14	5,089.27		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		21.86 \$	14.61	0.43%	\$ 0.67	37.48 \$ 25.06	0.74% \$ 0.71
Oct-11	\$ 3,577.46	\$ 3,577.46	4,611.32		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		37.19 \$	28.85	0.81%	\$ 0.78	49.58 \$ 38.46	1.08% \$ 0.78
Nov-11	\$ 9,843.06	\$ 9,843.06	9,117.98		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		29.84 \$	32.21	0.33%	\$ 1.08	166.7 \$ 179.96	1.83% \$ 0.40
Dec-11	\$ 21,671.14	\$ 21,671.14	23,331.55		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		29.84 \$	27.72	0.13%	\$ 0.93	938.45 \$ 871.66	4.02% \$ 0.15
Jan-12	\$ 32,847.20	\$ 32,847.20	36,482.23		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		35.81 \$	32.24	0.10%	\$ 0.90	1322.74 \$1,190.94	3.63% \$ 0.10
Feb-12	\$ 15,880.61	\$ 15,880.61	42,477.14		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		34.06 \$	12.73	0.08%	\$ 0.37	1607.86 \$ 601.12	3.79% \$ 0.08
Mar-12	\$ 13,557.55	\$ 13,557.55	35,389.55		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		42.35 \$	16.22	0.12%	\$ 0.38	1318.11 \$ 504.96	3.72% \$ 0.10
Apr-12	\$ 38,795.86	\$ 13,397.93	\$ 25,397.93 36,285.87		\$-	0.00%	#DIV/0!		42.23 \$	45.15	0.12%	\$ 1.07	834.3 \$ 892.01	2.30% \$ 0.10
May-12	\$ 20,089.02	\$ 7,674.46	\$ 12,414.56 17,736.60		\$ -	0.00%	#DIV/0!		26.78 \$	30.33	0.15%	\$ 1.13	545.9 \$ 618.30	3.08% \$ 0.20
Total	\$ 163,269	\$ 125,456	\$ 37,812 215,827.77	12.46					323.83	256.29	30.33		6,864.72	
Average											30.331854			

	Master Meter List									
Unknown	Known	Used	Needed							
362093	129292 (Monkey House)	310674 (Child Care)	Connector Building							
470558	249260 (Roosevelt House)	497191 (CIM)	Criminal Justice Center (180372)							
497759	268114 (Print Shop)	431186 (Community Center)	Helene Fuld (341687)							
516533	307090 (Animal Barn)	4393670 (Jefferson Hall)	Laser Building (199278)							
543578	450781 (Main Boiler Room)	514828 (Lincoln Hall)	Madison Hall (453525)							
		180448 (Papiano Gym)								
		461792 (Taft Hall)								
		555971 (Taft Hall)								
		411069 (Truman Hall)								
		430957 (Wolverton)								

Main Boiler House Therms

nerms Cost 52,617.40 \$ 38,630.26

Papiano Gym Truman Hall	sq ft 40,000 32,990		otal 54.8% 45.2%			st 21,170.16 17,460.09															
ramarrian	02,000		10.270	20,702.00	Main Boiler House Gas Usage																
	Main Bo	iler ⊦	louse				Papiano Gym			Truman Hall											
Month	MBH Therms	MB	H Cost	Therms	Therms C		DHW	HHW			Therms		Cost	DHW		HW					
Jul-11	311	\$	211.56	311.40	\$	211.56	311.4)	-		-	\$	-								
Aug-11	-	\$	-	-							-	\$	-								
Sep-11	-	\$	-	-	\$	-					-	\$	-								
Oct-11	-	\$	-	-	\$	-					-	\$	-								
Nov-11	3,087	\$	3,332.48	1,691.74	\$	1,826.27	1,168.43	3	523.30		1,395.26	\$	1,506.22		627.87	767.39					
Dec-11	6,277	\$	5,830.20	3,439.87	\$	3,195.07	1,168.43	3	2,271.43		2,837.03	\$	2,635.13		627.87	2,209.16					
Jan-12	9,207	\$	8,289.63	5,045.62	\$	4,542.89	1,168.43	3	3,877.19		4,161.38	\$	3,746.74		627.87	3,533.51					
Feb-12	11,042	\$	4,128.34	6,051.46	\$	2,262.41	1,168.43	3	4,883.03		4,990.94	\$	1,865.93		627.87	4,363.07					
Mar-12	11,260	\$	4,313.53	6,170.54	\$	2,363.90	1,168.4	3	5,002.11		5,089.16	\$	1,949.63		627.87	4,461.29					
Apr-12	6,695	\$	7,158.11	3,669.00	\$	3,922.79	1,168.4	3	2,500.56		3,026.00	\$	3,235.32		627.87	2,398.14					
May-12	4,738	\$	5,366.40	2,596.52	\$	2,940.90	1,168.43	3	1,428.09		2,141.48	\$	2,425.51		627.87	1,513.61					
Total	52,617	\$	38,630	\$ 28,976	\$	21,266	\$ 8,49) \$	20,486	\$	23,641	\$	17,364	\$	4,395	\$ 19,246					

Usage (Therms) Meter Number

		\$ 30.33				
	Build	ling Meters a	nd T	otals		
Building Name					Secondary	
	Gas Meter	Therms	\$/T	herm	Meter #	Therms
Child Care	310674	1,442.38	\$	0.80		
CIM	497191	19,436.98	\$	0.80		
Community Cente	431186	3,240.64	\$	0.80		
Connector Building	g		\$	0.80		
Criminal Justice C	180372		\$	0.80		
Helene Fuld	341687		\$	0.80		
Jefferson Hall	4393670	3,868.58	\$	0.80		
Laser Building	199278		\$	0.80		
Lincoln Hall	514828	9,560.71	\$	0.80		
Madison Hall	453525		\$	0.80		
Papiano Gym	180448	29,299.98	\$	0.80		
Taft Hall	461792	7,040.50	\$	0.80	555971	6,993.92
Truman Hall	411069	23,702.06	\$	0.80		
Wolverton Library	430957	9,307.28	\$	0.80		

						(Therms) Number					
268114 (F	rint Shop)	307090 (An	imal Barn)	310674 (Child Care)	3620	093	411069 (Trur	430957 (Wolve	erton)	
Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	% Tot \$/Therm				-	•	Tot \$/The
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	36.33 \$ 24.68	0.68% \$ 0.68	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	26.99 \$ 18.34	0.51% \$ 0.68	5.19 \$ 3.53	0.10% \$ 0.68	104.84 \$ 71.23	1.98% \$
#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	0 #DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0! #DI
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	10.41 \$ 6.96	0.20% \$ 0.67	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	5.21 \$ 3.48	0.10% \$ 0.67	1.04 \$ 0.70	0.02% \$ 0.67	14.57 \$ 9.74	0.29% \$
0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	46.49 \$ 36.07	1.01% \$ 0.78	3.1 \$ 2.40	0.07% \$ 0.78	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	4.13 \$ 3.20	0.09% \$ 0.78	23.76 \$ 18.43	0.52% \$
1.03 \$ 1.11	0.01% \$ 1.08	12.35 \$ 13.33	0.14% \$ 1.08	0\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	374.56 \$ 404.35	4.11% \$ 1.08	7.2 \$ 7.77	0.08% \$ 1.08	55.57 \$ 59.99	0.61% \$
23.67 \$ 21.99	0.10% \$ 0.93	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	73.06 \$ 67.86	0.31% \$ 0.93	912.72 \$ 847.77	3.91% \$ 0.93	8.23 \$ 7.64	0.04% \$ 0.93	1041.35 \$ 967.24	4.46% \$
57.29 \$ 51.58	0.16% \$ 0.90	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	236.31 \$ 212.76	0.65% \$ 0.90	1499.72 \$ 1,350.29	4.11% \$ 0.90	4.09 \$ 3.68	0.01% \$ 0.90	1954.95 \$ 1,760.16	5.36% \$
107.33 \$ 40.13	0.25% \$ 0.37	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	467.5 \$ 174.78	1.10% \$ 0.37	1732.73 \$ 647.80	4.08% \$ 0.37	4.13 \$ 1.54	0.01% \$ 0.37	2005.18 \$ 749.66	4.72% \$
98.14 \$ 37.60	0.28% \$ 0.38	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	394.61 \$ 151.17	1.12% \$ 0.38	1418.31 \$ 543.35	4.01% \$ 0.38	7.23 \$ 2.77	0.02% \$ 0.38	1929.64 \$ 739.23	5.45% \$
48.41 \$ 51.76	0.13% \$ 1.07	\$ -	0.00% #DIV/0!	165.83 \$ 177.30	0.46% \$ 1.07	1038.24 \$ 1,110.06	2.86% \$ 1.07	12.36 \$ 13.21	0.03% \$ 1.07	1411.1 \$ 1,508.71	3.89% \$
14.42 \$ 16.33	0.08% \$ 1.13	\$-	0.00% #DIV/0!	101.97 \$ 115.49	0.57% \$ 1.13	610.79 \$ 691.80	3.44% \$ 1.13	7.21 \$ 8.17	0.04% \$ 1.13	766.32 \$ 867.96	4.32% \$
350.29		105.58		1,442.38 901.78		7,619.27		60.81 52.22		9,307.28 \$ 6,752.35	
l				1	Meter	(Therms) Number					
431186 (Com	• /	450781 (Main I	,		(Taft Hall)	Number 470		497191 (· · ·	497759	
Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm	Number 4705 Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm	Therm Cost	% Tot \$/Therm 1	herm Cost %	
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.56	% Tot \$/Therm 5.87% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68	Number 4709 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71	% Tot \$/Therm 1 0.02% \$ 0.68	⁻ herm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41	69.44% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.56 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0!	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Number 470 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0!	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0!	herm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! ;	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #[
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.56 #DIV/0! 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67	Number 470 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! ; 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #I 88.98% \$
Therm Cost 162.97 \$ 110.72 #DIV/0! 224.86 \$ 150.32 363.62 \$ 282.10	% Tot \$/Therm 3.07% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 4.42% \$ 0.67 7.89% \$ 0.78	Therm Cost 311.4 \$ 211.56 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 5.87% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 8.3 \$ 5.64 #DIV/0! 7.29 \$ 4.87 30.99 \$ 24.04	Meter (Taft Hall) % Tot \$/Therm 0.16% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.14% \$ 0.67 0.67% \$ 0.78	Number 4709 Therm Cost 20.76 \$ 14.10 #DIV/0! 0 \$ - 0 \$ -	% Tot \$/Therm 0.39% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0! 0.00% #DIV/0!	Therm Cost 1.04 \$ 0.71 #DIV/0! 195.52 \$ 130.70 169.41 \$ 131.43	% Tot \$/Therm 7 0.02% \$ 0.68 #DIV/0! #DIV/0! 3.84% \$ 0.67 3.67% \$ 0.78	Therm Cost % 3684.9 \$ 2,503.41 #DIV/0! 4528.35 \$ 3,027.17 3842.76 \$ 2,981.21	69.44% \$ #DIV/0! #[88.98% \$ 83.33% \$
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	514828 (Lincoln Hall) 516533										543578							4393670 (J	555971 (Taft Hall)												
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Total

APPENDIX B

Equipment Inventory

New Jersey BPU Energy Audit Program CHA #24364 Camden County College Lincoln Hall Original Construction Date: 1954 Renovation/Addtion Date: 1994

Description	QTY	Manufacturer Name	Model No.	Serial No.	Equipment Type / Utility	Capacity/Size/Efficiency	Location	Areas/Equipment Served	Date Installed	Remaining Useful Life (years)	Other Info.
CT-1	CT-1 1 IN		EFC-C-223-3	2573-1RH	Closed Loop Cooling Tower / Electric	421 GPM, 10°F Water ΔT at 78°F WB / 2,105 MBH (175 tons) 20 HP fan motor 1.5 HP Spray water pump 6.0 kW electric basin heater	Rooftop	Lincoln Hall / Condenser Cooling Water	1991	-1	Poor Condition
B-1 B-2 B-3 B-4 B-5 B-6	6	Weil-McLain	HE-II-6	CP-2452799 CP-2434777 CP-2434806 CP-2434778 CP-2434805 CP-2434804	HVAC Heating Hot Water System / Natural Gas	167 MBH Input / 137 MBH Output / 82% Efficiency	Boiler Room Lower Level	Lincoln Hall	1991	14	Fair Condition
HWP-1	1	TACO	FM3013126B2K102L0	113160001	HVAC Heating Hot Water System / Electric	25 HP / 1750 RPM / Standard Efficiency 86%	Boiler Room	Lincoln Hall / Primary Hot Water Sytem	1993	1	Good Condition
HWP-2	1	TACO	FM3013126B2K102L0	113160011	HVAC Heating Hot Water System / Electric	25 HP / 1750 RPM / Standard Efficiency 86%	Boiler Room	Lincoln Hall / Primary Hot Water Sytem	1993	1	Good Condition
DHW-1	1	AO Smith	BJP-140-199	SJ93-5030793	Domestic Hot Water Heating / Natural Gas	199 MBH Input / 140 GAL	Boiler Room Lower Level	Lincoln Hall	1991	-9	Fair Condition
RTU-1	1	McQuay	CUR251EFLC	5YG83831-01	HVAC / DX Cooling, Natural Gas Heating	10,000 CFM / CLG: 300 MBH HTG: 320 MBH / 10 HP SF	Rooftop Above Area Being Served	Theater	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-1 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWH030CCFS	74G08900 00	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	xxx	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-2 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWH030CCFS	XXX	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-3 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	XXX	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	xxx	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-4 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition

New Jersey BPU Energy Audit Program CHA #24364 Camden County College Lincoln Hall Original Construction Date: 1954 Renovation/Addtion Date: 1994

Description	QTY	Manufacturer Name	Model No.	Serial No.	Equipment Type / Utility	Capacity/Size/Efficiency	Location	Areas/Equipment Served	Date Installed	Remaining Useful Life (years)	Other Info.
HP-5 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	xxx	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-6 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-7 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-8 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-9 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-10 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-11 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	xxx	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-12 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-13 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition

New Jersey BPU Energy Audit Program CHA #24364 Camden County College Lincoln Hall Original Construction Date: 1954 Renovation/Addtion Date: 1994

Description	QTY	Manufacturer Name	Model No.	Serial No.	Equipment Type / Utility	Capacity/Size/Efficiency	Location	Areas/Equipment Served	Date Installed	Remaining Useful Life (years)	Other Info.
HP-14 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-15 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-16 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-17 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-18 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-19 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
HP-20 Water Source Heat Pump	1	Snyder General	HWHxxxCCFS	ххх	HVAC / WSHP Electric Cooling & Heating, Vertical Cabinet	- CFM / CLG: - MBH @ - EER HTG: - MBH @ - COP	Floor Mounted Cabinet In Area Served	ххх	1991	-6	Good Condition
UV-1 thru UV-xxx	хх	Snyder General	EABAENRSAR	NOT AVAILABLE	HVAC / Hot Water Heating	Fractional HP fan motors	Vertical unit ventilator floor mounted cabinet	Exterior Zones	1991	-1	Good Condition

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 Existing Lighting

Cost	of	Electr	icity [.]
COSL	UI.		icity.

				EXISTING	CONDITIO	NS					
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Retrofit Control	Annual kWh	
Field Code	Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)		"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	Retrofit control device	(kW/space) * (Annual Hours)	Notes
209A	West Cooridor	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.26	SW	2500	None	640	
234	Lobby A	7	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	1.40	SW	2500	None	3,500	
234	Lobby B	33	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	6.60	SW	2500	None	16,500	
129A	Lobby B	3	SP 72 I	172/1	75	0.23	SW	2125	C-OCC	478	
	Men's Room	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.06	SW	2125	C-OCC	136	
	Men's Room	1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL	32	0.03	SW	2125	C-0CC	68	
	Women's Room	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.06	SW	2500	None	160	
41A	Women's Room	1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL	32	0.03	SW	2125	000	68	
35A	L - 023	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.13	SW	2125	000	272	
35A	L - 022 Gallony - 024	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.13	SW SW	2125 2250	220	272	
	Gallery - 024 Gallery - 024	14 43	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	32 75	0.45	SW	2250	C-OCC 220-2	1,008 7,256	
	Gallery - 025	43	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.38	SW	2125	 	816	
	Gallery - 025	45	SP 72 I	172/1	75	3.38	SW	2125	000	7,172	
	Storage Closet	+ <u>5</u> 1	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	0.20	SW	2125	000	425	
	Theater Lobby	10	70 W MH Wall Pack	MH70/1	95	0.95	SW	2000	000	1,900	
	Theater Men's Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	32	0.03	SW	2125	000	68	
	Theater Women's Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	32	0.03	SW	2125	000	68	
	Closet	1	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.06	SW	2125	OCC	128	
	Entrance Theater	1	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	0.20	SW	2125	OCC	425	
175A	Theater	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	32	0.26	SW	2125	000	544	
Y	Theater	42	I 100	I100/1	100	4.20	SW	2125	OCC	8,925	
227	Theater	1	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.06	SW	2125	OCC	128	
227	Stairway	1	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.06	SW	2125	OCC	128	
23	Theater Exit Signs	9	X 5 W CF 2	ECF5/2	20	0.18	SW	2500	None	450	
71	Projector Room	4	I 60	I60/1	60	0.24	SW	2125	000	510	
234	Theater	3	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	0.60	SW	2125	000	1,275	
	Stage	9	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	1.08	SW	500	None	540	
	Kitchen	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.10	SW	2125	000	204	
180	L - 021	6	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	0.67	SW	2500	None	1,680	
180	L - 021E (Photo Studio)	9	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	1.01	SW	2500	None	2,520	
180	L - 021D	2	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	0.22	SW	2500	None	560	
180	L - 021A	2	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	0.22	SW	2125	OCC	476	
180	L - 021A L - 016 Music Room	b 17	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL MH250/1	112	0.67	SW SW	1063	None	714	
169 209A	L - 016 Music Room Corridor Outside of Music Room	0	SP 250 MH ROOF 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	MH250/1 FU2ILL	295 32	5.02 0.29	SW	2125 1063	OCC None	10,657 306	
209A 169	L - 020	9 12	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	3.54	SW	1063	None	3,761	
169 162A	L - 020 L - 017	11	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	1.32	SW	2125		2,805	
162A	L - 019	8	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.96	SW	500	None	480	
162A	L - 018	8	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.96	SW	500	None	480	
169	L - 009, L - 010, L - 011	12	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	3.54	SW	500	None	1,770	
204	L - 010	1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.21	SW	2125		440	
169	L - 008 Little Theater	8	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	2.36	SW	1063	None	2,508	
11A	L - 008 Closet	2	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.12	SW	2125	000	255	
	Women's Bathroom		4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.24	SW	1063	None	255	

		L
ctricity:	\$0.150	\$/kWh
	\$6.00	\$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 Existing Lighting

Cost	of	Electricity:	
COSL	UI.		

71 C 11A A 209A V 35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A C 204 C 204 C 204 C 204 C	Area Description Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	before the retrofit 1 1 1 1 4	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape I 60 I 60	160/1	Watts per Fixture Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	kW/Space (Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Exist Control Pre-inst. control device	Annual Hours Estimated annual hours	Retrofit Control Retrofit	Annual kWh (kW/space) *	
71 C 71 C 71 C 11A A 209A V 35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 11A K 204 C 204 C 204 C 204 C	number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable) Closet Closet Closet All Purpose Bathroom /estibule - 007 - 012 - 012 Kiln Room #2	fixtures before the retrofit 1 1 1 1 4	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape I 60 I 60	Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard Fixture	. ,				(kW/space) *	Natas
71 C 11A A 209A V 35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A C 204 C 204 C 204 C 204 C	Closet All Purpose Bathroom /estibule - 007 - 012 - 012 Kiln Room #2	4	1 60		U			for the usage group	control device	(Annual Hours)	Notes
71 C 11A A 209A V 35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A K 11A C 204 C 204 C 204 C 204 C	Closet All Purpose Bathroom /estibule - 007 - 012 - 012 Kiln Room #2	4	1 60		60	0.06	SW	2250	None	135	
209A V 35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 162A C 204 C	/estibule 007 012 012 Kiln Room #2	4		160/1	60	0.06	SW	2250	None	135	
35A L 11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 11A K 12A C 204 C 204 C	007 012 012 Kiln Room #2	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.06	SW	500	None	30	
11A L 204 L 11A K 11A K 162A C 204 C	012 012 Kiln Room #2	4 4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.03	SW	520	None	17	
204 L 11A K 11A K 162A C 204 C	012 Kiln Room #2	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.13	SW	520	C-OCC	67	
11A K 11A K 162A C 204 C	Kiln Room #2		4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.24	SW	520	None	125	
11A K 162A C 204 C		1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.21	SW	500	None	104	
162A C 204 C		4	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.24	SW	4380	None	1,051	
204 G	Kiln Room #1		4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.12	SW	4380	None	526	
	Ceramic Studio		4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	2.64	SW	8760	None	23,126	
221 IL	Glaze Room	3	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.62	SW	8760	None	5,440	
	Dance Room	6	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.36	SW	2125	000	765	
	Dance Cooridor		4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.69	SW	2125	OCC	1,466	
	Dance Cooridor		4' 1-LAMP T-12	F41EL F42EL	<u>32</u> 60	0.38	SW SW	500 500	None	192	
	/len's Bathroom 005		4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F42EL F43EL	60 115	0.24	SW	500 8760	None None	120 4,030	
	005 005	4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.03	SW	500	None	4,030	
61A L		3	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.35	SW	3285		1,133	
	- 004A BR	1	1 60	I60/1	60	0.06	SW	3285	000	197	
	Display Case	3	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.18	SW	8760	None	1,577	
	004	4	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.48	SW	8760	None	4,205	
	- 013	6	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.69	SW	500	None	345	
	- 013 Costume Storage	6	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.69	SW	2125	OCC	1,466	
	Men's Bathroom	1	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.12	SW	500	None	60	
	Vomen's Bathroom	1	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.12	SW	2000	OCC	240	
	- 003	8	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.48	SW	2000	None	960	
	Mechanical Room	7	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.42	SW	500	None	210	
	Aechanical Room	1	I 60	I60/1	60	0.06	SW	8760	OCC	526	
	Ext Boiler Room	4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.13	SW	500	None	64	
	002	1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.03	SW	500	None	16	
61A L	002A	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.23	SW	8760	OCC	2,015	
	002B	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.23	SW	2000	None	460	
	002C	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.23	SW	8760	None	2,015	
	002D	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.23	SW	2000	OCC	460	
	Cooridor		2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.29	SW	4380	OCC	1,261	
	001	28	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	5.80	SW	4380	C-0CC	25,386	
	Cooridor	2	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.41	SW	4380	000	1,813	
	Electrical Supply Room		4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.35	SW	520	C-0CC	179	
	Cooridor		2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.38	SW	520	000	200	
	015.5 Storage	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.23	SW	2500	None	575	
	015	4	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.46	SW	2125	000	978	
	014	4	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.46	SW	2125	000	978	
	Exterior Lighting	2	High Bay MH 400	MH400/1	458	0.92	SW	1125	None	1,031	
	Exterior Lighting Exterior Lighting	13	HPS 200 High Bay MH 200 35 Feet High	HPS200/1 MH200/1	250 232	3.25 0.70	SW SW	2500 2250	None C-OCC	8,125 1,566	

tricity:	\$0.150	\$/kWh
	\$6.00	\$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 Existing Lighting

				EXISTING		NS				
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Retrofit Control	
Field Code	Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	fixtures	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	Retrofit control device	(kW/space) * (Annual Hours)
71	Exterior Lighting Total	2 606	I 60	160/1	60	0.12 70.62	SW	2250	C-0CC	270 179,383

Cost of Electricity:

\$0.150	\$/kWh
\$6.00	\$/kW

APPENDIX C

ECM Calculations

	Summary o	f Energy Co	nservation I	Measures			
	Energy Conservation Measure	Approx. Costs (\$)	Approx. Savings (\$/year)	Payback (Years) w/o Incentive	Potential Incentive (\$)*	Payback (Years) w/ Incentive	Recommen ded For Implement ation
ECM-1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	125,800	700	179.7	3,000	175.4	
ECM-2	Replace Domestic Water Heater (DWH)	7,800	420	18.6	240	18.0	
ECM-3	HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement	76,000	3,200	23.8	6,650	21.7	
ECM-4	HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement	950,900	1,080	880.5	13,000	868.4	
ECM-5	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	70,700	2,300	30.7	1,625	30.0	
ECM-6	HVAC Demand Control Ventilation	5,000	900	5.6	0	5.6	Х
ECM-7	Install Vending Misers	600	600	1.0	0	1.0	Х
ECM-8	Replace/Upgrade Rooftop Exhaust Fans	7,000	400	17.5	0	17.5	
ECM-9	Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps	328	200	1.6	0	1.6	Х
ECM-10	Upgrade / Re-commission Building Automation System	20,800	1,900	10.9	0	10.9	
ECM-11	Replace Windows	284,600	1,700	167.4	0	167.4	
ECM-12	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	9,800	8,100	1.2	6,067	0.5	Х
ECM-13	Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)	6,600	5,800	1.1	805	1.0	Х
ECM-14	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	15,200	12,400	1.2	6,872	0.7	Х

ECM Summary Sheet

ECM-1 HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings	•			incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
125,800	0	0	900	700	0	700	(0.9)	3,000	>20	>20

ECM-2 Replace Domestic Water Heater (DWH)

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
Cost	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings	Savings	KOI	incentive ·	(without incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
7,800	0	0	520	400	0	400	(0.4)	240	19.5	18.9

ECM-3 HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	120	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
76,000	24,600	0	0	3,200	0	3,200	-0.1	6,650	>20	>20

ECM-4 HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement

Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
950,900	8,200	0	0	1,100	0	1,100	(1.0)	13,000	>20	>20

ECM-5 HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
70,700	17,500	0	0	2,300	0	2,300	-0.5	1,625	>20	>20

ECM-6 HVAC Demand Control Ventilation

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
5,000	2,500	0	700	900	0	900	2.6	0	5.6	5.6

ECM-7 Install Vending Misers

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost			Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with		
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)

\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
5,000	4,340	0	0	600	0	600	13.2	0	8.3	8.3

ECM-8 Replace/Upgrade Rooftop Exhaust Fans

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with	
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
7,000	2,360	0	100	400	0	400	(0.2)	0	17.5	17.5

ECM-9 Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	ROI	Incentive *	Payback (without	Payback (with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
328	1,190	0	0	200	0	200	8.2	0	1.6	1.6

ECM-10 Upgrade / Re-commission Building Automation System

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
20,800	9,710	0	730	1,900	0	1,900	(0.1)	0	10.9	10.9

ECM-11 Replace Windows

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
284,600	1,280	0	1,860	1,700	0	1,700	(0.8)	0	>20	>20

ECM-12 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
9,800	53,500	25	0	8,100	0	8,100	11.5	6,067	1.2	0.5

ECM-13 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary		Annual Utilit	y Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
6,600	43,800	0	0	5,800	0	5,800	12.1	805	1.1	1.0

ECM-14 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary		Annual Utili	ty Savings		Estimated	Total			Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	ROI	Incentive *	(without	(with
	Electric	Electric	Nat Gas	Total	Savings				incentive)	incentive)
\$	kWh	kW	Therms	\$	\$	\$		\$	Years	Years
15,200	89,100	30	0	12,400	0	12,400	11.2	6,872	1.2	0.7

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU CHA Project #24364

	Lincol	n Hall																					
	Item				Savings			Cost	Simple		Life	NJ Smart Start	Direct Install	Direct Install	Max	Payback w/		Simp	le Projected	Lifetime Sav	vings		ROI
		kW	kWh	therms	cooling kWh	kgal/yr	\$		Payback	MTCDE	Expectancy	Incentives	Eligible (Y/N)*	Incentives**	Incentives	Incentives***	kW	kWh	therms	cooling	kgal/yr	\$	
ECM-1	HVAC Condensing Boilers Addition	0.0	0	900	0	0	\$ 700	\$ 125,800	179.7	4.8	25	\$ 3,000	Y	\$ 75,000	\$ 3,000	175.4	0	0	22,500	0	0	\$ 18,0	JO (0.9)
ECM-2	Replace Domestic Water Heater (DWH)	0.0	0	520	0	0	\$ 420	\$ 7,800	18.6	2.8	12	\$ 240	Y	\$ 5,500	\$ 240	18.0	0	0	6,240	0	0	\$ 5,0	00 (0.4)
ECM-3	HVAC Cooling Tower Replacement	0.0	24,600	0	0	0	\$ 3,200	\$ 76,000	23.8	10.3	20	\$ 6,650	Y	\$ 53,200	\$ 6,650	21.7	0	492,000	0	0	0	\$ 64,7	JO (0.1)
ECM-4	HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement	0.0	8,200	0	0	0	\$ 1,080	\$ 950,900	880.5	3.4	15	\$ 13,000	Y	\$ 75,000	\$ 13,000	868.4	0	123,000	0	0	0	\$ 16,2	JO (1.0)
ECM-5	HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacement	0.0	17,500	0	0	0	\$ 2,300	\$ 70,700	30.7	7.4	15	\$ 1,625		\$ -	\$ 1,625	30.0	0	262,500	0	0	0	\$ 34,5	00 (0.5)
ECM-6	HVAC Demand Control Ventilation	0.0	2,500	700	0	0	\$ 900	\$ 5,000	5.6	4.8	20			\$ -	\$-	5.6	0	50,000	14,008	0	0	\$ 17,8	00 2.6
ECM-7	Install Vending Misers	0.0	4,336	0	0	0	\$ 600	\$ 600	1.0	1.8	15			\$ -	\$-	1.0	0	65,043	0	0	0	\$ 8,5	00 13.2
ECM-8	Replace/Upgrade Rooftop Exhaust Fans	0.0	2,357	105	0	0	\$ 400	\$ 7,000	17.5	1.6	15			\$ -	\$-	17.5	0	35,351	1,574	0	0	\$ 5,9	00 (0.2)
ECM-9	Replace Domestic Hot Water Pumps	0.1	1,190	0	0	0	\$ 200	\$ 328	1.6	0.5	20			\$-	\$-	1.6	3	23,807	0	0	0	\$ 3,0	00 8.2
ECM-10	Upgrade / Re-commission Building Automation System	0.0	9,709	727	0	0	\$ 1,900	\$ 20,800	10.9	8.0	10			\$-	\$-	10.9	0	97,086	7,266	0	0	\$ 18,6	JO (0.1)
ECM-11	Replace Windows	0.0	1,278	1,858	0	0	\$ 1,700	\$ 284,600	167.4	10.4	30			\$-	\$-	167.4	0	38,332	55,745	0	0	\$ 49,6	JO (0.8)
ECM-12	Lighting Replacement Upgrades	25.2	53,500	0	0	0	\$ 8,100	\$9,800	1.2	22.5	15	\$ 6,067		\$-	\$ 6,067	0.5	378	802,500	0	0	0	\$ 122,2	00 11.5
ECM-13	Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)	0.0	43,800	0	0	0	\$ 5,800	\$6,600	1.1	18.4	15	\$ 805		\$-	\$ 805	1.0	0	657,000	0	0	0	\$ 86,4	00 12.1
ECM-14	Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)	25.2	89,100	0	0	0	\$ 12,400	\$15,200	1.2	37.4	15	<mark>\$6,872</mark>	Y	\$ 10,600	\$ 6,872	0.7	378	1,336,500	0	0	0	\$ 185,5	00 11.2
	Total (Does Not Include ECM-8 & ECM-9)	25.3	160,769.6	4,810.1	0.0	0.0	25,800.0	1,564,727.5	60.6		18	\$ 31,387		\$ 219,300	\$ 31,387	59.4	380.9	2,523,619	107,333	0	0	\$ 427,3	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 7 \\ 0 \\ 0$
	Total Measures with Positive ROI	25.2	91,600.0	700.4	0.0	0.0	13,300.0	20,200.0	1.5		16.6666667			\$ 10,600	-	1.0	380.9	1,475,350	14,008	0	Ő	\$ 214,8	
	% of Existing	18%	40%	50%	0%	#DIV/0!		_0,_0010	1.5	I	10.0000007	ψ 0,072	I	**Direct Insta	all Incentives	1.0	les70% of ea	ch project cost		0 per elect	rical utility		

Utility Costs		Yearly Usage	MTCDE	Building Area	Annual U	Itility Cost
\$ 0.131	\$/kWh blended		0.00042021	41,500	Electric	Natural Gas
\$ 0.119	\$/kWh consumpt	404,524	0.00042021		\$54,016	\$6,161
\$ 5.94	\$/kW	143	0			
\$ 0.80	\$/Therm	9,561	0.00533471			
\$ 	\$/kgals	-	0			

account; total funding for each year is capped at \$250,00

ECM-1: HVAC Condensing Boiler Added

ECM Description Summary

One (1) high efficiency condensing boiler will be added to operate as the primary boiler during the milder winter months (October-November and March-April) with the existing boilers operating as secondary boilers. Boiler installation location/space to be determined since there is not enough room in the existing boiler room. Space may have to be provided in existing building or constructed if boiler cannot fit in exsiting mechanical space.

Existing Fuel	Nat.Gas	•
Proposed Fuel	Nat.Gas	•

Item	<u>Value</u>	<u>Units</u>	Formula/Comments
Baseline Fuel Cost	\$ 0.80	/ Therm	
Proposed Fuel Cost	\$ 0.80	/ Therm	
Baseline Fuel Use	6,693	Therms	Based on historical utility data.
Existing Boiler Plant Efficiency	80%		Estimated or Measured
Baseline Boiler Load	535,455	Mbtu/yr	Baseline Fuel Use x Existing Efficiency x 100 Mbtu/Therms
Baseline Fuel Cost	\$ 5,349		
Proposed Boiler Plant Efficiency	92%		New Condensing Boiler Efficiency
Proposed Fuel Use	5,820	Therms	Baseline Boiler Load / Proposed Efficiency / 100 Mbtu/Therms
Proposed Fuel Cost	\$ 4,651		
Annual Utility Savings	900	Therms	
Annual Savings	\$ 700		
Boiler Addition Project Cost	\$ 125,800		
Simple Payback	180	Years	

*Note to engineer: Link savings back to summary sheet in appropriate column.

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU

CHA Project #24364

Lincoln Hall

1.10
1.35
1.10

Description	QTY	UNIT	l	JNIT COST	S	SUB	STOTAL CO	STS	TOTAL COST	DEMARKS
Description	QII	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL COST	REWARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
3,000 MBH NG Condensing Boiler	1	EA	\$ 45,000	\$ 2,000		\$ 49,500	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 52,200	
Flue Installation	25	LF	\$ 75.0	\$ 15.00		\$ 2,063	\$ 506	\$-	\$ 2,569	
Reprogram DDC system	1	EA	\$ 100.0	\$ 350.00		\$ 110	\$ 473	\$-	\$ 583	
Miscellaneous Electrical	1	LS	\$ 500	\$ 250		\$ 550	\$ 338	\$-	\$ 888	
Miscellaneous HW Piping	1	LS	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,000		\$ 2,200	\$ 1,350	\$-	\$ 3,550	
Boiler room/space construction	1	LS	\$ 20,000	\$ 10,000		\$ 22,000	\$ 13,500	\$-	\$ 35,500	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	

\$ 95,289	Subtotal
\$ 9,529	10% Contingency
\$ 20,964	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 125,800	Total

ECM-2: Replace Gas-Fired DHW Heater w/ Condensing Gas-Fired DHW Heater

ECM Summary

During periods of little or no domestic hot water use, domestic hot water heaters must still heat the water within their storage tank. Energy required maintaining the hot water temperature setpoint during times of zero demand is known as standby losses. According to the U.S. Department of Energy, 2.5% of stored capacity is lost every hour during HW heater standby. This value was applied to the total volume of the existing DHW heater storage tank to determine the annual standby losses. Proposed efficiency was based on a tankless-type, high efficiency condensing hot water heater with an auxiliary storage tank for increased hot water recovery capacity.

Item	Value	<u>Units</u>	Formula/Comments
Avg. Monthly Utility Demand by Water Heater	2,868	Therms/yr	From utility bill for usage in month of May when DHW is primary NG usage
Total Annual Utility Demand by Water Heater	286,752	MBTU/yr	1therm = 100 MBTU
Existing DHW Heater Efficiency	80%		Per manufacturer nameplate
Total Annual Hot Water Demand (w/ standby losses)	229,402	MBTU/yr	
Existing Tank Size	140	Gallons	Per manufacturer nameplate
Hot Water Piping System Capacity	10	Gallons	Estimated Per existing system (includes HWR piping)
Hot Water Temperature	130	°F	Per building personnel
Room Temperature	70	°F	
Standby Losses (% by Volume)	2.5%		(2.5% of stored capacity per hour, per U.S. Department of Energy)
Standby Losses (Heat Loss)	1.9	MBH	
Annual Standby Hot Water Load	16,425	MBTU/yr	
New Tank Size	100	Gallons	Based on Rinnai tankless water heater with (1) 100 gal storage tank
Hot Water Piping System Capacity	10	Gallons	Estimated Per existing system (includes HWR piping)
Hot Water Temperature	130	°F	
Room Temperature	70	°F	
Standby Losses (% by Volume)	2.5%		(2.5% of stored capacity per hour, per U.S. Department of Energy)
Standby Losses (Heat Loss)	1.4	MBH	
Annual Standby Hot Water Load	12,045	MBTU/yr	
Total Annual Hot Water Demand	225,022	MBTU/yr	
Proposed Avg. Hot water heater efficiency	96%		Based on Rinnai Instantaneous Water heater
Proposed Fuel Use	2,344	Therms	
Utility Cost	\$0.80	\$/Therm	
Existing Operating Cost of DHW	\$2,291	\$/yr	
Proposed Operating Cost of DHW	\$1,873	\$/yr	
Simple Payback	1	9	

Savings Summary:

Utility	Energy	Cost
	Savings Therms	Savings
Therms/yr	520	\$418

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-2: Replace Electric & Gas-Fired DHW Heaters w/ Condensing Gas-Fired DHW Heater - Cost

Description		UNIT	UNIT COSTS		SUBTOTAL COSTS			TOTAL	REMARKS	
Description	QTY	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	COST	INEWARKS
Gas DHW Heater Removal	1	EA	\$-	\$ 50		\$-	\$ 68	\$-	\$ 100	
High Efficiency Gas-Fired tankless DHW Heater	1	EA	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,000		\$ 1,320	\$ 1,350	\$-	\$ 2,700	
100 gallon storage tank	1	EA	\$ 400	\$ 200		\$ 440	\$ 270	\$-	\$ 700	
Miscellaneous Electrical	1	EA	\$ 50	\$ 100		\$ 55	\$ 135	\$-	\$ 200	
Venting Kit	1	EA	\$ 450	\$ 650		\$ 495	\$ 878	\$-	\$ 1,400	
Miscellaneous Piping and Valves	1	LS	\$ 300			\$ 330	\$-	\$-	\$ 300	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
						\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	

120

\$ 5,400	Subtotal
\$ 1,080	20% Contingency
\$ 1,296	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 7,800	Total

Lincoln Hall EQUIPMENT SERVED AREA SERVED FAN MOTOR HP SERVED CT-1 Cooling Tower 20.0 Utility Costs CT-1 CT-1 20.0 Blended Electric Rate \$0.131 Total Combined Motor Horsepower: 20.0

ECM Description Summary

Older Cooling towers supply constant volume air regardless of outside temperature. Modern cooling towers incorporate Variable Frequency Drives (VFD's) to reduce the air flow by slowing the motors down when less cooling capacity is needed, significant electrical energy can be saved. The fan motors will also be replaced with a premium efficiency motor. System static pressure will be permitted to float with fan speed, and pressure will not be controlled or monitored. Control strategy is to program the EMCS system to permit the CT fan to ramp speed linearly between 100% and 50% as OAT varies between the design cooling load and building balance point.

ΗP

UNIT CT-1	HP 20.0	Existing Motor Eff (Note 1) 88.3%	New Motor Eff (Note 1) 93.0%	Existing Motor kW 13.52	New Motor 12.83	<u>kW</u>	Building Balance Point 55.0
				13.5	12.83	VFD Eff. (0	CC) 98.5%

OAT - DB		Occupied	СТ	Existing	Existing	Fan	Proposed	Speed	Proposed	Savings
Avg	Bin Hours	Hours in	Hours in	Fan	Fan	Load	Fan	efficiency	Fan	Fan
Temp F		Bin	Bin	Kw	kWh	%	kW	%	kWh	kWh
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(F)	(F)	(E)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)
100 5	0	0	0	40.5	0	4000/	10.00	00.0%	0	0
102.5	0	0	0	13.5	0	100%	13.03	99.0%	0	0
97.5	3	1	1	13.5	12	100%	13.03	99.0%	12	0
92.5	34	10	10	13.5	137	94%	11.20	100.0%	113	23
87.5	131	39	39	13.5	527	88%	9.53	100.0%	372	156
82.5	500	149	149	13.5	2,012	82%	8.02	100.0%	1193	818
77.5	620	185	185	13.5	2,494	76%	6.66	98.7%	1246	1,248
72.5	664	198	198	13.5	2,671	71%	5.45	96.4%	1118	1,553
67.5	854	254	254	13.5	3,436	65%	4.39	93.2%	1196	2,240
62.5	927	276	276	13.5	3,729	59%	3.46	89.2%	1070	2,660
57.5	600	179	179	13.5	2,414	53%	2.66	84.3%	563	1,851
52.5	610	182	182	13.5	2,454	50%	2.30	81.5%	513	1,941
47.5	611	182	182	13.5	2,458	50%	2.30	81.5%	514	1,944
42.5	656	195	195	13.5	2,639	50%	2.30	81.5%	552	2,087
37.5	1,023	304	304	13.5	4,116	50%	2.30	81.5%	861	3,255
32.5	734	218	218	13.5	2,953	50%	2.30	81.5%	617	2,335
27.5	334	99	99	13.5	1,344	50%	2.30	81.5%	281	1,063
22.5	252	75	75	13.5	1,014	50%	2.30	81.5%	212	802
17.5	125	37	37	13.5	503	50%	2.30	81.5%	105	398
12.5	47	14	14	13.5	189	50%	2.30	81.5%	40	150
7.5	22	7	7	13.5	89	50%	2.30	81.5%	19	70
2.5	13	4	4	13.5	52	50%	2.30	81.5%	11	41
-2.5	0	0	0	13.5	0	50%	2.30	81.5%	0	0
-7.5	0	0	0	13.5	0	50%	2.30	81.5%	0	0
TOTALS		2,607	2,607	311	35,242				10,607	24,635

Notes:

- 1) Existing motor power based on operation with existing motor efficiency, operating at 80% load factor when at full load. Formula: Motor HP x 0.746 x 0.8 / Exist. Motor Eff., New motor power is based on same formula using the new motor efficiency.
- 2) Weather data from NOAA for Newark, NJ International Airport.
- 3) Occupied & AHU Bin Hours are based upon current Owner reported occuped schedule.
- 4) The required VFD motor power draw is based on a 3.0 power relationship to load, since system static pressure will not be controlled.

Annual Utility Savings	24,600	kWh
Annual Savings	\$ 3,200	
Install Variable Speed Drives	#REF!	
- Air Handling Fan Cost		
Simple Payback	#REF!	Years

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-3 Cooling Tower Replacement Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	UNIT COSTS		SUBTOTAL COSTS			TOTAL	REMARKS	
			MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	COST	REWARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Existing (1) cooling tower demolition	1	EA	\$ 350	\$ 1,550		\$ 385	\$ 2,093	\$-	\$ 2,500	
(1) Cooling tower, rooftop mounted with VSD fans	1	EA	\$ 16,800	\$ 2,075		\$ 18,480	\$ 2,801	\$-		2012 RS Means, \$96 per ton for 175 ton cooling tower
- Condenser water pumps and piping	175	tons	\$ 99	\$ 33		\$ 18,961	\$ 7,796	\$-	\$ 26,800	2012 RS Means, \$
- Condenser water chemical feed system	1	EA	\$ 350	\$ 275		\$ 385	\$ 371	\$-	\$ 800	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) cooling tower	1	EA	\$ 150	\$ 2,000		\$ 165	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 2,900	
Electrical - misc.	1	LS	\$ 500	\$ 2,000		\$ 550	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 3,300	
						\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	

\$ 57,600	Subtotal
\$ 5,760	10% Contingency
\$ 12,672	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 76,000	Total

DX DX COOLING HEATING

		CAPACITY	CAPACITY		
EQUIPMENT	AREA SERVED	(MBH)	(MBH)	QTY.	COOLING TOTAL MBH
HP-1,2,3,4,5	Block A1996 Areas, Art Room 11A, Home Ec Room 3A, and Resource Room 12A	40.0	30.0	5	200.0
HP-6A,6B,6C,42	Rooms 7A,7B,7C and 2001 Block C Areas	48.0	42.0	4	192.0
HP-7A,7B,8A,8B	Media Center 2B, Science Room 1S	54.0	50.0	4	216.0
HP-9	Computer Lab L1 & Media Center Area L2	63.0	52.0	1	63.0
HP-10,36	1996 Board Offices and 2001 Block C Areas	63.0	52.0	2	126.0
HP-11A,11B,11C,11D	1973 Areas AHUs and Terminal Equipment	219.3	200.6	4	877.2
HP-10A,10B,10C, 10D,10E,10F,10G	2001 Block C Areas and Main Offices	10.0	7.5	7	70.0
HP-16A,16B,16C, 16D,16E,16F,16G	2001 Block C Areas	16.7	12.8	7	116.9
HP-19A,19B,19C,19D	2001 Block C Areas and Main Offices	19.2	15.1	4	76.8
HP-24	OA to Block C Areas	27.0	18.0	1	27.0
HP-30A,30B,30C, 30D,30E,30F	2001 Block C Areas	31.2	21.6	7	218.4
		591	502		2,183 M

ECM-4: HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement

ECM Description Summary

By replacing older water source heat pump equipment with units which have high efficiency fan motors and higher SEER/EER compressors, significant electrical energy can be saved. Control schemes can be incorporated that were not possible with the older equipment as well. It is recommended these units be replaced by more modern water source heat pumps.

ASSUMPTION	IS	Comments	
Electric Cost	\$0.131	/ kWh	
Average run hours per Week	66	Hours	
Space Balance Point	55	F	
Space Temperature Setpoint	74	deg F	Setpoint.
Cooling BTU/Hr Rating of existing DX equipment		Btu / Hr	Total BTU/hr of DX cooling equipment to be replaced.
Heating BTU/Hr Rating of existing DX equipment	501,600	Btu / Hr	Total BTU/hr of DX cooling equipment to be replaced.
Average EER (cooling)	11.7		Units are 10 years old, EER of 12.0, COP of 3.0 when new.
Average COP (heating)	3.1		Units are 10 years old, EER of 12.0, COP of 3.0 when new.
Existing Annual Electric Usage	44,695	kWh	

Item	Value	<u>Units</u>	Comments
Proposed Average EER	14.4		New ductless mini-splits (per manufacturer)
Proposed Average COP	3.8		New ductless mini-splits (per manufacturer)
Proposed Annual Electric Usage	36,461	kWh	Unit will cycle on w/ temp of room. Possible operating time shown below

ANNUAL SAVIN	IGS	
Annual Electrical Usage Savings	8,230	kWh
Annual Cost Savings	\$1,082	
Total Project Cost	\$950,900	
Simple Payback	879	years

OAT - DB		Cooling Hrs	Assumed %	Assumed
Bin	Annual	at Temp Above	of time of	hrs of
Temp F	Hours	balance point	operation	Operation
102.5	0	0	100%	0
97.5	3	1	89%	1
92.5	34	13	79%	11
87.5	131	51	68%	35
82.5	500	196	58%	114
77.5	620	244	47%	115
72.5	664	0	0%	0
67.5	854	0	0%	0
62.5	927	0	0%	0
57.5	600	0	0%	0
52.5	610	0	0%	0
47.5	611	0	0%	0
42.5	656	0	0%	0
37.5	1,023	0	0%	0
32.5	734	0	0%	0
27.5	334	0	0%	0
22.5	252	0	0%	0
17.5	125	0	0%	0
12.5	47	0	0%	0
7.5	22	0	0%	0
2.5	13	0	0%	0
-2.5	0	0	0%	0
-7.5	0	0	0%	0
Total	8,760	506	55%	276

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-4: HVAC Water Source Heat Pumps Replacement - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	ι	JNIT COST	S	S	UBTOTAL CO	DSTS	TOTA		EMARKS
			MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	COS		IMARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$	-	
Existing (53) GSHPs demolition	46	EA	\$ 100	\$ 1,000		\$ 5,060	\$ 62,100	\$-	\$ 67	200	
(7) GSHPs, 1.0 ton with cooling and heating	7	EA	\$ 1,690	\$ 400		\$ 13,013	\$ 3,780	\$-	\$ 16	300	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	7	EA	\$ 250	\$ 300		\$ 1,925	\$ 2,835	\$-	\$ 4	300	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	7	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 578			\$ 2	500	
(7) GSHPs, 1.5 tons with cooling and heating	7	EA	\$ 1,960	\$ 445		\$ 15,092	\$ 4,205	\$-	\$ 19	300	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	7	EA	\$ 250	\$ 300		\$ 1,925	\$ 2,835	\$-	\$ 4	300	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	7	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 578	\$ 1,890	\$-	\$ 2	500	
(4) GSHPs, 2.0 tons with cooling and heating	4	EA	\$ 2,140	\$ 470		\$ 9,416	\$ 2,538	\$-	\$ 12	000	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	4	EA	\$ 250	\$ 300		\$ 1,100	\$ 1,620	\$-	\$ 2	700	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	4	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 330	\$ 1,080	\$-	\$ 1	400	
(1) GSHP, 2.5 tons with cooling and heating	1	EA	\$ 2,340	\$ 500		\$ 2,574	\$ 675	\$-	\$ 3	200	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	1	EA	\$ 250	\$ 300		\$ 275	\$ 405	\$-	\$	700	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	1	EA	\$ 75			\$ 83		\$-	\$	400	
(7) GSHPs, 3.0 tons with cooling and heating	7	EA	\$ 2,400	\$ 575		\$ 18,480	\$ 5,434	\$-	\$ 23	900	
- Valves 120	7	EA	\$ 250	\$ 300		\$ 1,925	\$ 2,835	\$-	\$ 4	300	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	7	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 578	\$ 1,890	\$-	\$ 2	500	
(1) GSHP, 3.5 tons with cooling and heating	1	EA	\$ 2,590	\$ 615		\$ 2,849	\$ 830	\$-	\$ 3	700	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	1	EA	\$ 250			\$ 275				700	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	1	EA	\$ 75				\$ 270			400	
(4) GSHPs, 4.0 tons with cooling and heating	4	EA	\$ 2,850			. ,	\$ 3,618			200	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	4	EA	\$ 300	\$ 400		\$ 1,320	\$ 2,160	\$-	\$ 3	500	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	4	EA	\$ 75				\$ 1,080		\$ 1	400	
(7) GSHPs, 5.0 tons with cooling and heating	7	EA	\$ 3,270				\$ 8,411		\$ 33	300	
 Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils 	7	EA		\$ 400		\$ 2,310			\$6	100	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	7	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 578			\$ 2	500	
(4) GSHPs, 6.0 tons with cooling and heating	4	EA	\$ 3,100	\$ 1,200		\$ 13,640			\$ 20	100	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	4	EA	\$ 300	\$ 400		\$ 1,320	\$ 2,160		\$ 3	500	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	4	EA	\$ 75	\$ 200		\$ 330			\$ 1	400	
(4) GSHPs, 20.0 tons with cooling and heating	4	EA	\$ 16,700	\$ 3,100		\$ 73,480			\$ 90	200	
- Valves & Piping to GSHP CHW & HW coils	4	EA	\$ 400			\$ 1,760				500	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) GSHP	4	EA	\$ 75				\$ 1,620	•	\$ 2	000	
Electrical - misc.	46	LS	\$ 1,000	\$ 5,000		\$ 50,600	\$ 310,500		\$ 361	100	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$	-	

\$ 720,400	Subtotal
\$ 72,040	10% Contingency
\$ 158,488	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 950,900	Total

EQUIPMENT	AREA SERVED	COOLING CAPACITY (MBH)	
RTU-1	Main Theater	300	
	Total Electric DX Cooling:	300	MB

ECM-5: HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacment

ECM Summary Replace old DX rooftop air handling units with more efficient fDX rooftop units having fariable speed fans and compressors.

ASSUMPTIONS			Comments
Electric Cost	\$0.131	/ kWh	
Average run hours per Week	66	Hours	
Space Balance Point	55	F	
Space Temperature Setpoint	74	deg F	Setpoint.
BTU/Hr Rating of existing DX equipment	300,000	Btu / Hr	Total BTU/hr of DX cooling equipment to be replaced.
Average EER	8.0		Units are 13 years old, EERs were 10 when new
Existing Annual Electric Usage	10,347	kWh	

ltem	<u>Value</u>	<u>Units</u>	Comments		
Proposed EER	14.4		New ductless mini-splits (per manufacturer)		
Proposed Annual Electric Usage	5,748	kWh	Unit will cycle on w/ temp of room. Possible operating time shown below		

ANNUAL SAVINGS						
Annual Electrical Usage Savings	4,600	kWh				
Annual Cost Savings	\$600					
Total Project Cost	\$70,700					
Simple Payback	118	years				

OAT - DB		Cooling Hrs		Assumed
Bin	Annual	at Temp Above	Assumed % of	hrs of
Temp F	Hours	balance point	time of operation	Operation
102.5	0	0	100%	0
97.5	3	1	89%	1
92.5	34	13	79%	11
87.5	131	51	68%	35
82.5	500	196	58%	114
77.5	620	244	47%	115
72.5	664	0	0%	0
67.5	854	0	0%	0
62.5	927	0	0%	0
57.5	600	0	0%	0
52.5	610	0	0%	0
47.5	611	0	0%	0
42.5	656	0	0%	0
37.5	1,023	0	0%	0
32.5	734	0	0%	0
27.5	334	0	0%	0
22.5	252	0	0%	0
17.5	125	0	0%	0
12.5	47	0	0%	0
7.5	22	0	0%	0
2.5	13	0	0%	0
-2.5	0	0	0%	0

Total 8,760 506 55% 276					
	Total	8 /60	506	66V/	276

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU CHA Project #24364

Lincoln Hall

Lincoln Hall		EQUIPMENT			
		SERVED	AREA SERVED	FAN MOTOR HP	_
ECM-6B: Install Variable Spee	<u>d Drives - AHU Fans</u>	RTU-1	Main Theater	10.0]
<u>Utility Costs</u>					
Blended Electric Rate	\$0.131				
		Total Combined	Motor Horsepower:	10.0	ΗP

ECM Description Summary

Air handling units with constant volume supply fan motors serve spaces with intermittent large occupancy loads. By adding Variable Frequency Drives (VFD's) to reducing the air flow by slowing the motors down, significant electrical energy can be saved. The fan motors will also be replaced with a premium efficiency motor. System static pressure will be permitted to float with fan speed, and pressure will not be controlled or monitored. Control strategy is to program the EMCS system to permit the AHU fan to ramp speed linearly between 100% and 50% as OAT varies between the design heating load and building balance point.

UNIT RTU-1	HP 10.0	Existing Motor Eff (Note 1) 86.1%	New Motor Eff (Note 1) 91.7%	Existing Motor kW 6.93	New Motor 6.51	kW		Building Balance Point 55.0
				6.9	6.51		VFD Eff. (CC)	98.5%

OAT - DB Avg Temp F	Bin Hours	Occupied Hours in Bin	AHU Hours in Bin	Existing Fan Kw	Existing Fan kWh	Fan Load %	Proposed Fan kW	Speed efficiency %	Proposed Fan kWh	Savings Fan kWh
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(F)	(F)	(E)	(G)	(H)	(I)	(J)
102.5	0	0	0	6.9	0	50%	1.17	81.5%	0	0
97.5	3	1	1	6.9	6	50%	1.17	81.5%	1	5
92.5	34	10	10	6.9	70	50%	1.17	81.5%	15	56
87.5	131	39	39	6.9	270	50%	1.17	81.5%	56	214
82.5	500	149	149	6.9	1,031	50%	1.17	81.5%	213	818
77.5	620	185	185	6.9	1,279	50%	1.17	81.5%	264	1,015
72.5	664	198	198	6.9	1,370	50%	1.17	81.5%	283	1,087
67.5	854	254	254	6.9	1,762	50%	1.17	81.5%	364	1,397
62.5	927	276	276	6.9	1,912	50%	1.17	81.5%	395	1,517
57.5	600	179	179	6.9	1,238	50%	1.17	81.5%	256	982
52.5	610	182	182	6.9	1,258	52%	1.31	83.7%	283	975
47.5	611	182	182	6.9	1,260	57%	1.61	87.6%	334	927
42.5	656	195	195	6.9	1,353	61%	1.95	91.1%	418	935
37.5	1,023	304	304	6.9	2,110	66%	2.33	94.0%	755	1,355
32.5	734	218	218	6.9	1,514	70%	2.75	96.3%	624	890
27.5	334	99	99	6.9	689	75%	3.22	98.2%	326	363
22.5	252	75	75	6.9	520	80%	3.73	99.5%	281	239
17.5	125	37	37	6.9	258	84%	4.28	100.0%	159	98
12.5	47	14	14	6.9	97	89%	4.89	100.0%	68	29
7.5	22	7	7	6.9	45	93%	5.54	100.0%	36	9
2.5	13	4	4	6.9	27	98%	6.24	99.6%	24	3
-2.5	0	0	0	6.9	0	100%	6.61	99.0%	0	0
-7.5	0	0	0	6.9	0	100%	6.61	99.0%	0	0
TOTALS		2,607	2,607	159	18,071				5,157	12,914

Notes:

1) Existing motor power based on operation with existing motor efficiency, operating at 80% load factor when at full load. Formula: Motor HP x 0.746 x 0.8 / Exist. Motor Eff.,

New motor power is based on same formula using the new motor efficiency.

- 2) Weather data from NOAA for Newark, NJ International Airport.
- 3) Occupied & AHU Bin Hours are based upon current Owner reported occuped schedule.
- 4) The required VFD motor power draw is based on a 3.0 power relationship to load, since system static pressure will not be controlled.

Annual Utility Savings	12,900	kWh
Annual Savings	\$ 1,700	
Install Variable Speed Drives	\$ 70,700	
- Air Handling Fan Cost		
Simple Payback	42	Years

-	
Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-5: HVAC Air Handling Equipment Replacment - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	L L	JNIT COST	S	SL	JBTOTAL C	OSTS	TOTAL	REMARKS
			MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	COST	REWARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Existing (1) RTU demolition	1	EA	\$ 100	\$ 1,500		\$ 110	\$ 2,025	\$-	\$ 2,135	
(1) RTU, 25.0 tons with DX cooling and NG heating	1	EA	\$ 30,700	\$ 8,200		\$ 33,770	\$ 11,070	\$-	\$ 44,840	
- Reprogram DDC system for (1) RTU	1	EA	\$ 75	\$ 300		\$83	\$ 405	\$-	\$ 488	
10 HP VFD	1	ea	\$ 1,625	\$ 585		\$ 1,788	\$ 790	\$-	\$ 2,577	
10 HP Motors	1	ea	\$ 660	\$ 100		\$ 726	\$ 135	\$-	\$ 861	
Reprogram DDC system	1	ea	\$ 100	\$ 1,000		\$ 110	\$ 1,350	\$-	\$ 1,460	
Electrical - misc.	1	ea	\$ 150	\$ 150		\$ 165	\$ 203	\$-	\$ 368	
Duct pressure sensor/transmitter	1	ea	\$ 500	\$ 200		\$ 550	\$ 270	\$ -	\$ 820	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	

\$ 53,548	Subtotal
\$ 5,355	10% Contingency
\$ 11,781	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 70,700	Total

ECM-6A: Install Variable Speed Drives - HW Pump

Variable Inputs

Blended Electric Rate	\$0.13	
Heating System "On" Point	55	
VFD Efficiency	98.5%	

ECM Description Summary

Larger motors that operate pumps unnecessarily consume electrical energy. The hot water system pumps operate at a constant speed even though the building load does not require all of the flow to maintain temperatures. By adding speed controllers to the motors, called Variable Frequency Drives (VFD's), and reducing the flow (by slowing the motors down), significant electrical energy can be saved. Pressure actuated controllers are used to measure the water pressure in the hto water system and as valves close, the system pressure increases and in turn the pump speed is reduced.

	PUMP SCHEDULE									
Pump ID	Qty	HP	Total HP	Existing Motor Motor Eff.	New Motor Motor Eff.	Exist. Motor kW Note 1	New Motor kW Note 2			
P-1, P-2	1	25.0	25.0	92.4%	93.6%	16.15	15.94			
					Total:	16.15	15.94			

				SAVINGS AN	IALYSIS				
OAT - DB Avg Temp F	OAT - WB Avg 120	Annual Hours in Bin	Heating Hours Bin	Pump Load %	Existing Pump kWh	Proposed Pump kW	Speed efficiency %	Proposed Pump kWh	Proposed Savings kWh
(A)	(B)	(C)	(D) =IF(A>TP,0,C)	(E) =0.5+0.5* (50-A)/(50-10))	(F) =D*AA	(G) =BB*E^2.5/CC	(H)	(I) =D*G	(J) =F-H
See Note 3	See Note 3	See Note 3		See Note 4		See Note 5			
07.5	75	0	0	00/	0	0.0	0.00/	0	0
97.5	75	3	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
92.5	74	34	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
87.5	72	131	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
82.5	69	500	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
77.5	67	620	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
72.5	64	664	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
67.5	62	854	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
62.5	58	927	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
57.5	53	600	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
52.5	47	610	610	53%	9,850	3.3	84.1%	2,374	7,475
47.5	43	611	611	58%	9,866	4.2	88.8%	2,893	6,973
42.5	38	656	656	64%	10,593	5.3	92.7%	3,735	6,858
37.5	34	1,023	1,023	69%	16,519	6.5	95.9%	6,941	9,578
32.5	30	734	734	75%	11,852	7.9	98.2%	5,893	5,959
27.5	25	334	334	81%	5,393	9.4	99.8%	3,156	2,237
22.5	20	252	252	86%	4,069	11.1	100.0%	2,806	1,263
17.5	16	125	125	92%	2,018	13.0	100.0%	1,627	391
12.5	11	47	47	97%	759	15.1	99.7%	711	48
7.5	6	22	22	100%	355	16.2	99.0%	360	-4
2.5	2	13	13	100%	210	16.2	99.0%	212	-3
-2.5	-3	0	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
-7.5	-8	0	0	0%	0	0.0	0.0%	0	0
		8,760	4,427		71,484			30,708	40,776

Notes:

1) Existing motor power based on operation with existing motor efficiency, operating at 80% load factor when at full load. Formula: Motor HP x 0.746 x 0.8 / Exist. Motor Eff., New motor power is based on same formula using the new motor efficiency.

- 2) New motor power is the same as existing motor power adjusted for the new efficiency, if a new motor is proposed.
- 3) Weather data from NOAA for Newark, New Jersey.
- 4) The pump load is estimated at 100% at X deg. OAT and 50% at X deg. OAT and varies linearly in between.
- 5) The required VFD motor draw is based on a 2.5 power relationship to load.

Annual Utility Savings	40,800	kWh
Annual Savings	\$ 5,400	
Install Variable Speed Drives	\$ 17,500	
- HW Pump Cost		
Simple Payback	3	Years

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-6A: Install Variable Speed Drives - HW Pump - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT		UNIT COST	S	SUE	STOTAL CO	STS	TOTAL COST	DEMARKS
Description	QII	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	TOTAL COST	REWARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
25 HP VFD	1	ea	\$ 2,850	\$ 1,175		\$ 3,135	\$ 1,586	\$-	\$ 4,721	
25 HP Motors	1	ea	\$ 1,350	\$ 160		\$ 1,485	\$ 216	\$-	\$ 1,701	
Reprogram DDC system	1	ea	\$ 100	\$ 350		\$ 110	\$ 473	\$-	\$ 583	
Electrical - misc.	1	ls	\$ 200	\$ 150		\$ 220	\$ 203	\$-	\$ 423	
2-way or 3-way control valve(s) for system sequence	1	ea	\$ 1,000	\$ 2,000		\$ 1,100	\$ 2,700	\$-	\$ 3,800	
Pipe pressure sensor/transmitter	1	ea	\$ 850	\$ 500		\$ 935	\$ 675	\$-	\$ 1,610	
Misc. piping modification	1	ea	\$ 200	\$ 150		\$ 220	\$ 203	\$-	\$ 423	
						\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	

\$ 13,260	Subtotal
\$ 1,326	10% Contingency
\$ 2,917	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 17,500	Total

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU

CHA Project #24364

Lincoln Hall

ECM-M8A: Install Demand Control Ventilation

Description:

Outside air can be significantly reduced for most of the time that the building is occupied. Savings will result from the avoided heating and cooling of excessive outside air.

Method:

The outdoor air introduced into the spaces is currently constant based on design occupancy conditions. This ECM proposes the installation of CO2 sensors in the space to allow for reduced outdoor air flows when conditions allow. An average reduction of 50% is assumed possible with the implementation of DCV

The DCV system will automatically adjust the outdoor air damper position through the EMS to reduce outdoor air flows based on indoor CO2 levels.

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	М	Ν	0
					Existing				Propose	ed Demand	Ventilation		Sav	rings
Avg. DB Bin Temp °F	OA Enthalpy Btu/lb	Occupied Bin HOURS	OA CFM	Cooling Load MBH	Heating Load MBH	Cooling kWh	Heating therms	Derated O.A. CFM	Cooling Load MBH	Heating Load MBH	Cooling kWh	Heating therms	Cooling kWh	Heating therms
102.5	49.1	-	2,000	204	0	0	-	1,000	102	0	0	-	0	-
97.5	42.5	1	2,000	145	0	21	-	1,000	72	0	11	-	11	-
92.5	39.5	13	2,000	118	0	197	-	1,000	59	0	98	-	98	-
87.5	36.6	51	2,000	92	0	591	-	1,000	46	0	295	-	295	-
82.5	34	196	2,000	68	0	1,679	-	1,000	34	0	840	-	840	-
77.5	31.6	244	2,000	47	0	1,425	-	1,000	23	0	712	-	712	-
72.5	29.2	261	2,000	25	0	822	-	1,000	13	0	411	-	411	-
67.5	27	336	2,000	5	0	226	-	1,000	3	0	113	-	113	-
62.5	24.5	364	2,000	0	0	0	-	1,000	0	0	0	-	0	-
57.5	21.4	236	2,000	0	0	0	-	1,000	0	0	0	-	0	-
52.5	18.7	240	2,000	0	33	0	100	1,000	0	17	0	50	0	50
47.5	16.2	240	2,000	0	44	0	133	1,000	0	22	0	66	0	66
42.5	14.4	258	2,000	0	55	0	177	1,000	0	28	0	89	0	89
37.5	12.6	402	2,000	0	66	0	331	1,000	0	33	0	165	0	165
32.5	10.7	288	2,000	0	77	0	276	1,000	0	38	0	138	0	138
27.5	8.6	131	2,000	0	87	0	143	1,000	0	44	0	72	0	72
22.5	6.8	99	2,000	0	98	0	122	1,000	0	49	0	61	0	61
17.5	5.5	49	2,000	0	109	0	67	1,000	0	55	0	33	0	33
12.5	4.1	18	2,000	0	120	0	28	1,000	0	60	0	14	0	14
7.5	2.6	9	2,000	0	131	0	14	1,000	0	65	0	7	0	7
2.5	1	5	2,000	0	141	0	9	1,000	0	71	0	5	0	5
-2.5	0	-	2,000	0	152	0	-	1,000	0	76	0	-	0	-
-7.5					-	1,000	0	82	0	-	0	-		
Total		3,441		705		4,961	1,401		352		2,481	700	2,481	700

ANNUAL	SAVINGS	
Annual Natural Gas	700	Therms
Annual Electrical Usag	2,481	kWh
Annual Cost Savings	\$886	
Total Project Cost	\$5,000	
Simple Payback	5.6	years

	Total CFM	O.A. CFM	O.A. %]
Org. scheduled CFM	10,000	2,000	30%	
Derated CFM	10,000	1,000	10%	
SA Enthalpy	26.4	BTU/lbma		1
SA Set point, Winter	68.0	°F		
SA Set point, Summer	74.0	°F		
Heating "On" Point	55.0	°F		1
Cooling System Eff.	1.5	kW/Ton		(Includes ancillary equipment)
Heating System Eff.	80%			(Includes distribution losses)

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-7: HVAC Demand Control Ventilation - Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	UNIT COSTS						S	SUB	TOTAL COS	STS	TOTAL COST		REMARKS
Description	QTT	UNIT	MAT.		LABOR		EQUIP.	MAT.		LABOR		EQUIP.			ILEMARKS
CO2 sensor	1	ea	\$	500	\$	150	\$-	\$	550	\$	203	\$-	\$	800	
Replace damper actuators	3	ea	\$	250	\$	50	\$-	\$	825	\$	203	\$-	\$	1,000	
Reprogram DDC system	1	ea	\$	150	\$	350	\$-	\$	165	\$	473	\$-	\$	600	
Miscellaneous electrical/wiring	1	ls	\$	300	\$	750	\$-	\$	330	\$	1,013	\$-	\$	1,300	

\$ 3,700	Subtotal
\$ 740	10% Contingency
\$ 555	20% Contractor O&P
\$ -	0% Engineering
\$ 5,000	Total

ECM-8 Install Vending Machine Controls

Ex. Cold Beverage Vending Machine Electric usage		kWh ^{1,4,7}
Ex. Snack Vending Machine Electric usage		kWh ^{2,5,7}
Ex. Dual Vending Machine Electric Usage Total Vending Machine Electric Usage	2,628 7,884	kWh ^{3,6,7} kWh
Proposed Vending Machine Electric usage	3,548	_
Vending Machine Controls Usage Savings	 4,336	 k\//h
Total cost savings	\$ 4,550 570	RUUII
Estimated Total Project Cost	\$ 600	9
Simple Payback	1.05	years

Assumptions

1	1 Number of cold beverage vending machines
2	1 Number of snack vending machines
3	1 Number of dual snack/beverage vending machines
4	400 Average wattage, typical of cold beverage machines based on prior project experience
5	200 Average wattage, typical of snack machines based on prior project experience
6	300 Average wattage, typical of dual snack/beverage machines based on prior project experience
7	8760 Hours per year vending machine plugged in

- 8 55% Typical savings for cold vending machines based on historical data for runtime savings
- 9 \$200 Estimated installed cost per vending machine

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU CHA Project #24364

	CHA Project #	#24364											-			1									-
	Lincoln Hall											Demand			Energy								Multiplier	S	
												Cost			Cost							Material	Labor	Equipment	
ECI	M-9a: Install N	<u>Modern Roof Top Exhau</u>	ust Fans w	ith Prem	nium Efficien	cy Motors	<u> </u>					\$/kW-month			\$/kWh										
												\$ 5.94			\$ 0.12							1.00	1.00	1.00	
Sav	ings Analysis												-						Cost Estin	nates					-
								New																	
			Existing	Load	Existing	Existing	New	Load	New	New	Demand	Demand	Annual	kWh	\$ kWh	Total \$	Estimated	Payback		Unit Cos	ts	Sı	ibtotal Co	osts	
#	Description	Location	HP	Factor		kW	HPh	Factor	Efficiencya	kW	Savings	Savings \$	Hours	Savings	Savings	Savings	Cost	Years	Materials	1	Equipment	Materials		Equipment	Total Cost
1	EF-1	Women's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1.211	8,760	149		\$ 19	\$ 500	26.5	\$ 400			\$ 400	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 500
2	EF-2	Men's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1.211	8,760	149		\$ 19	\$ 500		+	\$ 100		T	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
3	EF-3	Men's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1.211	8,760	149		\$ 19	\$ 500		-	\$ 100		\$ 400	-	\$-	\$ 500
4	EF-4	Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1.211	8,760	149	- T	\$ 19	\$ 500		· · · · ·	\$ 100	- T	\$ 400	•	\$-	\$ 500
5	EF-5	Dressing Room	0.06	0.75	70%	0.0	0	0.75	77%	0.0	0.005	\$ 0.327	8,760	40		\$ 5	\$ 500			\$ 100		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
6	EF-6	Not Used	N/A	N/A	70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7	EF-7	Not Used	N/A	N/A	70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
8	EF-8	Men's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500	26.5	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$ -	\$ 500
9	EF-9	Women's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
10	EF-10	Not Used	N/A	N/A	70%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
11	EF-11	Kitchen	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500		\$ 400	\$ 100		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
12	EF-12	Janitor's Closet	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
13	EF-13	Men's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500			\$ 100		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
14	EF-14	Women's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500	26.5	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
15	EF-15	Projection Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
16	EF-16	Nurse's Toilet Room	0.17	0.75	70%	0.1	0	0.75	80%	0.1	0.017	\$ 1	8,760	149	\$ 18	\$ 19	\$ 500	26.5	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
17	EF-17	Kiln	0.33	0.75	70%	0.3	0	0.75	82%	0.2	0.039	\$ 3	8,760	345	\$ 41	\$ 44	\$ 500		\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 400	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 500
		Total	2.393333			1.9	2.393			1.7	0.25	\$ 18		2,171		\$ 275	\$ 7,000								

Notes

Existing and new efficiencies should be entered if known. If not known, use provided curve fit based on "DOE Survey Installed Average" and NEMA Premium values, respectively.

b Same as existing HP unless resized to better match load

Remarks

Note: pricing is for energy calculations only -do not use for procurement

ECM-9b: Rooftop Exhaust Replacement (Infiltration Savings)

Assume: Existing rooftop exhaust fans do not emply backdraft dampers to prevent outdoor air from seeping into the building

Proposed: Newer rooftop exhaust systems use back draft dampers to protect the building envelope and prevent outdoor air infiltration.

Perimeter of Exhaust Fans	64 LF	Cooling System Efficiency	1.2 kW/ton	Heating System Efficiency	82%	
Area of Exhaust Fans	19 SF	Ex Occupied Clng Temp.	74 *F	Heating On Temp.	60	*F
Existing Infiltration Factor	6.7 cfm/SF	Ex Unoccupied Clng Temp.	78 *F	Ex Occupied Htg Temp.	68	*F
Proposed Infiltration Factor	3.0 cfm/SF	Cooling Occ Enthalpy Setpoint	27.5 Btu/lb	Ex Unoccupied Htg Temp.	60	*F
-		Cooling Unocc Enthalpy Setpoint	27.5 Btu/lb	Electricity	\$ 0.131	\$/kWh
				Natural Gas	\$ 0.80	\$/therm

]	EXISTING	G LOADS	PROPOSE	ED LOADS	COOLING	G ENERGY	HEATING E	NERGY
					Occupied	Unoccupied	Occupied	Unoccupied				
Avg Outdoor Air Temp. Bins °F	Avg Outdoor Air Enthalpy	Existing Equipment Bin Hours	Occupied Equipment Bin Hours	Unoccupied Equipment Bin Hours	Exhaust Infiltration BTUH	Exhaust Infiltration BTUH	Exhaust Infiltration BTUH	Exhaust Infiltration BTUH	Existing Cooling Energy kWh	Proposed Cooling Energy kWh	Existing Heating Energy Therms	Proposed Heating Energy Therms
A	Enthalpy	B	C	D	E	F	G	Н		J	K	L
		_	-	_		-	-			-		_
102.5	50.1	0	0	0	-12,763	-12,763	-5,652	-5,652	0	0	0	0
97.5	42.5	3	1	2	-8,471	-8,471	-3,751	-3,751	3	1	0	0
92.5	39.5	34	13	21	-6,777	-6,777	-3,001	-3,001	23	10	0	0
87.5	36.6	131	51	80	-5,139	-5,139	-2,276	-2,276	67	30	0	0
82.5	34.0	500	196	304	-3,671	-3,671	-1,626	-1,626	184	81	0	0
77.5	31.6	620	244	376	-2,315	0	-1,025	0	56	25	0	0
72.5	29.2	664	261	403	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67.5	27.0	854	336	519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62.5	24.5	927	364	563	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57.5	21.4	600	236	364	1,423	339	630	150	0	0	6	2
52.5	18.7	610	240	370	2,101	1,017	930	450	0	0	11	5
47.5	16.2	611	240	371	2,779	1,694	1,230	750	0	0	16	7
42.5	14.4	656	258	398	3,456	2,372	1,530	1,050	0	0	22	10
37.5	12.6	1,023	402	621	4,134	3,050	1,831	1,350	0	0	43	19
32.5	10.7	734	288	446	4,812	3,727	2,131	1,651	0	0	37	16
27.5	8.6	334	131	203	5,489	4,405	2,431	1,951	0	0	20	9
22.5	6.8	252	99	153	6,167	5,083	2,731	2,251	0	0	17	7
17.5	5.5	125	49	76	6,845	5,760	3,031	2,551	0	0	9	4
12.5	4.1	47	18	29	7,522	6,438	3,331	2,851	0	0	4	2
7.5	2.6	22	9	13	8,200	7,116	3,631	3,151	0	0	2	1
2.5	1.0	13	5	8	8,878	7,794	3,931	3,451	0	0	1	1
0.0	0.0	0	0	0	9,217	8,132	4,081	3,601	0	0	0	0
TOTALS		8,760	3,441	5,319					333	147	188	83

Existing Exhaust Infiltration

126 cfm

Proposed Exhaust Inf	iltration

56 cfm

Savings	105	Therms	\$ 84
	185	kWh	\$ 24
			\$ 108

Window ID	Location	Quantity	Width (ft)	Height (ft)	Linear Feet (LF)	Area (SF)	Airflow (CFM)	Infiltration Rate (CFM/SF)	Infiltration (CFM)
EF-1	Women's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	600.0	9.48	12.0
EF-2	Men's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	600.0	9.48	12.0
EF-3	Men's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	190.0	3.00	3.8
EF-4	Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	190.0	3.00	3.8
EF-5	Dressing Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	400.0	6.32	8.0
EF-6	Not Used	0	1.125	1.125	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0
EF-7	Not Used	0	1.125	1.125	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0
EF-8	Men's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	360.0	5.69	7.2
EF-9	Women's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	360.0	5.69	7.2
EF-10	Not Used	0	1.125	1.125	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0
EF-11	Kitchen	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	520.0	8.22	10.4
EF-12	Janitor's Closet	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	520.0	8.22	10.4
EF-13	Men's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	190.0	3.00	3.8
EF-14	Women's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	190.0	3.00	3.8
EF-15	Projection Room	1	1.292	1.292	5.2	1.7	665.0	7.97	13.3
EF-16	Nurse's Toilet Room	1	1.125	1.125	4.5	1.3	190.0	3.00	3.8
EF-17	Kiln	1	1.292	1.292	5.2	1.7	1300.0	15.58	26.0
Total		14	19.5	19.5	64.3	18.5	6,275.0	6.66	125.5

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU

		0.17	0.8	8760	0.600	0.2	1451.6	0.04	0.8	0.600	0.04	261.29	0.126	\$ 9	6.570	0.13	1,190	\$ 156	\$ 165	\$ 328	2.0	\$ 175	\$ 100	\$-	\$ 193	\$ 135	s -	\$ 328	
Description	Location	HP	Factor	Hours	Efficiency _a	kW	kWh	HP _b	Factor	Efficiency _a	kW	kWh	Savings	Savings \$	Hours	Savings	Savings	Savings	Savings	Cost	Years	Materials	Labor	Equipment	Materials	Labor	Equipment	Total Cost	Rema
		Existing	Load	Existing	Existing	Existing	Existing	New	Load	New	New	New	Demand	Demand	Annual	kW	kWh	\$ kWh	Total \$	Estimated	Payback		Unit Cos	ts	S	ubtotal Co	osts		
									New																				
ings Analysis															-							Cost Estim	nates		-			_	
														\$ 5.94				\$ 0.13							1.10	1.35	1.10		
<u> //-9: DHW Pu</u>	<u>mps</u>													\$/kW-month				\$/kWh											
														Cost]			Cost							Material	Labor	Equipment		
Lincoln Hall	#24364													Demand				Energy								Multiplier	ſS		

Notes Assumptions: a Existing and new efficiencies should be entered if known. If not known, use provided curve fit based on "DOE Survey Installed Average" and NEMA Premium values, respectively. Existing pump is Bell & Gosset 100 series 1/6 HP pump w/ 60% efficiency а Proposed pump is Taco 007 series cartridge circulator 1/25 HP at the same efficiency b

b Same as existing HP unless resized to better match load

ECM-10: Re-commission Facility BAS and Integrate Existing HVAC Equipment

ECM Description Summary

41,500 Sq Footage

EXISTING CONDITIONS		
Existing Facility Total Electric usage	404,524	kWh
Existing Facility Total Gas usage	9,561	Therms
Existing Facility Cooling Electric usage	97,086	kWh ¹
Existing Facility Heating Natural Gas usage	7,266	Therms ²
PROPOSED CONDITIONS		
Proposed Facility Cooling Electric Usage	87,377	kWh
Proposed Facility Natural Gas Usage	6,540	Therms
SAVINGS		
Retro-Commissioning Electric Savings	9,709	kWh
Retro-Commissioning Natural Gas Savings	727	Therms
Total cost savings	\$ 1,857	
Estimated Total Project Cost	\$ 20,800	4
Simple Payback	11.2	years

Assumptions

3 4

- 1 24% of facility total electricity dedicated to Cooling; Source: E source, data from U.S. Energy Information Administration
- 2 76% of facility total natural gas dedicated to Heating; Source: E source, data from U.S. Energy Information Administration
 - 10% Typical Savings associated with Retro-Commissioning of controls based on previous project experience
 - Based on \$0.50 / Sq Ft recommissioning cost

Note: pricing is for energy calculations only -do not use for procurement

ECM-11: Window Replacement

Existing: Windows are not energy efficiency single paned windows Proposed: Install energy efficient vinyl windows

Linear Feet of window Edge	1,600.0 LF	Cooling System Efficiency	1.2	kW/ton	Heating System Efficiency	82%	
Area of window glass	1,960.0 SF	Ex Occupied Clng Temp.	74 '	۴F	Heating On Temp.	60	*F
Existing Infiltration Factor	0.25 cfm/LF	Ex Unoccupied Clng Temp.	78 3	۴F	Ex Occupied Htg Temp.	68	*F
Proposed Infiltration Factor	0.10 cfm/LF	Cooling Occ Enthalpy Setpoint	27.5	Btu/lb	Ex Unoccupied Htg Temp.	60	*F
Existing U Value	1.00 Btuh/SF/°F	Cooling Unocc Enthalpy Setpoint	27.5	Btu/lb	Electricity	\$ 0.131	\$/kWh
Proposed U Value	0.45 Btuh/SF/°F				Natural Gas	\$ 0.80	\$/therm

					EXISTIN	G LOADS	PROPOSE	ED LOADS	COOLIN	G ENERGY	HEATING E	NERGY
					Occupied	Unoccupied	Occupied	Unoccupied				
					Window	Window	Window	Window	Existing	Proposed		Proposed
Avg Outdoor		Existing	Occupied	Unoccupied	Infiltration &	Infiltration &	Infiltration &	Infiltration &	Cooling	Cooling	Existing	Heating
Air Temp. Bins	Avg Outdoor Air	Equipment Bin	Equipment Bin	Equipment Bin	Heat Load	Heat Load	Heat Load	Heat Load	Energy	Energy	Heating Energy	Energy
°F	Enthalpy	Hours	Hours	Hours	BTUH	BTUH	BTUH	BTUH	kWh	kWh	Therms	Therms
Α		В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	к	L
102.5	49.1	0.0	0	0	-94,740	-86,900	-40,689	-37,161	0	0	0	0
97.5	42.5	3.0	1	2	-73,060	-65,220	-31,527	-27,999	20	9	0	0
92.5	39.5	34.0	13	21	-57,860	-50,020	-24,957	-21,429	181	78	0	0
87.5	36.6	131.0	51	80	-42,840	-35,000	-18,459	-14,931	499	214	0	0
82.5	34	500.0	196	304	-28,360	-20,520	-12,177	-8,649	1180	502	0	0
77.5	31.6	620.0	244	376	-14,240	0	-6,039	0	347	147	0	0
72.5	29.2	664.0	261	403	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
67.5	27	854.0	336	519	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
62.5	24.5	927.0	364	563	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
57.5	21.4	600.0	236	364	25,116	5,980	11,075	2,637	0	0	99	44
52.5	18.7	610.0	240	370	37,076	17,940	16,349	7,911	0	0	189	84
47.5	16.2	611.0	240	371	49,036	29,900	21,623	13,185	0	0	279	123
42.5	14.4	656.0	258	398	60,996	41,860	26,897	18,459	0	0	395	174
37.5	12.6	1,023.0	402	621	72,956	53,820	32,171	23,733	0	0	765	337
32.5	10.7	734.0	288	446	84,916	65,780	37,445	29,007	0	0	656	289
27.5	8.6	334.0	131	203	96,876	77,740	42,719	34,281	0	0	347	153
22.5	6.8	252.0	99	153	108,836	89,700	47,993	39,555	0	0	299	132
17.5	5.5	125.0	49	76	120,796	101,660	53,267	44,829	0	0	166	73
12.5	4.1	47.0	18	29	132,756	113,620	58,541	50,103	0	0	69	31
7.5	2.6	22.0	9	13	144,716	125,580	63,815	55,377	0	0	36	16
2.5	1	13.0	5	8	156,676	137,540	69,089	60,651	0	0	23	10
-2.5	0	0.0	0	0	168,636	149,500	74,363	65,925	0	0	0	0
TOTALS		8,760	3,441	5,319					2227	949	3,324	1,466

Existing Window Infiltration Existing Window Heat Transfer Proposed Window Infiltration Proposed Window Heat Transfer

400 cfm 1,960 Btuh/°ғ 160 cfm 882 Btuh/°ғ

Savings	1,858	Therms	\$ 1,485
	1,278	kWh	\$ 168
· · · · · ·		•	\$ 1,653

Window ID	Facing Direction	Quantity	Width	Height	Linear Feet (LF)	Area (SF)	Infiltration Rate	U Value	Infiltration	Heat Transfer
	Facing Direction	Quantity	(ft)	(ft)		Alea (SF)	(CFM/LF)	(Btuh/SF/°F)	(CFM)	(Btuh/°F)
1	N/A	52	4	7	1144.0	1456.0	0.25	1.00	286.0	1456.0
2	N/A	24	3.5	6	456.0	504.0	0.25	1.00	114.0	504.0
Total		76	7.5	13	1,600.0	1,960.0	0.25	1.00	400.0	1,960.0

Multipliers	
Material:	1.10
Labor:	1.35
Equipment:	1.10

ECM-11: Window Replacement Cost

Description	QTY	UNIT	L	JNIT COST	S	SUB	TOTAL CO	STS	TOTAL COST	DEMARKS
	QII	UNIT	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.	MAT.	LABOR	EQUIP.		REMARKS
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
4' x 7' x 4.5" Energy Efficient Vinyl Window	1456	SF	\$ 100		\$-	\$160,160	\$-	\$-	\$ 160,160	
3.5' x 6' x 4.5" Energy Efficient Vinyl Window	504	SF	\$ 100.0		\$-	\$ 55,440	\$-	\$-	\$ 55,440	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
						\$-	\$	\$-	\$-	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	
						\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	

ֆ \$	21,560 47,432	10% Contingency 20% Contractor O&P
\$	-	0% Engineering
\$	284,600	Total

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364

ECM-8 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Incentive	(without incentive)	(with incentive)
					Savings				
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$15,747	25.2	53,500	0	\$9,800	0	\$9,800	\$6,067	1.6	1.0

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

ECM-9 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Incentive	(without incentive)	(with incentive)
					Savings				
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$6,014	0.0	43,800	0	\$6,600	0	\$6,600	\$805	0.9	0.8

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

ECM-10 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

Budgetary		Annual Uti	lity Savings		Estimated	Total	New Jersey	Payback	Payback
Cost					Maintenance		Incentive	(without incentive)	(with incentive)
					Savings			,	
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$21,761	25.2	89,100	0	\$15,200	0	\$15,200	\$6,872	1.4	1.0

*Incentive based on New Jersey Smart Start Prescriptive Lighting Measures

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-8 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

			EXISTING CONDITIONS							RETROFIT CONDITIONS						COST & SAVINGS ANALYSIS								
																						NJ Smart		
		No. of			Watts per		Exist A	Annual		Number of			Watts per		Retrofit	Annual	Annual	Annual kWh	Annual kW	Annual \$	Retrofit	Start Lighting	Payback With Out	Simple
Field Unique des	Area Description escription of the location - Room number/Room	Fixtures No. of fixtures	Standard Fixture Code "Lighting Fixture Code" Example	NYSERDA Fixture Code Code from Table of Standard		kW/Space (Watts/Fixt) *		Hours //	Annual kWh	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code "Lighting Fixture Code" Example	Fixture Code	Fixture Value from	kW/Space (Watts/Fixt) *	Control Retrofit	Hours Estimated	kWh (kW/space)	Saved (Original Annual	Saved	Saved (kWh Saved) *	Cost for	Incentive Prescriptive	Incentive	Payback Length of time for
	name: Floor number (if applicable)	before the retrofit	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Fixture Wattages	Table of Standard	(Fixt No.)	control hour		,		5 5	Standard Fixture Wattages		(Number of Fixtures)	control	annual hours for the usage	* (Annual	kWh) - (Retrofit Annual kWh)	kW) - (Retrofit	(\$/kWh)		Lighting Measures	for renovations r cost to be	0
					Fixture Wattages			3 - 3					Fixture Wattages	,		group	,	,	,		system		recovered	
209A West Coorid	idor	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	32	0.3	SW	2500	640	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL	59	0.5	SW	2,500	1,180	(540)	(0.2)	\$ (96.55)	\$-			
234 Lobby A 234 Lobby B		7 33	SP 100 W I 2 SP 100 W I 2	i100/2 i100/2	200 200	1.4 6.6	SW SW	2500 2500	3,500 16,500	7 33	WP 42 1 WP 42 1	CF42/2-L CF42/2-L	100	0.7	SW SW	2,500 2,500	1,750 8,250	1,750	0.7	\$ 312.90 \$ 1,475.10		\$175	0.5	-0.1 0.5
129A Lobby B 35A Men's Room	m	3	SP 72 I 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I72/1 F43ILL	75	0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	478	3	SP 72 I 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I72/1 F43ILL	72	0.2	SW	2,125 2,125	459	19	0.0	\$ 3.52 \$ (44.55)	\$ -		0.0	0.0
41A Men's Room 35A Women's Ro	m	1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	32	0.0	SW SW	2125 2500	68 160	 1 2	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	31 89	0.0	SW	2,125 2,500	66 445	`	0.0	\$ 0.39 \$ (50.96)	\$-	\$25 \$50	0.0	-64.0
41A Women's R 35A L - 023		1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	32 32 32	0.0	SW SW SW	2125 2125	68 272	1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	31	0.2	SW SW SW	2,125 2,125 2,125	66 757	2	0.0	\$ 0.39 \$ (89.09)	\$-	\$100	0.0	0.0
35A L - 022	24	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	32 32 32	0.1	SW	2125 2125 2250	272	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89	0.4	SW SW SW	2,125 2,250	757 2.804	(485)	(0.2)	\$ (89.09) \$ (326.78)	\$-	\$100		
129A Gallery - 024	24	1-1	SP 72 I	I72/1 F43ILL	75	3.2	SW	2250	7,256	43	SP 72 I	172/1	72	3.1 1.1	SW	2,250	6,966	290	0.1	\$ 52.83	\$-		0.0	0.0
35A Gallery - 025 129A Gallery - 025	25		4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	172/1	32 75	0.4	SW SW	2125 2125	816 7,172	45	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	89 72	3.2	SW SW	2,125 2,125	2,270 6,885	287	0.1	\$ (267.27) \$ 52.75	\$-		0.0	0.0
234Storage Clo226Theater Lob	bby	1 10	SP 100 W I 2 70 W MH Wall Pack	i100/2 MH70/1	200 95	0.2	SW SW	2125 2000	425 1,900	1 10	WP 42 1 FXLED18	CF42/2-L FXLED18/1	100 18	0.1	SW SW	2,125 2,000	213 360	1,540	0.8	\$ 39.08 \$ 286.44	\$-		0.5	0.5
	en's Bathroom omen's Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	32 32	0.0	SW SW	2125 2125	68 68	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.1	SW SW	2,125 2,125	125 125	(57) (57)	(0.0)	\$ (10.55) \$ (10.55)	Ŧ			
227Closet234Entrance Th	heater	1	W60CF1 SP 100 W I 2	F81EL i100/2	60 200	0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	128 425	<u> </u>	CF42W WP 42 1	CF42/1-L CF42/2-L	48 100	0.0	SW SW	2,125 2,125	102 213	26 213		\$ 4.69 \$ 39.08	\$ 202.50 \$ 20.25		43.2 0.5	43.2 0.5
175ATheaterYTheater		8 42	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) I 100	F42ILL I100/1	32 100	0.3 4.2	SW SW	2125 2125	544 8,925	8 42	4' 2-LAMP T-8 CF 26	F42ILL CFQ26/1-L	59 27	0.5	SW SW	2,125 2,125	1,003 2,410	(400)	· /	\$ (84.40) \$ 1,198.04	\$ - \$ 1,701.00	\$1,050	1.4	0.5
227Theater227Stairway		1	W60CF1 W60CF1	F81EL F81EL	60 60	0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	128 128	1	CF42W CF42W	CF42/1-L CF42/1-L	48 48	0.0 0.0	SW SW	2,125 2,125	102 102	26 26		\$ 4.69 \$ 4.69	+		43.2 43.2	43.2 43.2
23 Theater Exit 71 Projector Ro	<u> </u>	9 4	X 5 W CF 2 I 60	ECF5/2 I60/1	20 60	0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	450 510	9 4	LED1.5W CF 26	ELED1.5/1 CFQ26/1-L	1.5 27	0.0	SW SW	2,500 2,125	34 230	416	0.2	•	\$ 1,154.25		15.5 3.1	15.5 3.1
234 Theater 162A Stage		3	SP 100 W I 2 4' 4-LAMP T-12	i100/2 F44EL	200 120	0.6	SW SW	2125 500	1,275 540	3	WP 42 1 F28T8	CF42/2-L F44SSILL-R	100 86	0.3	SW	2,125 500	638 387	638	0.3	\$ 117.23 \$ 44.98	\$ 60.75	\$225	0.5	0.5
35A Kitchen 180 L - 021		3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F43ILL F44ILL	32 112	0.1	SW SW	2125 2500	204	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43SSILL	89 72	0.3	SW	2,125 2,500	567		(0.2)	\$ (66.82) \$ 107.28	Ŧ		6.4	6.4
	Photo Studio)	9	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	112 112 112	1.0 0.2	SW SW SW	2500 2500 2500	2,520	9	T 28 C F 4 T 28 C F 4	F43SSILL F43SSILL	72	0.4	SW SW SW	2,500 2,500 2,500	1,620	900	0.4	\$ 160.92 \$ 35.76	\$ 1,032.75		6.4 6.4	5.0
180 L - 021A		2	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL F44ILL	112	0.2	SW	2125	476	2	T 28 C F 4 T 28 C F 4	F43SSILL F43SSILL F43SSILL	72	0.1	SW SW SW	2,300	300 306	170	0.1	\$ 31.26	\$ 229.50	\$50	7.3	7.3
180 L - 021A 169 L - 016 Mus		6 17	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	112 295	5.0	SW	1062.5 2125	10,657	6 17	FXLED78	FXLED78/1	72	0.4	SW	2,125	459 2,818	.,	3.7	, ,	\$ 2,180.25		12.4 1.5	12.4 1.5
169 L - 020	utside of Music Room	9 12	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 250 MH ROOF	FU2ILL MH250/1	32 295	0.3 3.5	SW	1062.5 1062.5	306 3,761	9	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) FXLED78	FU2ILL FXLED78/1	59 78	0.5	SW SW	1,063 1,063	564 995	2,767	2.6		\$ - \$ 1,539.00		2.6	2.6
162A L - 017 162A L - 019		11 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL F44EL	120 120	1.3 1.0	SW SW	2125 500	2,805 480	11 8	F28T8 F28T8	F44SSILL-R F44SSILL-R	86 86	0.9 0.7	SW SW	2,125 500	2,010 344	136	0.3	\$ 146.14 \$ 39.98	Ŧ		0.0	0.0
	010, L - 011	8 12	4' 4-LAMP T-12 SP 250 MH ROOF	F44EL MH250/1	120 295	1.0 3.5	SW SW	500 500	480 1,770	8 12	F28T8 FXLED78	F44SSILL-R FXLED78/1	86 78	0.7	SW SW	500 500	344 468	136 1,302		\$ 39.98 \$ 382.79	\$- \$1,539.00		0.0 4.0	0.0 4.0
204 L - 010 169 L - 008 Little		1 8	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' SP 250 MH ROOF	F82EHE MH250/1	207 295	0.2	SW SW	2125 1062.5	440 2,508	1 8	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' FXLED78	F82EHE FXLED78/1	207 78	0.2	SW SW	2,125 1,063	440 663		0.0 1.7	\$- \$401.67	\$ - \$ 1,026.00		2.6	2.6
11A L - 008 Clos 11A Women's Base		2 4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL F42EL	60 60	0.1	SW SW	2125 1062.5	255 255	2 4	F32T8 F32T8	F42ILL-R F42ILL-R	52 52	0.1	SW SW	2,125 1,063	221 221	34 34		\$ 6.25 \$ 7.40		\$28	0.0	0.0
71 Closet 71 Closet		1	I 60 I 60	I60/1 I60/1	60 60	0.1	SW SW	2250 2250	135 135	1	CF 26 CF 26	CFQ26/1-L CFQ26/1-L	27 27	0.0	SW SW	2,250 2,250	61 61	74 74		\$ 13.51 \$ 13.51			3.0 3.0	3.0 3.0
11AAll Purpose209AVestibule	e Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42EL FU2ILL	60 32	0.1	SW SW	500 520	30 17	<u>1</u> 1	F32T8 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL-R FU2ILL	52 59	0.1	SW SW	500 520	26 31	4 (14)	0.0 (0.0)	\$ 1.18 \$ (4.05)	Ŧ		0.0	0.0
35A L- 007 11A L - 012		4 4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F43ILL F42EL	32 60	0.1	SW SW	520 520	67 125	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) F32T8	F43ILL F42ILL-R	89 52	0.4	SW SW	520 520	185 108	(119)		\$ (34.20) \$ 4.80		\$100	0.0	-20.8
204 L - 012 11A Kiln Room #	#2	1 4	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F82EHE F42EL	207 60	0.2	SW SW	500 4380	104 1.051	1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' F32T8	F82EHE F42ILL-R	207 52	0.2	SW SW	500 4,380	104 911	- 140	0.0	\$- \$23.33	\$- \$-		0.0	0.0
11AKiln Room #162ACeramic Stu	#1	2	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	60 120	0.1	SW SW	4380 8760	526 23,126	2	F32T8 F28T8	F42ILL-R F44SSILL-R	52 86	0.1	SW	4,380 8,760	456		0.0	\$ 11.66 \$ 1,036.73			0.0	0.0
204 Glaze Room 227 Dance Roor	m	3	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' W60CF1	F82EHE F81EL	207 60	0.6	SW SW	8760 2125	5,440	3	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE CF42/1-L	207 48	0.6	SW	8,760 2,125	5,440	- (0.0	\$ -	\$- \$1,215.00	\$150	43.2	37.9
61A Dance Coor 111A Dance Coor	pridor	6 12	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 1-LAMP T-12	F43EL F41EL	115 32	0.4	SW SW SW	2125 2125 500	1,466	<u> </u>	F28T8	F43SSILL-R F41SSILL-R	66	0.3	SW SW SW	2,125	842		0.3	\$ 114.88 \$ 15.88	\$ -	\$150 \$150 \$300	0.0	-1.3
11A Dance Cool 11A Men's Bathr 61A L - 005		4 <i>A</i>	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F41EL F42EL F43EL	60 115	0.4	SW SW SW	500 500 8760	192 120 4.030	4 1 12	F32T8	F413SILL-R F42ILL-R F43SSILL-R	52	0.3	SW SW SW	500 500 8,760	104 2,313	16	0.0	\$ 15.86 \$ 4.70 \$ 271.66	\$-	\$100 \$100	0.0	-18.9 -21.3 -0.4
61A L - 005 209A L - 005 61A L - 004A		1 2	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0 0.3	SW SW SW	500 3285	4,030		2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL F43SSILL-R	59	0.3	SW SW SW	500 3,285	30	(14)	(0.0)	\$ 271.00 \$ (3.97) \$ 83.02	\$ -	\$25 \$25	0.0	-0.4
71 L - 004A BR		3 1 2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 I 60 4' 2-LAMP T-12	160/1	60	0.1	SW	3285	197	<u> </u>	CF 26	CFQ26/1-L	27	0.0	SW	3,285	650 89 1 367	108	0.0	\$ 18.64	\$ 40.50	Ψ10	2.2	0.8
11A Display Cas 162A L - 004 61A L - 012	১ ৮	3 4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	60 120	0.2	SW SW	8760 8760	1,577 4,205	3 4	F28T8	F42ILL-R F44SSILL-R	3∠ 86	0.2	SW SW	8,760 8,760	3,013	1,191	0.1	\$ 33.26 \$ 188.50 \$ 43.22	\$ -	φ10 Φ450	0.0	-2.3 0.0
	stume Storage	6	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.7	SW SW	500 2125	345 1,466	6	F2018 F28T8	F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66	0.4	SW SW	500 2,125	198 842	023	0.3	\$ 43.22 \$ 114.88	\$-	\$150 \$150	0.0	-3.5 -1.3
162A Men's Bathr 162A Women's Ba		1	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL F44EL	120 120	0.1	SW SW	500 2000	60 240	<u> </u>	F2818 F28T8	F44SSILL-R F44SSILL-R	86 86	0.1	SW SW	500 2,000	43 172	17 68	0.0	\$ 5.00 \$ 12.65	\$ -	\$25 \$25	0.0	-5.0 -2.0
11AL - 00311AMechanical		8 7	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL F42EL	60 60	0.5 0.4	SW SW	2000 500	960 210	8	F32T8 F32T8	F42ILL-R F42ILL-R	52 52	0.4	SW SW	2,000 500	832 182	28	0.1	\$ 23.81 \$ 8.23	\$ -	\$200 \$175	0.0	-8.4 -21.3
71Mechanical209AExt Boiler R		1 4	I 60 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I60/1 FU2ILL	60 32	0.1	SW SW	8760 500	526 64	1 4	CF 26 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	CFQ26/1-L FU2ILL	27 59	0.0 0.2	SW SW	8,760 500	237 118	289 (54)		\$ 45.74 \$ (15.88)	T	\$25 \$100	0.9	0.3
209A L - 002 61A L - 002A		1 2	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-12	FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0 0.2	SW SW	500 8760	16 2,015	1 2	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) F28T8	FU2ILL F43SSILL-R	59 66	0.1	SW SW	500 8,760	30 1,156	(14) 858		\$ (3.97) \$ 135.83	Ψ	\$25 \$50	0.0	-0.4
61A L - 002B 61A L - 002C		2 2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.2	SW SW	2000 8760	460 2,015	2 2	F28T8 F28T8	F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66 66	0.1	SW SW	2,000 8,760	264 1,156	196	0.1	\$ 36.46 \$ 135.83		\$50 \$50	0.0 0.0	-1.4 -0.4
61A L - 002D 209A Cooridor		29	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	115 32	0.2		2000 4380	460	2 9	F28T8 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL	66 59	0.1	SW	2,000 4,380	264 2,326	196	0.1	\$ 36.46 \$ (177.15)	\$-	\$50 \$225	0.0	-1.4
204 L - 001 204 Cooridor		28 2	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE F82EHE	207 207	5.8 0.4	SW SW SW	4380 4380	25,386	28	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE F82EHE	207 207	5.8 0.4	SW SW SW	4,380	25,386	- (0.0	\$ - \$ -	\$ -	\$700 \$50	+ +	
61A Electrical Su 209A Cooridor	Supply Room	3	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	115 32	0.4	SW SW SW	520 520	179		2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL	66 59	0.4	SW SW SW	520 520	103	76	0.1	\$ 22.05 \$ (48.60)	\$-	\$75 \$300	0.0	-3.4
61A L - 015.5 St	torage	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F02ILL F43EL F43EL	32 115 115	0.4	SW SW SW	2500	575 978	2	F28T8	F02ILL F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66	0.7	SW SW SW	2,500 2,125	308 330 561	245	0.1	\$ (48.60) \$ 43.81 \$ 76.59	\$ -	\$300 \$100	0.0	0.0
61A L - 014	abting	4 4	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.5	SW	2125 2125 1125	978	4 4	F28T8	F43SSILL-R	66 20	0.3	SW	2,125	561 561	417	0.2	\$ 76.59	\$ -	\$100	0.0	-1.3
146 Exterior Ligh	phting	13	High Bay MH 400 HPS 200	MH400/1 HPS200/1	458 250	0.9 3.3		1125 2500	1,031 8,125	2 13	P 54 C F 4 FXLED78	FC20 FXLED78/1	20 78	0.0	SW SW	1,125 2,500	45 2,535	- /	2.2	\$ 210.90 \$ 999.49	\$ -	\$14 \$325	2.8 0.0	2.8 -0.3
9A Exterior Ligh 71 Exterior Ligh		3	High Bay MH 200 35 Feet High I 60	MH200/1 I60/1	232 60	0.7	SW SW	2250 2250	1,566 270	3	FXLED78 CF 26	FXLED78/1 CFQ26/1-L	78 27	0.2	SW SW	2,250 2,250	527 122	1,040 149		\$189.19\$27.03		\$75	0.0 3.0	-0.4 3.0

Cost of Electricity: \$0.150 \$/kWh

\$6.00 \$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-8 Lighting Replacement Upgrades

Cost of Electricity: \$0.150 \$/kWh

				EXISTING CONE	DITIONS								RETROFIT C	ONDITION	S				CO	ST & SAVIN	GS ANAL	YSIS		
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Annual kW		iber of tures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Retrofit Control	Annual kWh	Annual kW Saved	h Annual kW Saved	Annual \$ Saved	Retrofit Cost	NJ Smart Start Lighting Incentive	Simple Payback With Out Incentive	Simple Payback
Field Code	Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	No. of fixtures before the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Fixture Wattages		(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated daily hours for the usage group	(kW/space) * (Annual Hours)	No. of fi	e retrofit		Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of Fixtures)	Retrofit control device	* (Annual	kWh) - (Retro	ial (Original Annua fit kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	(\$/kWh)	Cost for renovations t lighting system	o Lighting		Length of time for renovations cost be recovered
Т	otal	606				70.6			179,383	6	606			6,512	45.4			53,548 nd Savings	25.2	\$9,848 25.2	\$15,747 \$1,816	\$6,067		
																		Savings		53,500	\$8,025 \$9,800		1.6	1.0

\$6.00 \$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-9 Lighting Controls Installation (Occupancy Sensors)

		EXISTING CONDITIONS						COS	T & SAVIN	GS ANALYS	SIS												
	No. of			Watts per		Exist	Annual		Number of			Watts per		Retrofit	Annual	Annual	Annual kWh	Annual kW	Annual \$	Retrofit	NJ Smart Start Lighting	Simple Payback With Out	Simple
Area Description	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code		kW/Space	Control	Hours	Annual kWh		Standard Fixture Code	e Fixture Code	Fixture	kW/Space	Control	Hours	kWh	Saved	Saved	Saved	Cost	Incentive	Incentive	Payback
Field Unique description of the location - Room Code number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	No. of fixtures before the retrofit	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	(kW/space) * (Annual Hours)	No. of fixtures after the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Trof w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shap	ff 40 Standard Fixture	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of Fixtures)	Retrofit control device	annual hours	* (Annual	kWh) - (Retrofit	(Original Annual kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	· /	Cost for renovations to lighting system	f	•	Length of time for renovations cost to be recovered
209AWest Cooridor234Lobby A	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 100 W I 2	FU2ILL i100/2	32 200	0.3	SW SW	2500 2500	640.0 3,500.0	0 8 0 7	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 100 W I 2	FU2ILL i100/2	32 200	0.3	None None	2500 2500	640.0 3,500.0	0.0	•.•	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
234 Lobby B	33	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	6.6	SW	2500	16,500.0	0 33	SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	6.6	None	2500	16,500.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
129A Lobby B 35A Men's Room	3	SP 72 I 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I72/1 F43ILL	75 32	0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	478.2	1 3 0 2	SP 72 I 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I72/1 F43ILL	32	0.2	00-0 00-0	1200 1200	270.0 76.8	208.1 59.2		\$31.22 \$8.88	\$202.50	\$35.00	4.5	3.8
41AMen's Room35AWomen's Room	1 2	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	32 32	0.0	SW SW	2125 2500	68.0 160.0	0 1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	32 32	0.0	C-OCC None	1200 2500	38.4 160.0	29.6 0.0		\$4.44 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
41A Women's Room	1	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL	32	0.0	SW	2125	68.0	• .	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL	32	0.0	OCC	1200	38.4	29.6	0.0	\$4.44	\$118.75	\$20.00	26.7	22.2
35A L - 023 35A L - 022	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	32 32	0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	272.0	0 4 0 4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	32	0.1	000 000		153.6 153.6	118.4 118.4	0.0	\$17.76 \$17.76	\$118.75 \$118.75	\$20.00 \$20.00	6.7 6.7	5.6 5.6
35A Gallery - 024 129A Gallery - 024	14 43	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	32 75	0.4	SW SW	2250 2250	1,008.0	0 14	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	32	0.4	00-0 00-0		448.0 3,225.0	560.0 4.031.3		\$84.00 \$604.69	\$202.50 \$202.50	\$35.00 \$35.00	2.4 0.3	2.0
35A Gallery - 025	12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.4	SW	2125	816.0	0 12	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.4	0000	1200	460.8	355.2	0.0	\$53.28	\$118.75	\$20.00	2.2	1.9
129A Gallery - 025 234 Storage Closet	<u>45</u> 1	SP 72 I SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	75 200	3.4 0.2	SW SW	2125 2125	7,171.9	9 <u>45</u> 0 1	SP 72 I SP 100 W I 2	i100/2	200	<u> </u>	000 000	1200 1200	4,050.0 240.0	3,121.9 185.0		\$468.28 \$27.75	\$118.75 \$118.75	\$20.00 \$20.00	0.3 4.3	0.2 3.6
226 Theater Lobby175A Theater Men's Bathroom	10	70 W MH Wall Pack 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	MH70/1 F42ILL	95 32	1.0	SW SW	2000 2125	1,900.0	0 10	70 W MH Wall Pack 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	MH70/1 F42ILL	95 32	1.0	000 000	1000 1200	950.0 38 4	950.0 29.6		\$142.50 \$4.44	\$118.75 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$20.00	0.8 26.7	0.8
175A Theater Women's Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	32	0.0	SW	2125	68.0	0 1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	32	0.0	OCC	1200	38.4	29.6	0.0	\$4.44	\$118.75	\$20.00	26.7	22.2
227 Closet 234 Entrance Theater	1	W60CF1 SP 100 W I 2	F81EL i100/2	60 200	0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	127.5 425.0		W60CF1 SP 100 W I 2	F81EL i100/2	60 200	0.1	000 000		72.0 240.0	55.5 185.0		\$8.33 \$27.75		\$20.00 \$20.00	14.3 4.3	11.9 3.6
175A Theater Y Theater	8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL I100/1	32 100	0.3	SW SW	2125 2125	544.0	0 8	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) I 100	F42ILL I100/1	32 100	0.3	000 000		307.2 5,040.0	236.8 3.885.0		\$35.52 \$582.75		\$20.00	0.2	0.2
227 Theater	1	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.1	SW	2125	127.5	5 1	W60CF1	F81EL	60	0.1	000	1200	72.0	55.5	0.0	\$8.33		\$20.00	14.3	11.9
227 Stairway 23 Theater Exit Signs	<u> </u>	W60CF1 X 5 W CF 2	F81EL ECF5/2	60 20	0.1	SW SW	2125 2500	127.5 450.0	5 <u>1</u> n 9	W60CF1 X 5 W CF 2	ECF5/2	60	0.1	OCC None	1200 2500	72.0 450.0	55.5 0.0		\$8.33 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	14.3	11.9
71 Projector Room	4	I 60	I60/1	60	0.2	SW	2125	510.0	0 4	1 60	l60/1	60	0.2	OCC		430.0 288.0	222.0	0.0	\$33.30	\$118.75	\$20.00	3.6	3.0
234 Theater 162A Stage	3	SP 100 W I 2 4' 4-LAMP T-12	i100/2 F44EL	200 120	0.6	SW SW	2125 500	1,275.0 540.0	0 <u>3</u>	SP 100 W I 2 4' 4-LAMP T-12	i100/2 F44EL	200	0.6	OCC None		600.0 540.0	675.0 0.0	0.0	\$101.25 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	1.2	1.0
35A Kitchen	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.1	SW	2125	204.0	0 3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	32	0.1	000	1200	115.2	88.8		\$13.32		\$20.00	8.9	7.4
180 L - 021 180 L - 021E (Photo Studio)	<u> </u>	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	112 112	0.7	SW SW	2500 2500	1,680.0 2,520.0	0 6 0 9	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	<u> </u>	0.7	None None	2500 2500	1,680.0 2,520.0	0.0		\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
180 L - 021D 180 L - 021A	2	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	112 112	0.2	SW SW	2500 2125	560.0 476.0		T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	112 112	0.2	None OCC	2500 1200	560.0 268.8	0.0		\$0.00 \$31.08	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$0.00	3.8	3.8
180 L - 021A	6	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	0.2	SW	1062.5	714.0	-	T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL	112	0.7	None	1062.5	714.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		5.0
169L - 016 Music Room209ACorridor Outside of Music Room	9	SP 250 MH ROOF 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	MH250/1 FU2ILL	295 32	5.0	SW SW	2125 1062.5	10,656.9	9 17 0 9	SP 250 MH ROOF 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	MH250/1 FU2ILL	295	5.0	OCC None	1200 1062.5	6,018.0 306.0	4,638.9 0.0	0.0	\$695.83 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	0.2	0.1
169 L - 020	12	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	3.5	SW	1062.5	3,761.3	3 12	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	3.5	None	1062.5	3,761.3	0.0		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
162A L - 017 162A L - 019	<u> </u>	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL F44EL	120 120	1.3	SW SW	2125 500	2,805.0	0 11 0 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL F44EL	120 120	1.3	OCC None	1200 500	1,584.0 480.0	1,221.0 0.0		\$183.15 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00	0.6	0.5
162A L - 018	8	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	1.0	SW	500	480.0	0 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	1.0	None	500	480.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
169 L - 009, L - 010, L - 011 204 L - 010	12	SP 250 MH ROOF S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	MH250/1 F82EHE	295 207	0.2	SW SW	500 2125	1,770.0	0 <u>12</u> 9 1	SP 250 MH ROOF S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	MH250/1 F82EHE	295 207	0.2	None OCC	500 1200	1,770.0 248.4	0.0 191.5	0.0	\$0.00 \$28.72	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$20.00	4.1	3.4
169 L - 008 Little Theater	8	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	2.4	SW	1062.5	2,507.5	5 8	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1	295	2.4	None	1062.5	2,507.5	0.0		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	7.4	7.4
11A L - 008 Closet 11A Women's Bathroom	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL F42EL	60 60	0.1	SW SW	2125 1062.5	255.0 255.0	0 2 0 4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL F42EL	60	0.1	OCC None		144.0 255.0	0.0		\$16.65 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	7.1	7.1
71 Closet 71 Closet	1	I 60	I60/1 I60/1	60 60	0.1	SW SW	2250 2250	135.0	0 1	I 60	I60/1 I60/1	60 60	0.1	None None	2250 2250	135.0 135.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
11A All Purpose Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	SW	500	30.0	0 1	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	None	500	30.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
209A Vestibule 35A L-007	1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL F43ILL	32	0.0	SW SW	520 520	16.6	6 1 6 4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL F43ILL	32	0.0	None C-OCC	520 390	16.6 49.9	0.0		\$0.00 \$2.50	\$0.00 \$202.50	\$0.00 \$35.00	81.1	67.1
11A L - 012	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	SW	520	124.8		4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	None	520	43.3 124.8	0.0		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		07.1
204 L - 012 11A Kiln Room #2	1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F82EHE F42EL	207 60	0.2	SW SW	500 4380	103.5 1,051.2	5 1 2 4	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F82EHE F42EL	207	0.2	None None	500 4380	103.5 1,051.2	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
11A Kiln Room #1	2	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	SW	4380	525.6	6 2	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.1	None	4380	525.6	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		<u> </u>
162A Ceramic Studio 204 Glaze Room	22	4' 4-LAMP T-12 S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F44EL F82EHE	120 207	2.6	SW SW	8760 8760	23,126.4	4 <u>22</u> 0 3	4' 4-LAMP T-12 S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F44EL F82EHE	120 207	2.6	None None	8760 8760	<u>23,126.4</u> 5,440.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		+
227Dance Room61ADance Cooridor	6	W60CF1 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F81EL F43EL	60 115	0.4	SW SW	2125 2125	765.0	0 6	W60CF1 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F81EL F43EL	60 115	0.4	220	1200 1200	432.0 828.0	333.0 638.3		\$49.95 \$95.74	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.8	0.7
111A Dance Cooridor	12	4' 1-LAMP T-12	F41EL	32	0.7	SW	500	192.0	0 12	4' 1-LAMP T-12	F41EL	32	0.7	OCC None	500	192.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		<u></u>
11A Men's Bathroom 61A L - 005	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F42EL F43EL	60 115	0.2	SW SW	500 8760	120.0 4,029.6		4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F42EL F43EL	60 115	0.2	None None	500 8760	120.0 4,029.6	0.0 0.0		\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		<u> </u>
209A L - 005 61A L - 004A	1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-12	FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0	SW SW	500 3285	16.0	0 1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-12	FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0	None OCC	500 1825	16.0	0.0 503.7		\$0.00 \$75.56	\$0.00 \$118.75	\$0.00 \$20.00	1.6	1.3
71 L - 004A BR	1	I 60	I60/1	60	0.0	SW	3285	197.1	1 1	I 60	I60/1	60	0.0	000	1825	109.5	87.6	0.0	\$13.14	\$118.75	\$20.00	9.0	7.5
11A Display Case 162A L - 004	3	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	60 120	0.2	SW SW	8760 8760	1,576.8 4,204.8		4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	60 120	0.2	None None	8760 8760	1,576.8 4,204.8	0.0		\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
61A L - 013 61A L - 013 Costume Storage	6	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.7	SW SW	500 2125	345.0	0 6	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.7	None	500	345.0 690.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$116.44	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	1.0	1.0
162A Men's Bathroom	1	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.7	SW	500	60.0	0 1	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	120	0.7	OCC None	500	60.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		1.0
162A Women's Bathroom 11A L - 003	1 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F44EL F42EL	120 60	0.1	SW SW	2000 2000	240.0	0 1 0 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F44EL F42EL	120 60	0.1	OCC None	1000 2000	120.0 960.0	120.0 0.0		\$18.00 \$0.00	\$118.75 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	6.6	6.6
11A Mechanical Room	7	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.4	SW	500	210.0		4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	60	0.4	None	500	210.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		4.0
71 Mechanical Room 209A Ext Boiler Room	1	I 60 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I60/1 FU2ILL	60 32	0.1	SW SW	8760 500	525.6 64.0	0 1 0 4	I 60 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	I60/1 FU2ILL	60 32	0.1	OCC None	500	120.0 64.0	405.6 0.0		\$60.84 \$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00	\$20.00 \$0.00 \$0.00	2.0	1.6
209A L - 002 61A L - 002A	1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-12	FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0	SW SW	500 8760	16.0 2,014.8	0 1 8 2	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-12	FU2ILL F43EL	32 115	0.0	None OCC	500	16.0 460.0	0.0 1,554.8		\$0.00 \$233.22	\$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	0.5	0.5
61A L - 002B	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.2	SW	2000	460.0	0 2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.2	None	2000	460.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
61A L - 002C 61A L - 002D	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.2	SW SW	8760 2000	2,014.8	8 2 0 2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	<u> </u>	0.2	None OCC	8760 1000	2,014.8 230.0	0.0 230.0		\$0.00 \$34.50		\$0.00 \$20.00	3.4	2.9
209A Cooridor 204 L - 001	9	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	FU2ILL F82EHE	32 207	0.3	SW SW	4380 4380	1,261.4 25,386.5		2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	FU2ILL F82EHE	32 207	0.3	OCC	2000	576.0	685.4 13,794.5	0.0	\$102.82 \$2,069.17	\$118.75	\$20.00 \$35.00	1.2 0.1	1.0
204 Cooridor	20	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.4	SW	4380	1,813.3	3 2	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.4	220-2 220	2000	828.0	985.3	0.0	\$147.80	\$118.75	\$20.00	0.8	0.7
61AElectrical Supply Room209ACooridor	3	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	115 32	0.3	SW SW	520 520	179.4 199.7	4 <u>3</u> 7 12	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	<u>115</u> 32	0.3	C-0CC 020			44.9 49.9	0.0	\$6.73 \$7.49		\$35.00 \$20.00	30.1 15.9	24.9 13.2
61A L - 015.5 Storage	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.2	SW	2500	575.0	0 2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	115	0.2	None	2500	575.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		
61A L - 015 61A L - 014	4	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.5	SW SW	2125 2125	977.5 977.5	5 4	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	115 115	0.5	000 000		552.0 552.0	425.5 425.5		\$63.83 \$63.83		\$20.00 \$0.00	1.9 1.9	1.5 1.9
146 Exterior Lighting	2	High Bay MH 400 HPS 200	MH400/1 HPS200/1	458 250	0.9	SW SW	1125 2500	1,030.5 8,125.0		High Bay MH 400 HPS 200	MH400/1 HPS200/1	458 250	0.9	None None	1125 2500	1,030.5 8,125.0	0.0	0.0	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
141A Exterior Lighting	1 13	וויון ט 200		200	ა.ა	500	2000	0,125.0	0 10	0 200	I IF 3200/1	200	ა.ა	INDIR	2000	0,120.0	0.0	0.0	ψυ.υυ	ψυ.υυ	ψ0.00		1

Cost of Electricity: \$0.150 \$/kWh

\$6.00 \$/kW

_				EXISTING CON	DITIONS							RETROFIT CO	ONDITIONS	S					CO	ST & SAVIN	IGS ANALYS	SIS		
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Number of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Retrofit Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Annual kW Saved	Vh Annual kW Saved	Annual \$ Saved	Retrofit Cost	NJ Smart Start Lighting Incentive	Simple Payback With Out Incentive	Simple Payback
Field Code		No. of fixtures before the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	d Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated annual hours for the usage group	· · /	No. of fixtures after the retrofit	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Standard Fixture Wattages	Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of Fixtures)	Retrofit control device	Estimated annual hours for the usag group	s * (Annual		ofit (Original Annua ofit kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)		Cost for renovations to lighting system		-	Length of time for renovations cost to be recovered
	Exterior Lighting Exterior Lighting	3	High Bay MH 200 35 Feet High	MH200/1 I60/1	232	0.7	SW SW	2250 2250	1,566.0	3	High Bay MH 200 35 Feet High	MH200/1 I60/1	232 60	0.7	C-OCC C-OCC	1000	696.0 120.0	870.0 150.0	0.0	\$130.50 \$22.50	\$202.50	\$35.00	1.3	1.1
-	Total	606			00	70.6	011	2200	179,383	606		100/1	00	71				43,800	0	¢22:00	\$6,014	805		
•				-	-	-	-	-	- · ·	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Dema kW	and Savings h Savings al Savings		0.0 43,800	\$0 \$6,570 \$6,600		0.9	0.8

Cost of Electricity: \$0.150 \$/kWh \$6.00 \$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-10 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

				EXISTING CON	DITIONS							RETROFIT C	ONDITION	IS					CO	ST & SAVIN		S		
																						NJ Smart		
		No. of			Watts per	r	Exist	Annual		Number of			Watts per	r	Retrofit	Annual	Annual	Annual kWh	Annual kW	Annual \$		Start Lighting	Payback With Out	Simple
	Area Description	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Cod	le Fixture	kW/Space	Control	Hours	Annual kWh	Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Fixture	kW/Space	Control	Hours	kWh	Saved	Saved	Saved	Retrofit Cost	Incentive	Incentive	Payback
Field Code	Unique description of the location - Room number/Room name: Floor number (if applicable)	before the	2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w	Code from Table of Standar Fixture Wattages	Table of	(Watts/Fixt) * (Fixt No.)	Pre-inst. control	``	,	No. of fixtures after the retrofit		Code from Table of 0 Standard Fixture	Value from Table of	(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of	Retrofit control	Estimated annual hours		(Original Annual kWh) - (Retrofit	kW) - (Retrofit	(\$/kWh)	renovations to	Prescriptive Lighting	Length of time for renovations	s renovations cost to
		retrofit	Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape		Standard Fixture		device	usage group			w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Wattages	Standard Fixture	Fixtures)	device	for the usage group	Hours)	Annual kWh)	Annual kW)		lighting system	Measures	cost to be recovered	be recovered
					Wattages								Wattages											
	West Cooridor Lobby A	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 100 W I 2	FU2ILL i100/2	3	32 0.3 00 1.4	SW SW	2500 2500	640 3,500	8	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) WP 42 1	FU2ILL CF42/2-L	59 100	0.5	None None	2,500 2,500	1,180 1,750	(540) 1.750	(0.2) 0.7	\$ (96.55) \$ 312.90	\$- \$141.75	\$- \$175	- 0.5	-0.1
234	Lobby B	33	SP 100 W I 2 SP 72 I	i100/2 I72/1	20	0 6.6	SW	2500 2125	16,500 478	33	WP 42 1 SP 72 I	CF42/2-L I72/1	100 72	3.3	None C-OCC	2,500	8,250 259	8,250	3.3	\$ 1,475.10 \$ 33.49	\$ 668.25 \$ 202.50		- 0.5 5 6.0	0.5
35A	Lobby B Men's Room	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	3	3 0.2 32 0.1	SW	2125	136	2	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL	89	0.2	C-OCC	1,200	239	219 ((78)	(0.1)	\$ (19.85)	\$ 202.50 \$ -	\$ 30 \$ -	-	5.0
41A 35A	Men's Room Women's Room	1 2	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	3	32 0.0 32 0.1	SW SW	2125 2500	68 160	1 2	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	31 89	0.0	C-OCC None	1,200 2,500	37 445	31 ((285)		\$ 4.69 \$ (50.96)	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$25 \$50	5 0.0)	-5.3
41A 35A	Women's Room L - 023	1 4	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	3	32 0.0 32 0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	68 272	1 4	4' 1-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F41ILL F43ILL	31 89	0.0	000 000	1,200	37 427	31 ((155)		\$ 4.69 \$ (39.70)	\$ 118.75 \$ 118.75	\$ 20 \$ 120) 25.3	21.0
35A		4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	3	32 0.1 32 0.4	SW SW	2125 2250	272 1.008	4	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43ILL F43ILL	89 89	0.4	000 000-0	1,200	427 1,246	(155) (238)	\ /	\$ (39.70) \$ (93.16)	\$ 118.75 \$ 202.50	\$ 20 \$ 35)	
129A	Gallery - 024	43	SP 72 I	172/1	7	75 3.2	SW	2250	7,256	43	SP 72 I	172/1	72	3.1	C-OCC	1,000	3,096	4,160	0.1	\$ 633.33	\$ 202.50	\$ 35	5 0.3	0.3
129A	Gallery - 025 Gallery - 025	12 45	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	7	32 0.4 75 3.4	SW SW	2125 2125	816 7,172	12 45	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 72 I	F43ILL I72/1	89 72	1.1 3.2	000 000	1,200	1,282 3,888	(466) 3,284 (()	\$ (119.09) \$ 502.30	\$118.75\$118.75	•) 0.2	0.2
234 226	Storage Closet Theater Lobby	1 10	SP 100 W I 2 70 W MH Wall Pack	i100/2 MH70/1	20 9	00 0.2 95 1.0	SW SW	2125 2000	425	1 10	WP 42 1 FXLED18	CF42/2-L FXLED18/1	100 18	0.1	000 000	1,200	120 180	305 (1,720 (\$ 52.95 \$ 313.44	\$ 139.00 \$ 118.75	\$20 \$-	2.6 - 0.4	2.2 0.4
175A 175A	Theater Men's Bathroom	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL F42ILL	3	32 0.0 32 0.0	SW SW	2125 2125	68 68	1	4' 2-LAMP T-8 4' 2-LAMP T-8	F42ILL F42ILL	59 59	0.1	000 000	1,200	71	(-7	(0.0)	\$ (2.36) \$ (2.36)	\$ 118.75 \$ 118.75	\$ 20 \$ 20)	
227	Closet	1	W60CF1	F81EL i100/2	6	50 0.1 00 0.2	SW	2125	128	1	CF42W	CF42/1-L	48	0.0	OCC	1,200	58	70 (0.0	\$ 11.35	\$ 321.25		28.3	26.5
234 175A	Entrance Theater Theater	8	SP 100 W I 2 4' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F42ILL	3	32 0.3	SW	2125	425 544	8	WP 42 1 4' 2-LAMP T-8	CF42/2-L F42ILL	100 59	0.1	000 000	1,200	120 566	305 (22)	(0.2)	\$ 52.95 \$ (18.91)	\$139.00\$118.75	\$ 20) 2.6	2.2
Y 227	Theater Theater	42	I 100 W60CF1	I100/1 F81EL	10	00 4.2 60 0.1	SW SW	2125 2125	8,925 128	42	CF 26 CF42W	CFQ26/1-L CF42/1-L	27 48	1.1 0.0	000 000	1,200 1,200	1,361 58	7,564 3 70 (\$ 1,355.38 \$ 11.35	\$ 1,819.75 \$ 321.25	\$ 1,050 \$ 20) 1.3) 28.3	0.6 26.5
227 23	Stairway Theater Exit Signs	1	W60CF1 X 5 W CF 2	F81EL ECF5/2	6	60 0.1 20 0.2	SW SW	2125 2500	128 450	1	CF42W LED1.5W	CF42/1-L ELED1.5/1	48	0.0	OCC None	1,200 2,500	58	70 416	0.0	\$ 11.35 \$ 74.43	\$ 321.25 \$ 1,154.25	\$ 20 \$ -) 28.3 - 15.5	26.5 15.5
71	Projector Room	4	I 60 SP 100 W I 2	I60/1	6	0.2 60 0.2 00 0.6	SW	2125	510	4	CF 26	CFQ26/1-L	27	0.0	OCC	1,200	130	380	0.1	\$ 66.56	\$ 280.75	\$ 20) 4.2	3.9
	Theater Stage	<u> </u>	4' 4-LAMP T-12	i100/2 F44EL	20	00 0.6 20 1.1	SW SW	500	1,275 540	3 9	WP 42 1 F28T8	CF42/2-L F44SSILL-R	100 86	0.3	OCC None	1,000	300 387	975 (153 (0.3	\$ 167.85 \$ 44.98	\$ 179.50 \$ -	φ 20 \$ 225	0 1.1 5 0.0	1.0 -5.0
35A 180	Kitchen L - 021	3	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F43ILL F44ILL	3	32 0.1 12 0.7	SW SW	2125 2500	204 1,680	3 6	4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W) <mark>T 28 C F 4</mark>	F43ILL F43SSILL	89 72	0.3	OCC None	1,200 2,500	320 1,080	(116) 600 (\ /	\$ (29.77) \$ 107.28	\$ 118.75 \$ 688.50	\$ 20 \$ -) - 6.4	6.4
180 180	L - 021E (Photo Studio) L - 021D	9	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	11	12 1.0 12 0.2	SW SW	2500 2500	2,520 560	9	T 28 C F 4 T 28 C F 4	F43SSILL F43SSILL	72 72	0.6	None None	2,500 2,500	1,620 360	900 200	-	\$ 160.92 \$ 35.76	\$ 1,032.75 \$ 229.50	\$ 225 \$ 50	5 6.4) 6.4	5.0
180	L - 021A L - 021A	2	T 32 R F 4 (ELE) T 32 R F 4 (ELE)	F44ILL F44ILL	11	12 0.2 12 0.7	SW	2125	476	2	T 28 C F 4	F43SSILL F43SSILL	72	0.1	OCC	1,200 1,063	173	303	0.1	\$ 51.24 \$ 55.53	\$ 348.25 \$ 688.50	\$-	- <u>6.8</u> - 12.4	6.8 12.4
180 169	L - 016 Music Room	17	SP 250 MH ROOF	MH250/1		0.7 05 5.0	SW	2125	10,657	17	FXLED78	FXLED78/1	78	0.4	None OCC	1,200	1,591	9,066	3.7	\$ 1,625.46	\$ 000.50 \$ 2,299.00	\$ 20) 1.4	12.4
209A 169	Corridor Outside of Music Room L - 020	<u>9</u> 12	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) SP 250 MH ROOF	FU2ILL MH250/1	3 29	32 0.3 95 3.5	SW SW	1062.5 1062.5	306 3,761	9 12	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) FXLED78	FU2ILL FXLED78/1	59 78	0.5	None None	1,063 1,063	564 995	(258) 2,767	(=)	\$ (56.22) \$ 602.50	\$- \$1,539.00	\$ -	- 2.6	2.6
162A 162A		<u>11</u> 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL F44EL	12 12	20 1.3 20 1.0	SW SW	2125 500	2,805 480	11 8	F28T8 F28T8	F44SSILL-R F44SSILL-R	86 86	0.9	OCC None	1,200 500	1,135 344	1,670 (136 (\$ 277.40 \$ 39.98	\$ 118.75 \$ -	\$20 \$-	0.4	0.4
162A 169	L - 018 L - 009, L - 010, L - 011	8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 SP 250 MH ROOF	F44EL MH250/1	12	1.0	SW SW	500 500	480	8	F28T8 EXLED78	F44SSILL-R FXLED78/1	86	0.7	None None	500	344 468	136 1,302		\$ 39.98 \$ 382.79	\$ - \$ 1,539.00	\$ - \$	- 0.0 - 4.0	0.0
204	L - 010	1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	20	07 0.2	SW	2125	440	1	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE	207	0.0	OCC	1,200	248	191 (0.0	\$ 28.72	\$ 118.75	\$ 20	9 4.1	3.4
169 11A	L - 008 Little Theater L - 008 Closet	2	SP 250 MH ROOF 4' 2-LAMP T-12	MH250/1 F42EL	6	95 2.4 60 0.1	SW SW	1062.5 2125	2,508 255	8	FXLED78 F32T8	FXLED78/1 F42ILL-R	78 52	0.6	None OCC	1,063 1,200	663 125	1,845 130 (\$ 401.67 \$ 20.68	\$ 1,026.00 \$ 118.75		- 2.6 - 5.7	<u>2.6</u> 5.7
11A 71	Women's Bathroom Closet	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12 I 60	F42EL I60/1	6	60 0.2 60 0.1	SW SW	1062.5 2250	255 135	4	F32T8 CF 26	F42ILL-R CFQ26/1-L	52 27	0.2	None None	1,063 2,250	221 61	34 (74 (0.0 0.0	\$ 7.40 \$ 13.51	\$- \$40.50	\$28 \$-	- <u>3.0</u>	-3.8 3.0
71 11A	Closet All Purpose Bathroom	1	I 60 4' 2-LAMP T-12	I60/1 F42EL	6	60 0.1 60 0.1	SW SW	2250 500	135 30	1	CF 26 F32T8	CFQ26/1-L F42ILL-R	27 52	0.0	None None	2,250 500	61 26	74 (0.0	\$ 13.51 \$ 1.18	\$ 40.50 \$ -	\$ - \$	- <u>3.0</u> - <u>0.0</u>	3.0
209A 35A		1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL F43ILL	3	32 0.0 32 0.1	SW SW	520 520	17 67	1	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 4' 3-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL F43ILL	59 89	0.1	None C-OCC	520	31	(14)	\ /	\$ (4.05) \$ (27.26)	\$ - \$ 202.50	\$- \$35	-	
11A	L - 012	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	6	50 0.2 50 0.2	SW	520	125	4	F32T8	F42ILL-R	52	0.2	None	520	108	17	0.0	\$ 4.80	\$ - \$	\$ 100	0.0	-20.8
	L - 012 Kiln Room #2	4	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F82EHE F42EL	6	07 0.2 60 0.2	SW SW	500 4380	104 1,051	4	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' <mark>F32T8</mark>	F82EHE F42ILL-R	207 52	0.2	None None	4,380	104 911	140		\$ - \$ 23.33	\$ -	\$ -	- 0.0	0.0
	Kiln Room #1 Ceramic Studio	2 22	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	6 12	60 0.1 20 2.6	SW SW	4380 8760	526 23,126	2 22	F32T8 F28T8	F42ILL-R F44SSILL-R	52 86	0.1	None None	4,380 8,760	456 16,574	70 (6,552 (\$ 11.66 \$ 1,036.73	<u>\$</u> - \$-	\$- \$-	- 0.0 - 0.0	0.0
204 227	Glaze Room Dance Room	3	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' W60CF1	F82EHE F81EL	20	07 0.6 60 0.4	SW SW	8760 2125	5,440 765	3	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' CF42W	F82EHE CF42/1-L	207 48	0.6	None OCC	8,760	5,440 346	- (419 (0.0 0.1	\$- \$68.09	\$- \$1,333.75	\$- \$170	- 19.6	17.1
61A	Dance Cooridor Dance Cooridor	6	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 1-LAMP T-12	F43EL F41EL	11	15 0.7 32 0.4	SW SW	2125 500	1,466	6	F28T8	F43SSILL-R F41SSILL-R	66 23	0.4	OCC None	1,200	475	991 54		\$ 169.83 \$ 15.88	\$ 118.75 \$	\$ 150 \$ 300	0.7	-0.2 -18.9
11A	Men's Bathroom	4	4' 2-LAMP T-12	F42EL	6	52 0.4 60 0.2	SW	500	120	4	F32T8	F42ILL-R	52	0.0	None	500	104	16	0.0	\$ 4.70	\$ -	\$ 100 \$ 100	0.0	-21.3
61A 209A	L - 005	4	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	3	0.5 0.0	SW SW	8760 500	4,030	4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL	66 59	0.3	None None	8,760 500	2,313 30	1,717 ((14)	(0.0)	\$ 271.66 \$ (3.97)	φ - \$ -	φ 100 \$ 25	0.0	-0.4
61A 71	L - 004A L - 004A BR	3	4' 3-LAMP T-12 I 60	F43EL I60/1	11 6	15 0.3 60 0.1	SW SW	3285 3285	1,133 197	3	F28T8 CF 26	F43SSILL-R CFQ26/1-L	66 27	0.2	000 000	1,825 1,825	361 49	772 (148 (0.0	\$126.38\$24.55	\$118.75\$159.25	\$ 95 \$ 45	0.9 6 6.5	0.2 4.7
11A 162A	Display Case L - 004	3	4' 2-LAMP T-12 4' 4-LAMP T-12	F42EL F44EL	6	60 0.2 20 0.5	SW SW	8760 8760	1,577 4,205	3	F32T8 F28T8	F42ILL-R F44SSILL-R	52 86	0.2	None None	8,760 8,760	1,367 3,013	210 (1,191 (\$ 33.26 \$ 188.50	\$ - \$ -	\$	5 0.0 - 0.0	-2.3 0.0
61A 61A		6	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL		15 0.7 15 0.7	SW	500 2125	345	6	F28T8	F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66 66	0.4	None OCC	500	198	147	0.3	\$ 43.22 \$ 181.71	\$- \$118.75	\$ 150 \$ 150	0.0 0.0 0.7	-3.5
162A	Men's Bathroom	1	4' 4-LAMP T-12	F44EL	12	20 0.1	SW	500	60	1	F2818 F28T8	F44SSILL-R	86	0.4	None	500	43	17 (0.0	\$ 5.00	\$ -	\$ 25	5 0.0	-0.2
162A 11A	L - 003	1 8	4' 4-LAMP T-12 4' 2-LAMP T-12	F44EL F42EL	12	20 0.1 50 0.5	SW SW	2000 2000	240 960	1 8	F32T8	F44SSILL-R F42ILL-R	86 52	0.1	OCC None	1,000 2,000	86 832	154 (128 (0.1	\$ 25.55 \$ 23.81	\$ 118.75 \$ -	> 25 \$ 200	5 4.6 0 0.0	-8.4
11A 71	Mechanical Room Mechanical Room	7	4' 2-LAMP T-12 I 60	F42EL I60/1	6	60 0.4 60 0.1	SW SW	500 8760	210 526	7	F32T8 CF 26	F42ILL-R CFQ26/1-L	52 27	0.4	None OCC	500 2,000	182 54	28 (472 (-	\$ 8.23 \$ 73.12	\$ - \$ 159.25	\$ 175 \$ 45	5 0.0 5 2.2	-21.3 1.6
209A	Ext Boiler Room L - 002	4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL FU2ILL	3	32 0.1 32 0.0	SW SW	500 500	64 16	4	2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W) 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	FU2ILL FU2ILL	59 59	0.2	None None	500 500		(54)		\$ (15.88) \$ (3.97)	\$-	\$ 100 \$ 25		
61A	L - 002A	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL	11	15 0.2	SW	8760 2000	2,015	2	F28T8	F43SSILL-R	66	0.1	OCC	2,000	264	1,751	0.1	\$ 269.68	\$ 118.75 ¢	\$ 50 \$ 50	0.4	0.3
61A		2	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL		15 0.2 15 0.2	SW SW	8760	460 2,015	2	F2818 F28T8	F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66 66	0.1	None None	2,000 8,760	264 1,156	196 (858 (0.1	\$ 36.46 \$ 135.83		φ 50 \$ 50	0.0	-1.4 -0.4
	L - 002D Cooridor	<u> </u>	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	11 3	15 0.2 32 0.3	SW SW	2000 4380	460 1,261	2 9	F28T8 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL	66 59	0.1	000 000	1,000	132 1,062	328 (199 (\$ 56.26 \$ 12.42	\$118.75\$118.75	\$ 70 \$ 245	2.1 5 9.6	0.9 -10.2
204		28	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE F82EHE	20	07 5.8 07 0.4	SW SW	4380 4380	25,386 1,813	28 2	S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8' S 96 P F 2 (MAG) 8'	F82EHE F82EHE	207 207	5.8 0.4	230-2 230	2,000	11,592 828	13,794 (985 (\$ 2,069.17 \$ 147.80	\$ 202.50 \$ 118.75		5 0.1) 0.8	-0.3 0.3
61A	Electrical Supply Room Cooridor	3	4' 3-LAMP T-12 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43EL FU2ILL	20	15 0.3 12 0.4	SW SW SW	520 520	179	3	F28T8 2' 2-LAMP T-8 (32W)	F43SSILL-R FU2ILL	66 59	0.2	000 00-0 000	390	77	102 (76)	0.1	\$ 25.91 \$ (34.79)	\$ 202.50 \$ 118.75	\$ 110) 7.8	3.6
61A	L - 015.5 Storage	2	4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL		15 0.2	SW	2500	575	2	F28T8	F43SSILL-R	66	0.1	None	2,500	330	245	0.1	\$ 43.81	\$-	\$-	- 0.0	0.0
	L - 014	4	4' 3-LAMP T-12 4' 3-LAMP T-12	F43EL F43EL	11	15 0.5 15 0.5	SW SW	2125 2125	978 978	4	F28T8 F28T8	F43SSILL-R F43SSILL-R	66 66	0.3	000 000	1,200 1,200	317 317	661 (661 (0.2 0.2	\$ 113.22 \$ 113.22		\$ 100) 1.0	0.0 0.2
	Exterior Lighting Exterior Lighting	2 13	High Bay MH 400 HPS 200	MH400/1 HPS200/1		58 0.9 50 3.3	SW SW	1125 2500	1,031 8,125	2 13	P 54 C F 4 FXLED78	FC20 FXLED78/1	20 78	0.0	None None	1,125 2,500	45 2,535	986 5,590		\$ 210.90 \$ 999.49	\$ 600.00 \$ -	\$ 14 \$ 325	2.8 0.0	2.8 -0.3
9A	Exterior Lighting Exterior Lighting Exterior Lighting	3	High Bay MH 200 35 Feet High	MH200/1 I60/1		32 0.7 60 0.1	SW SW SW	2500 2250 2250	1,566	3	FXLED78 CF 26	FXLED78/1 CFQ26/1-L	78	0.2	C-OCC C-OCC	1,000	234	1,332	0.5	\$ 233.06 \$ 37.15	\$ 202.50) 0.9 - 7.6	0.4
								2200	210	۷.	0. 20		<u> </u>			1,000	J4	210		Ψ 07.10			7.0	1.0

Cost of Electricity: \$0.150 \$/kWh \$6.00 \$/kW

Energy Audit of Camden County College (Lincoln Hall) CHA Project No. 24364 ECM-10 Lighting Replacements with Lighting Controls (Occupancy Sensors)

Cost of E

				EXISTING CONI	DITIONS				-			RETROFIT C	ONDITION	S					CC	<mark>DST & SAVI</mark>	INGS ANALYS	SIS SIS		
	Area Description	No. of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	NYSERDA Fixture Code	Watts per	kW/Space	Exist Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Number of Fixtures	Standard Fixture Code	Fixture Code	Watts per Fixture	kW/Space	Retrofit Control	Annual Hours	Annual kWh	Annual kWh Saved	Annual kW Saved	Annual \$ Saved	Retrofit Cost	NJ Smart Start Lighting Incentive	Simple Payback With Out Incentive	Simple Payback
ield U ode	Jnique description of the location - Room number/Room	No. of fixtures before the	"Lighting Fixture Code" Example 2T 40 R F(U) = 2'x2' Troff 40 w Recess. Floor 2 lamps U shape	Code from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	I Value from Table of Standard Fixture Wattages	-	Pre-inst. control device	Estimated daily hours for the usage group	/ (kW/space) * (Annual Hours)			Code from Table of Standard Fixture		(Watts/Fixt) * (Number of Fixtures)	Retrofit control		* (Annual	kWh) - (Retrofit	(Original Annual kW) - (Retrofit Annual kW)	` '		Prescriptive Lighting	Length of time	Length of time for renovations cost be recovered
Т	Fotal	606				70.6			179,383	606				45.4			90,287	d Sovingo	25.2	15,180	21,761	6,872		
																	kWh	d Savings Savings Savings		25.2 89,100	\$1,816 \$13,365 \$15,200		1.4	

Electricity:	\$0.150 \$/kWh	
	\$6.00 \$/kW	

APPENDIX D

New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program

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RESIDENTIAL

Pay for Performance - Existing Buildings

Download program applications and incentive forms.

The Greater the Savings, the Greater Your Incentives

Take a comprehensive, whole-building approach to saving energy in your existing facilities and eam incentives that are directly linked to your savings. Pay for Performance relies on a network of

program partners who provide technical services under direct contract to you. Acting as your energy expert, your partner will develop an energy reduction plan for each project with a whole-building technical component of a traditional energy audit, a financial plan for funding the energy efficient measures and a construction schedule for installation.

COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Eligibility



Existing commercial, industrial and institutional buildings with a peak demand over 100 kW for any of the preceding twelve months are eligible to participate including hotels and casinos, large office buildings, multifamily buildings, supermarkets, manufacturing facilities, schools, shopping malls and restaurants. Buildings that fall into the following five customer classes are not required to meet the 100 kW demand in order

to participate in the program: hospitals, public colleges and universities, 501(c)(3) non-profits, affordable multifamily housing, and local governmental entities. Your energy reduction plan must define a comprehensive package of measures capable of reducing the existing energy consumption of your building by 15% or more.

Exceptions to the 15% threshold requirement may be made for certain industrial, manufacturing, water treatment and datacenter building types whose annual energy consumption is heavily weighted on process loads. Details are available in the high energy intensity section of the FAQ page.

ENERGY STAR Portfolio Manager

Pay for Performance takes advantage of the ENERGY STAR Program with Portfolio Manager, EPA's interactive tool that allows facility managers to track and evaluate energy and water consumption across all of their buildings. The tool provides the opportunity to load in the characteristics and energy usage of your buildings and determine an energy performance benchmark score. You can then assess energy management goals over time, identify strategic

opportunities for savings, and receive EPA recognition for superior energy performance.

This rating system assesses building performance by tracking and scoring energy use in your facilities and comparing it to similar buildings. That can be a big help in locating opportunities for cost-justified energy efficiency upgrades. And, based on our findings, you may be invited to participate in the Building Performance with ENERGY STAR initiative and receive special recognition as an industry leader in energy efficiency.

Incentives

Pay for Performance incentives are awarded upon the satisfactory completion of three program milestones:

Incentive #1 - Submittal of complete energy reduction plan prepared by an approved program partner - Contingent on moving forward, incentives will be between \$5,000 and \$50,000 based on approximately \$.10 per square foot, not to exceed 50% of the facility's

annual energy expense. Incentive #2 - Installation of recommended measures -Incentives are based on the projected level of electricity and natural gas savings resulting from the installation of comprehensive energy-efficiency measures. Incentive #3 - Completion of Post-Construction Benchmarking Report - A completed report verifying



ENERGY STAF

implementation results. Incentives for electricity and natural gas savings will be paid based on actual savings, provided that the minimum performance threshold of 15% savings has been achieved



energy reductions based on one year of post-

RENEWABL

Program

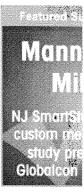
Large Scale CHI

Program Annour 2012 Large Ene

Announcement

Economic Devel

Introduces Revo Pay for Performa Incentives Now . Screw-in Lamos Other updates pos







Follow Us:

CONTACT US

A detailed Incentive Structure document is available on the applications and forms page.

Energy Efficiency Revolving Loan Fund (EE RLF)

New Jersey-based commercial, institutional or industrial entities (including 501(c)(3) organizations) that have received an approved energy reduction plan under Pay for Performance may be eligible for supplemental financing through the EE RLF. The financing, in the form of low-interest loans, can be used to support up to 80% of total eligible project costs, not to exceed \$2.5 million or 100% of total eligible project costs from all public state funding sources. Visit the NJ EDA website for details.

Steps to Participation

Click here for a step-by-step description of the program.

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http://www.njcleanenergy.com/commercial-industrial/programs/pay-performance/existing-... 5/30/2012







2012 PAY FOR PERFORMANCE PROGRAM Existing Buildings Incentive Structure

Incentive #1: Energy Reduction Plan

Incentive Amount:......\$0.10 per sq ft Minimum Incentive:.....\$5,000 Maximum Incentive:......\$50,000 or 50% of facility annual energy cost (whichever is less)

This incentive is designed to offset the cost of services associated with the development of the Energy Reduction Plan (ERP) and is paid upon ERP approval. Incentive is contingent on implementation of recommended measures outlined in the ERP.

Incentive #2: Installation of Recommended Measures

Minimum	Performance	Target:	15%
		~	

<u>Electric Incentives</u>	<u>Gas Incentives</u>
Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.09 per projected kWh saved	Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.90 per projected Therm saved
For each % over 15% add:\$0.005 per projected kWh saved	For each % over 15% add:\$0.05 per projected Therm saved
Maximum Incentive:	Maximum Incentive:\$1.25 per projected Therm saved
Incentive Cap:	

This incentive is based on projected energy savings outlined in the ERP. Incentive is paid upon successful installation of recommended measures.

Incentive #3: Post-Construction Benchmarking Report

Minimum Performance Target:15%									
Electric Incentives	Gas Incentives								
Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.09 per actual kWh saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.005 per actual kWh saved Maximum Incentive:\$0.11 per actual kWh saved	Base Incentive based on 15% savings:\$0.90 per actual Therm saved For each % over 15% add:\$0.05 per actual Therm saved Maximum Incentive:								
Incentive Cap:									

This incentive will be released upon submittal of a Post-Construction Benchmarking Report that verifies that the level of savings actually achieved by the installed measures meets or exceeds the minimum performance threshold. To validate the savings and achievement of the Energy Target, the EPA Portfolio Manager shall be used. Savings should be rounded to the nearest percent. Total value of Incentive #2 and Incentive #3 may not exceed 50% of the total project cost. Incentives will be limited to \$1 million per gas and electric account per building; maximum of \$2 million per project. See Participation Agreement for details.

Camden County College Blackwood Campus- NJBPU CHA Project #24364 Lincoln Hall

New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program

Note: The following calculation is based on the New Jersey Pay For Performance Incentive Program per April, 2012. Building must have a minimum average electric demand of 100 kW. This minimum is waived for buildings owned by local governements or non-profit organizations.

Values used in this calculation are for measures with a positive return on investment (ROI) only.

Total Building Area (Square Feet)	41,500
Is this audit funded by NJ BPU (Y/N)	Yes
Board of Public Utilites (BPU)	

Incentive	e #1	
Audit is funded by NJ BPU	\$0.10	\$/sqft

	Annual	Utilities				
	kWh	Therms				
Existing Cost (from utility)	\$54,016	\$6,161				
Existing Usage (from utility)	404,524	9,561				
Proposed Savings	91,600	700				
Existing Total MMBtus	2,3	337				
Proposed Savings MMBtus	383					
% Energy Reduction	16.4%					
Proposed Annual Savings	\$13,300					

	Min (Savings = 15%)		Increase (Sa	vings > 15%)	Max Inco	entive	Achieved Incentive	
	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm	\$/kWh	\$/therm
Incentive #2	\$0.09	\$0.90	\$0.005	\$0.05	\$0.11	\$1.25	\$0.10	\$0.97
Incentive #3	\$0.09	\$0.90	\$0.005	\$0.05	\$0.11	\$1.25	\$0.10	\$0.97

		Incentives \$				
	Elec	Elec Gas Total				
Incentive #1	\$0	\$0	\$4,150			
Incentive #2	\$8,874	\$679	\$9,553			
Incentive #3	\$8,874	\$679	\$9,553			
Total All Incentives	\$17,749	\$1,357	\$23,256			

Total Project Cost	\$20,200			
		Allowable Incentive		
% Incentives #1 of Utility Cost*	6.9%	\$4,150		
% Incentives #2 of Project Cost**	47.3%	\$6,060		
% Incentives #3 of Project Cost**	47.3%	\$6,060		
Total Eligible Incentives***	\$16,270			
Project Cost w/ Incentives	\$3,930			

Project Payback (years)							
w/o Incentives	w/ Incentives						
1.5	0.3						

 * Maximum allowable incentive is 50% of annual utility cost if not funded by NJ BPU, and %25 if it is.

** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 is 25% of total project cost.

Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #3 is 25% of total project cost.

*** Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #1 is \$50,000 if not funded by NJ BPU, and \$25,000 if it is.

Maximum allowable amount of Incentive #2 & #3 is \$1 million per gas account and \$1 million per electric account; maximum 2 million per project

APPENDIX E

Energy Savings Improvement Plan (ESIP)



C A

Your Power to Save

At Home, for Business, and for the Future

номе	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT	RENEWABLE ENERGY			
	Llong » Commercial & Industrial » Dragrama		Program Updates			
BPU (Home » Commercial & Industrial » Programs Energy Savings Improveme	nt Plan	Board Order - Standby Charges for Distributed Generation Customers			
	facilities and pay for the costs using the value of improvements. Under the recently enacted Chap Savings Improvement Program" (ESIP), provides	ows government agencies to make energy related improvements to their r the costs using the value of energy savings that result from the ler the recently enacted Chapter 4 of the Laws of 2009 (the law), the "Energy ant Program" (ESIP), provides all government agencies in New Jersey with a				
DMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL ID LOCAL GOVERNMENT	flexible tool to improve and reduce energy usage resources.	with minimal expenditure of new financial	Other updates posted.			
PROGRAMS	This Local Finance Notice outlines how local gov for their facilities. Below are two sample RFPs:	vernments can develop and implement an ESIP	Featured Success Story			
PAY FOR PERFORMANCE	 Local Government School Districts (K-12) 		Rutgers			
COMBINED HEAT & POWER AND	The Board also adopted protocols to measure en	nergy savings.	University:			
FUEL CELLS	The ESIP approach may not be appropriate for a		Oniversity.			
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ENERGY	improvements. Local units should carefully cons best meets their needs. Local units considering Finance Notice, the law, and consult with qualifie approach the task.	Continued Commitment to Saving Energy				
LARGE ENERGY USERS PILOT	FIRST STEP - ENERGY AUDI	т	Suving Energy			
ENERGY SAVINGS IMPROVEMENT PLAN	For local governments interested in pursuing an As explained in the Local Finance Notice, this m	ESIP, the first step is to perform an energy audit. ay be done internally if an agency has qualified	Applications			
DIRECT INSTALL	staff to conduct the audit. If not, the audit must b not by the energy savings company producing th	e implemented by an independent contractor and e Energy Reduction Plan.	and Brochures			
ENERGY BENCHMARKING	Pursuing a Local Government Energy Audit throuvaluable first step to the ESIP approach - and it's		program materials.			
T-12 SCHOOLS LIGHTING INITIATIVE	the audit.		@			
OIL, PROPANE & MUNICIPAL	ENERGY REDUCTION PLANS					
ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS	If you have an ESIP plan you would like to subm to ESIP@bpu.state.nj.us. Please limit the file size		SIGN UP TODAY!			
EDA PROGRAMS	Frankford Township School District	Like Cohool				
TEACH	 Northern Hunterdon-Voorhees Regiona Manalapan Township (180 MB - Right (Follow Us:			
ARRA						
TECHNOLOGIES						
TOOLS AND RESOURCES						
PROGRAM UPDATES						
CONTACT US						
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APPENDIX F

Solar Photovoltaic Analysis

Camden County college Lincoln Hall

Cost of Electricity	\$0.131	/kWh
Electricity Usage	400,600	kWh/yr
System Unit Cost	\$4,000	/kW

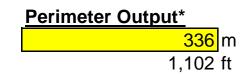
Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Power Generation - Screening Assessment

Budgetary Cost		Annual Utility Savings			Estimated Maintenance	Total Savings	Federal Tax Credit	New Jersey Renewable ** SREC	Payback (without incentive)	Payback (with incentive)
COSI					Maintenance	Savings	Cleuit	SKLU	incentive)	incentive)
					Savings					
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$680,000	170.0	217,223	0	\$28,456	0	\$28,456	\$0	\$17,378	23.9	14.8

** Estimated Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) SREC for 15 Years= \$80 /1000kwh



3,411 m2 36,710 ft2



Available Roof Space for PV:

(Area Output - 10 ft x Perimeter) x 85% 21,836 ft2

Approximate System Size:

8 watt/ft2 174,692 DC watts Is the roof flat? (Yes/No) Yes



170 kW Enter into PV Watts

PV Watts Inputs*		Enter into PV Watts (always 20 if flat, if			
Array Tilt Angle	20	pitched - enter estimated roof angle)			
Array Azimuth	180	Enter into PV Watts (default)			
Zip Code	08012	Enter into PV Watts			
DC/AC Derate Factor	0.83	Enter info PV Watts			

PV Watts Output

217,223 annual kWh calculated in PV Watts program

% Offset Calc

Usage PV Generation % offset 400,600 (from utilities) 217,223 (generated using PV Watts) 54%

* http://www.freemaptools.com/area-calculator.htm **http://www.flettexchange.com



Lincoln Hall (Camden County College)

Station Identification			Results					
0267373		Month	Solar Radiation	AC	Energy			
New Jersey		Within	(kWh/m ² /day)	(kWh)	Value (\$)			
39.8 ° N		1	2.71	11913	1560.60			
74.8 ° W		2	3.50	14025	1837.28			
18		3	4.81	20552	2692.31			
170.0 kW		4	5.27	21251	2783.88			
0.830		5	5.81	23589	3090.16			
141.1 kW	Ĩ	6	6.13	23323	3055.31			
Fixed Tilt	1	7	5.76	22436	2939.12			
20.0 °	Ĩ	8	5.63	21844	2861.56			
180.0 °		9	5.03	19311	2529.74			
		10	4.04	16627	2178.14			
13.1 ¢/kWh	1	11	2.90		1552.87			
	4	12	2.46	10496	1374.98			
		Year	4.51	217223	28456.21			
	_							
nce Data		Output Results as Text						
(Gridded data is monthly, hourly output not available.)				Saving Text from a Browser				
her location		Run PVWATTS v.1						
	0267373 New Jersey 39.8 ° N 74.8 ° W 170.0 kW 0.830 141.1 kW Fixed Tilt 20.0 ° 180.0 °	0267373 New Jersey 39.8 ° N 74.8 ° W ns 170.0 kW 0.830 141.1 kW Fixed Tilt 20.0 ° 180.0 ° 13.1 ¢/kWh	0267373 Month New Jersey 39.8 ° N 39.8 ° N 1 74.8 ° W 2 ns 3 170.0 kW 4 0.830 5 141.1 kW 6 Fixed Tilt 7 20.0 ° 8 180.0 ° 9 10 11 13.1 ¢/kWh 12 Year Year	0267373 Month Solar Radiation (kWh/m²/day) 39.8 ° N 1 2.71 74.8 ° W 2 3.50 ns 3 4.81 170.0 kW 4 5.27 0.830 5 5.81 141.1 kW 6 6.13 Fixed Tilt 7 5.76 20.0 ° 8 5.63 180.0 ° 9 5.03 10 4.04 11 12 2.46 Year 4.51	0267373 Month Solar Radiation (kWh/m²/day) AC Energy (kWh) 39.8 ° N 1 2.71 11913 74.8 ° W 2 3.50 14025 NS 3 4.81 20552 170.0 kW 4 5.27 21251 0.830 5 5.81 23323 141.1 kW 6 6.13 23323 7 5.76 22436 20.0 ° 8 5.63 21844 9 5.03 19311 10 4.04 16627 11 2.90 11854 13.1 ¢/kWh 12 2.46 10496 Year 4.51 217223			

Please send questions and comments to Webmaster Disclaimer and copyright notice.

RReDC home page (*http://rredc.nrel.gov*)

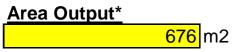
Camden County college Lincoln Hall

Cost of Electricity	\$0.131	/kWh
Electricity Usage	400,600	kWh/yr
System Unit Cost	\$4,000	/kW

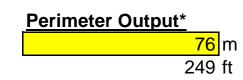
Photovoltaic (PV) Solar Power Generation - Screening Assessment

Budgetary	Annual Utility Savings			Estimated	Total	Federal Tax	New Jersey Renewable	Payback (without	Payback (with	
Cost					Maintenance	Savings	Credit	** SREC	incentive)	incentive)
					Savings					
\$	kW	kWh	therms	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Years	Years
\$80,000	20.0	25,938	0	\$3,398	0	\$3,398	\$0	\$2,075	23.5	14.6

** Estimated Solar Renewable Energy Certificate Program (SREC) SREC for 15 Years= \$80 /1000kwh



7,276 ft2

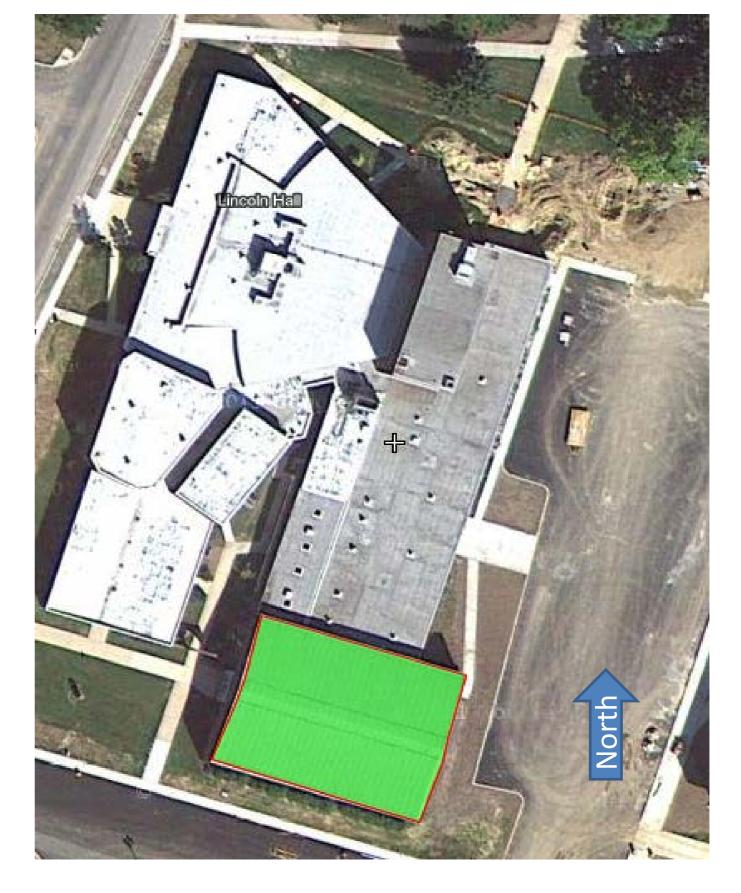


Available Roof Space for PV: (Area Output - 10 ft x Perimeter) x 50% 2,395 ft2

Approximate System Size:

Is the roof flat? (Yes/No) No

11.5	watt/ft2
27,540	DC watts



20 k	ŚŴ	Enter into PV Watts
------	----	---------------------

PV Watts Inputs*	Enter into PV Watts (always 20 if flat, if	
Array Tilt Angle	40	pitched - enter estimated roof angle)
Array Azimuth	180	Enter into PV Watts (default)
Zip Code	08012	Enter into PV Watts
DC/AC Derate Factor	0.83	Enter info PV Watts

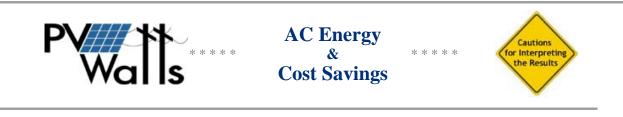
PV Watts Output

25,938 annual kWh calculated in PV Watts program

% Offset Calc

Usage PV Generation % offset 400,600 (from utilities) 25,938 (generated using PV Watts) 6%

* http://www.freemaptools.com/area-calculator.htm **http://www.flettexchange.com



Lincoln Hall - Pitched Roof (Camden County College)

Station Identification			Results			
Cell ID:	0267373		Month	Solar Radiation	AC Energy	Energy Value
State:	New Jersey			(kWh/m²/day)	(kWh)	(\$)
Latitude:	39.8 ° N		1	3.22	1689	221.26
Longitude:	74.8 ° W		2	3.92	1854	242.87
PV System Specifications	6		3	5.03	2527	331.04
DC Rating:	20.0 kW		4	5.15	2429	318.20
DC to AC Derate Factor:	0.830	1	5	5.39	2538	332.48
AC Rating:	16.6 kW	il	6	5.52	2440	319.64
Array Type:	Fixed Tilt	i	7	5.27	2388	312.83
Array Tilt:	40.0 °		8	5.39	2441	319.77
Array Azimuth:	180.0 °		9	5.17	2327	304.84
Energy Specifications			10	4.47	2165	283.62
Cost of Electricity:	13.1 ¢/kWh	il	11	3.37	1638	214.58
		4	12	2.96	1502	196.76
			Year	4.57	25938	3397.88
Output Hourly Performance Data			Output Results as Text			
(Gridded data is monthly, hourly output not available.)			Saving Text from a Browser			
Run PVWATTS v.2 for another location			Run PVWATTS v.1			

Please send questions and comments to Webmaster Disclaimer and copyright notice.

RReDC home page (*http://rredc.nrel.gov*)

APPENDIX G

EPA Portfolio Manager



STATEMENT OF ENERGY PERFORMANCE Lincoln Hall

Building ID: 3251856 For 12-month Period Ending: April 30, 20121 Date SEP becomes ineligible: N/A

N/A

Facility Owner

Date SEP Generated: November 08, 2012

Primary Contact for this Facility

N/A

Facility Lincoln Hall College Drive Blackwood, NJ 08012

Year Built: 1954 Gross Floor Area (ft2): 41,504

Energy Performance Rating² (1-100) N/A

Site Energy Use Summary³

Electricity - Grid Purchase(kBtu) Natural Gas (kBtu) ⁴ Total Energy (kBtu)	629,146 1,037,445 1,666,591
Energy Intensity ⁴ Site (kBtu/ft²/yr) Source (kBtu/ft²/yr)	40 77
Emissions (based on site energy use) Greenhouse Gas Emissions (MtCO ₂ e/year)	144
Electric Distribution Utility Atlantic City Electric Co [Pepco Holdings Inc]	
National Median Comparison National Median Site EUI National Median Source EUI % Difference from National Median Source EUI Building Type	104 244 -68% College/University (Campus-Level)

Meets Industry Standards ⁵ for Indoor Environmental Conditions:		
Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality	N/A	
Acceptable Thermal Environmental Conditions	N/A	
Adequate Illumination	N/A	

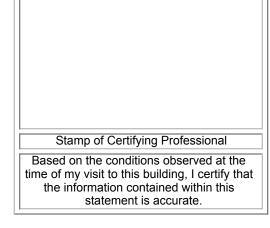
Certifying Professional

Notes:

1. Application for the ENERGY STAR must be submitted to EPA within 4 months of the Period Ending date. Award of the ENERGY STAR is not final until approval is received from EPA.

Application for the ENERGY STAR into the Participation of the Participation of the Participation of the ENERGY STAR is not interaction approval is received in the Participation of the P

The government estimates the average time needed to fill out this form is 6 hours (includes the time for entering energy data, Licensed Professional facility inspection, and notarizing the SEP) and welcomes suggestions for reducing this level of effort. Send comments (referencing OMB control number) to the Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S., EPA (2822T), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20460.



N/A

ENERGY STAR[®] Data Checklist for Commercial Buildings

In order for a building to qualify for the ENERGY STAR, a Professional Engineer (PE) or a Registered Architect (RA) must validate the accuracy of the data underlying the building's energy performance rating. This checklist is designed to provide an at-a-glance summary of a property's physical and operating characteristics, as well as its total energy consumption, to assist the PE or RA in double-checking the information that the building owner or operator has entered into Portfolio Manager.

Please complete and sign this checklist and include it with the stamped, signed Statement of Energy Performance.

NOTE: You must check each box to indicate that each value is correct, OR include a note.

CRITERION	VALUE AS ENTERED IN PORTFOLIO MANAGER	VERIFICATION QUESTIONS	NOTES	
Building Name	Lincoln Hall	Is this the official building name to be displayed in the ENERGY STAR Registry of Labeled Buildings?		
Туре	College/University (Campus-Level)	Is this an accurate description of the space in question?		
Location	College Drive, Blackwood, NJ 08012	Is this address accurate and complete? Correct weather normalization requires an accurate zip code.		
Single Structure	Single Facility	Does this SEP represent a single structure? SEPs cannot be submitted for multiple-building campuses (with the exception of a hospital, k-12 school, hotel and senior care facility) nor can they be submitted as representing only a portion of a building.		
Building (Other)				
CRITERION	VALUE AS ENTERED IN PORTFOLIO MANAGER	VERIFICATION QUESTIONS	NOTES	
Gross Floor Area	41,504 Sq. Ft.	Does this square footage include all supporting functions such as kitchens and break rooms used by staff, storage areas, administrative areas, elevators, stairwells, atria, vent shafts, etc. Also note that existing atriums should only include the base floor area that it occupies. Interstitial (plenum) space between floors should not be included in the total. Finally gross floor area is not the same as leasable space. Leasable space is a subset of gross floor area.		
Number of PCs	N/A(Optional)	Is this the number of personal computers in the space?		
Weekly operating hours	N/A(Optional)	Is this the total number of hours per week that the space is 75% occupied? This number should exclude hours when the facility is occupied only by maintenance, security, or other support personnel. For facilities with a schedule that varies during the year, "operating hours/week" refers to the total weekly hours for the schedule most often followed.		
Workers on Main Shift	N/A(Optional)	Is this the number of employees present during the main shift? Note this is not the total number of employees or visitors who are in a building during an entire 24 hour period. For example, if there are two daily 8 hour shifts of 100 workers each, the Workers on Main Shift value is 100.		

ENERGY STAR[®] Data Checklist for Commercial Buildings

Energy Consumption

Power Generation Plant or Distribution Utility: Atlantic City Electric Co [Pepco Holdings Inc]

NA		
Į.	eter: 83431473 (kWh (thousand Watt-ho Space(s): Entire Facility Generation Method: Grid Purchase	urs))
Start Date	End Date	Energy Use (kWh (thousand Watt-hours)
03/26/2012	04/25/2012	13,783.19
02/26/2012	03/25/2012	13,422.16
01/26/2012	02/25/2012	15,279.00
12/26/2011	01/25/2012	13,107.67
11/26/2011	12/25/2011	13,474.80
10/26/2011	11/25/2011	14,724.13
09/26/2011	10/25/2011	14,162.81
08/26/2011	09/25/2011	18,434.73
07/26/2011	08/25/2011	17,699.55
06/26/2011	07/25/2011	18,718.31
05/26/2011	06/25/2011	16,681.30
3431473 Consumption (kWh (thousand Wa	tt-hours))	169,487.65
3431473 Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu))	578,291.86
Fotal Electricity (Grid Purchase) Consumpti	on (IrPatic (thousand Patic))	
	on (KBlu (lhousand Blu))	578,291.86
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c	"	578,291.86
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters?	"	578,291.86
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters?	"	578,291.86
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters?	onsumption at this building including all Meter: 514828 (therms)	Energy Use (therms)
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility	
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date	Energy Use (therms)
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 477.92
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): Entire Facility End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07 2,727.58
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07 2,727.58 1,443.45
Sthis the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011 10/24/2011	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011 11/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07 2,727.58 1,443.45 636.95
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 11/24/2011 10/24/2011 09/24/2011	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 01/23/2012 12/23/2011 11/23/2011 10/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07 2,727.58 1,443.45 636.95 101.87
s this the total Electricity (Grid Purchase) c Electricity meters? Fuel Type: Natural Gas Start Date 03/24/2012 02/24/2012 01/24/2012 12/24/2011 10/24/2011 09/24/2011 08/24/2011	Meter: 514828 (therms) Space(s): End Date 04/23/2012 03/23/2012 02/23/2012 01/23/2012 01/23/2012 11/23/2011 10/23/2011 09/23/2011	Energy Use (therms) Energy Use (therms) 477.92 1,109.31 2,256.07 2,727.58 1,443.45 636.95 101.87 0.00

514828 Consumption (therms)	9,560.71
514828 Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu))	956,071.00
Total Natural Gas Consumption (kBtu (thousand Btu))	956,071.00
Is this the total Natural Gas consumption at this building including all Natural Gas meters?	

Additional Fuels	
Do the fuel consumption totals shown above represent the total energy use of this building? Please confirm there are no additional fuels (district energy, generator fuel oil) used in this facility.	
On-Site Solar and Wind Energy	

Do the fuel consumption totals shown above include all on-site solar and/or wind power located at	
your facility? Please confirm that no on-site solar or wind installations have been omitted from this	
list. All on-site systems must be reported.	

Certifying Professional

(When applying for the ENERGY STAR, the Certifying Professional must be the same PE or RA that signed and stamped the SEP.)

_

Name: ______ Date: _____

Signature: _____

Signature is required when applying for the ENERGY STAR.

FOR YOUR RECORDS ONLY. DO NOT SUBMIT TO EPA.

Please keep this Facility Summary for your own records; do not submit it to EPA. Only the Statement of Energy Performance (SEP), Data Checklist and Letter of Agreement need to be submitted to EPA when applying for the ENERGY STAR.

Facility Lincoln Hall College Drive Blackwood, NJ 08012 Facility Owner N/A

Primary Contact for this Facility N/A

General Information

Lincoln Hall	
Gross Floor Area Excluding Parking: (ft ²)	41,504
Year Built	1954
For 12-month Evaluation Period Ending Date:	April 30, 2012

Facility Space Use Summary

Building		
Space Type	Other - College/University (Campus-Level)	
Gross Floor Area (ft2)	41,504	
Number of PCs °	N/A	
Weekly operating hours °	N/A	
Workers on Main Shift °	N/A	

Energy Performance Comparison

	Evaluation Periods		Comparisons		
Performance Metrics	Current (Ending Date 04/30/2012)	Baseline (Ending Date 04/30/2012)	Rating of 75	Target	National Median
Energy Performance Rating	N/A	N/A	75	N/A	N/A
Energy Intensity		·	,		
Site (kBtu/ft2)	40	40	0	N/A	104
Source (kBtu/ft ²)	77	77	0	N/A	244
Energy Cost					
\$/year	\$ 27,208.65	\$ 27,208.65	N/A	N/A	\$ 70,478.20
\$/ft²/year	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.66	N/A	N/A	\$ 1.71
Greenhouse Gas Emissions					
MtCO ₂ e/year	144	144	0	N/A	373
kgCO ₂ e/ft²/year	3	3	0	N/A	8

More than 50% of your building is defined as College/University (Campus-Level). This building is currently ineligible for a rating. Please note the National Median column represents the CBECS national median data for College/University (Campus-Level). This building uses 68% less energy per square foot than the CBECS national median for College/University (Campus-Level).

Notes:

o - This attribute is optional.

d - A default value has been supplied by Portfolio Manager.